

# Sedalia Evening Democrat.

NEW SERIES.

SEDALIA, MISSOURI, THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 21, 1894.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS.

## "JIMMIE" RESIGNED

The Receivership, as Requested by His Attorneys.

SENT IT TO JUDGE FIELD.

John Montgomery, Jr., Receives a Message from the Late Cashier of the First National.

ECKELS AND LATIMER.

They Met in Chicago Yesterday by Appointment and Had a Pleasant Conference.

MR. LATIMER TO RETURN.

Judge Hoy Renders a Decision Growing Out of the Departure of Mr. Thompson.

James C. Thompson, the absconding cashier of the First National bank, has resigned the receivership of the Sedalia, Warsaw and Southwestern railway. He did so by telegraph yesterday, the message being sent direct to Judge Richard Field at Lexington.

"Jimmie" then wired John Montgomery, jr., the news of his resignation, this being the first telegram that has been received in Sedalia from the fugitive since he left here on the 4th of May.

The telegram asking for Mr. Thompson's resignation was sent by Jackson & Montgomery on Tuesday, so it will be seen that their request was promptly complied with.

As to whether or not a successor will be named in the near future for the vacated position is a question that no one appears prepared to answer.

Latimer and Eckels Meet.

Examiner Thorne received a message last night from Receiver Latimer, dated Chicago, in which he stated that he had met Comptroller Eckels there during the day, by appointment, and had a very satisfactory conference with him. Mr. Latimer will return to Sedalia on Tuesday next to resume his duties at the First National, and Examiner Thorne will then return to Lincoln, Neb., where he has a bad case of bank failure to straighten out.

Harry Servant's Pharmacy,  
508 Ohio Street.

## Complimentary

We are going to dispense with our compliments next

Friday Evening, 22nd,

FROM 8 TO 10 O'CLOCK, AT THE

Arlington Fountain.

Our most popular Phosphates:

Orange, Mint, Grape, Wild Cherry and Claret

WE don't call this an opening, but its our treat, and we don't know of anything that would be more appreciated these hot evenings than our Sparkling, Invigorating Phosphates. We shall dispense these Phosphates only, for the reason that everybody likes them and the limited time prevents us from making all of our 128 drinks. Its our time to "set 'em up," we say, and we want our patrons and friends—the more the merrier—to come and drink with us. There will be no limit to how much or how often you drink in these two hours. We would say have anything the Arlington produces, but we can prepare Phosphates with greater rapidity than the other beverages, and we are going to try to wait on everybody; at any rate our Phosphates please all.

Remember : : :

Friday Eve., June 22d,

: : : From 8 to 10 o'clock.

Servant's Pharmacy,

No. 508 Ohio Street.

## Straw Hats

Negligee Shirts and Seasonable Neckwear  
Silk, Stiff and Soft Hats in Correct Shapes

WRIGHT, The Hatter. 222 Ohio Street

## Grand Concert

Given by Miss Lizzie Lee Warren for the benefit of the

Sedalia Hospital Fund

Mrs. Mayo-Rhodes, the well known vocalist, and Mr. Von Rola Machowski, violinist, of Kansas City, will appear on programme.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH,  
JUNE 25th, 8 P. M.

Admission, 35 Cents.

factory conference with him. Mr. Latimer will return to Sedalia on Tuesday next to resume his duties at the First National, and Examiner Thorne will then return to Lincoln, Neb., where he has a bad case of bank failure to straighten out.

A Chicago dispatch dated yesterday says: Comptroller Eckels, of the treasury department, is in Chicago and today will have a conference with a number of national bank receivers of the west.

"The conference is of a private character," said he. "I thought it better while I was here to call these receivers together to talk over the condition of their banks than to have them make the journey to Washington. The banking business of the country was never in a better condition than at the present time, so far as money on hand is concerned. They have a plethora of it now and are as much worried to put it out as they were last year at this time to keep it in their vaults. I look for a resumption of general trade as soon as congress adjourns and the tariff schedule is settled. The stocks of the country are pretty well used up and I look for a healthier condition of trade than we have had for some years."

Not Released as Surety.

In the matter of the complaint of J. R. Barrett, one of the securities on the bond of J. C. Thompson and John R. Gentry, administrators of the estate of William Gentry,

## Honest Service

A CONSTANT increasing business for many years is proof that we have won your confidence. How? By the exercise of good judgment; by honest dealing and by fair prices.

No wise man deals with a dishonest merchant or employs a poor lawyer. It is to your interest to deal with a house whose reputation is second to none.

You want nothing but the best—in groceries and country produce we can supply you.

W. J. LETTS, THE EAST SEDALIA GROCER  
Telephone 50.

deceased, asking that said administrators be required to give a new bond, because J. C. Thompson has left the state with intent to change his domicile, Judge Hoy, of the probate court, today decided that the law required that notice of the proceedings should be personally served on Thompson, or that a copy of the notice should be posted on the front door of the court house and also mailed to the last known postoffice address of Thompson, thirty days before the term of court at which the hearing is to be had. It having been proven to the

Very Popular.  
TAN AND RUSSIA  
SHOES  
AND  
OXFORDS  
Wm. Courtney.

court that Thompson had left the state with intent to change his domicile, the court also decided that in this proceeding that notice to John R. Gentry, one of the administrators, was not a compliance with the law requiring the administrators to be served with notice. The motion to require administrators to give new bond was overruled.

## FREE LIGHTNING RODS.

Swindlers Getting in Their Work in the Vicinity of Liberty.

LIBERTY, Mo., June 21.—Lightning rod swindlers have been getting in their work recently in Clay county. Edward Hessel of Kearney vicinity was induced by two of the rascals to have rods put on his house by their offering to give him 150 feet "free" in order to show his neighbors what a good job they could do. Hessel thought that he would only have to pay \$5, but when two men came along the next day and put up the rods they asked for \$100 more and produced the contract, which was so worded as to call for about 150 feet more than he thought he had contracted for. Threatened with a law suit, he decided to pay \$5 cash and give his note for the \$100. One of the men gave his name as Pollinger and another that of J. L. Barnes.

The Great Contest Today.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 12.—Very rapid progress was made on the tariff bill yesterday. The income tax had been reached when the senate adjourned. Only sixty-one pages of the bill, the income tax and internal revenue features, remain undisposed of, and the end of the long debate seems close at hand. The remaining features of the free list were completed yesterday without friction, both sugar and wool, the great controversial items, contrary to expectation, not giving rise to debate.

## IN SPOTLESS WHITE.

Impressive Ceremonies at St. Vincent Church Today.

In the neighborhood of one hundred children and a few adults were confirmed at St. Vincent church this forenoon by Bishop Hogan, of Kansas City. The sermon on the occasion was preached at 10:30 o'clock a. m., by Rev. Father Walch, of Warrensburg, owing to the bishop's indisposition, and Rev. Father Kuper, of Tipton, sang high mass. The children were attired in spotless white, and as they marched through the aisles of the edifice the sight was a beautifully impressive one.

Father Kuper returned to Tipton on the noon train, and Bishop Hogan, who leaves for Europe the latter part of the month, goes home this afternoon.

Would Support McDowell.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 21.—James B. Clay, a distinguished ex-confederate and a democrat, a grandson of Henry Clay, in an authorized interview yesterday, spoke against the position of General Basil Duke, saying: "So much is said about General Duke's offer of support to Major McDowell should he make the race for congress against Colonel Breckinridge that some persons seem to think he stands alone among confederate soldiers in that respect. This is not so, for several weeks ago I called upon Major McDowell and asked him to make the race in case of Colonel Breckinridge's nomination, and I told him I was one of several confederate soldiers within my personal knowledge who would not only vote for him, but work for him should he run."

Fined Him \$10.

Joe Mercurio, the fruit dealer, was fined \$10 in the police court

## SEDALIA NATIONAL BANK

OF SEDALIA, MO.

Capital ..... \$100,000.00  
Surplus ..... 10,500.00

OFFICERS:—Chris. Hye, President; J. H. Bothwell, Vice Pres.; F. W. Shultz, Cashier. DIRECTORS:—C. Hye, J. H. Bothwell, H. G. Clark, Martin Renkin, Dr. W. H. Evans, Charles E. Musick, Dr. D. F. Brown, E. R. Blair, William Lower, Henry Lamm, F. W. Shultz, H. W. Meuschke, J. W. Murphy, William Courtney.

This bank solicits the accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations on favorable terms. Collections will receive prompt attention. Liberal accommodations extended to depositors.

Office Hours  
: : DR. TRADER.  
10 to 12 A. M.  
3 to 5 P. M.  
Residence 5th and Osage.  
Telephone No. 72.

Drs. Trader  
—AND—  
Cowan

Office Hours  
: : DR. COWAN.  
8 to 10 A. M.  
1 to 3 P. M.  
Residence 416 E. Third St.  
Telephone No. 45.

The Finest . . .  
Summer  
Beverages  
At . . .  
Fleischmann's  
Ice Cream Soda, 5 Cents.

## THE INCOME TAX.

Various Amendments Presented by Senator Vest.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—Senator Vest yesterday introduced the amendments which he announced heretofore would be offered by the finance committee to the income tax provisions before that part of the tariff bill was reached. The first of the amendments provides that mutual life insurance companies shall not be required to pay an income tax upon the sums repaid to their policy-holders as dividends or interest upon the surplus premiums held by such companies. The provision regarding building and loan associations is changed to read as follows: "That nothing herein contained shall apply to the loans made by building and loan associations to their shareholders for the purpose of enabling them to provide for themselves homes."

It is also by the amendments made the duty of persons acting as trustees to render returns upon them when the incomes annually exceed \$3,500. Another amendment requires the internal revenue commissioner to prescribe the form of the affirmation or oath required from the president or chief officer of a corporation or company in giving the net proceeds of his company. In the paragraph relating to these returns by corporations there is a change which provides a penalty for refusing to make returns, instead of for refusing to pay the penalties, which is evidently the correction of an incongruity in the former print.

Another amendment exempts fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations operating upon the lodge system, and which provide for the payment of life, sick, accident and other benefits to the members of such societies and their dependents from the operations of the law.

An exemption is also made in the case of such saving banks, saving institutions or societies as have no stockholders or members, except depositors, and no capital except deposits; those that shall not receive deposits to an aggregate amount in one year of more than \$1,000, from the same depositor; those that shall not allow an ac-deposits to an aggregate amount in any one depositor exceeding \$10,000; those that shall actually divide and distribute to their depositors, ratably to deposit all the earnings over the necessary and proper expenses of such bank, institution or society, except such as shall be applied to surplus, and

These Hot Days we need Cool Food

Here are a few cool articles at hot prices.

California Breakfast Food 2 pks 25  
Rolled Oats, fresh and white, 7lb 25  
Rice, clean and white, 4lb ..... 25  
Tea, a good article, per lb. .... 25  
Pickles, small, per gal. .... 25  
Oysters, 2lb can. .... 15  
When you want Granulated Sugar  
get 20 pounds for \$1.00 at

W. HAIN, 303 Ohio St  
Sedalia, Mo

## LUMBER

Complete stock of everything usually carried by lumber yards

The Best Yard  
in Sedalia.

Everything under cover and well seasoned

CALL AND SEE US.

Sturges Bros.,  
Cor. 3d & Mass. Sts.

W. ZIMMERMAN. JOHN WADDELL.  
MISSOURI CENTRAL  
LUMBER COMPANY  
Cheap Building Material of all kinds  
OFFICE AND YARD, North of Union depot  
on Kentucky st., Sedalia, Mo.

W. S. EPPERSON,  
Architect and Superintendent.  
OFFICE, 303 & 304 Hoffman Building  
Architect for all the best buildings in the city.  
Take Elevator.

A. J. LEIST, 109 W. Main, Cash and secure bargains in Diamonds, solid Gold, Filled and Silver Watches, Chains, Rings, Jewelry of all kinds, Clocks, Musical Instruments, Guns, Pistols and all kinds of Cloth-  
ing. Money loaned on all articles of value

also those that shall not possess in any form a surplus fund exceeding 10 per cent of the aggregate deposits.

Fined for Assault.

In Justice Levens' court, today, Ott Cochran was fined \$1 and costs for having assaulted Henry Hall. The defendant went to jail.



## Sedalia Democrat.

OLD SERIES. NEW SERIES.  
Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.

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W. N. GRAHAM, P. B. STRATTON,  
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

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OFFICE, 307 Ohio Street. Telephone 222.

## DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Supreme Judge,  
FRANCIS M. BLACK.

For State School Superintendent,  
WM. T. CARRINGTON.

For Railroad Commissioner,  
JOSEPH H. FINKS.

For Congress—7th District,  
JOHN T. HEARD.

In spite of an unfortunate bank failure Sedalia is the most enterprising and prosperous town in Missouri, even now.

MR. CLARK, of Mexico, is going to give that town a fair. Is there not some enterprising man in Sedalia who will take hold of a similar enterprise here?

MAJOR HASTAIN should hurry up that work he promised to provide for "every unemployed man in Sedalia who wants to work." He secured many votes by such promises and now the people are demanding the pledges be carried out.

THE nomination of the republican county ticket has been followed by not even the slightest ripple of enthusiasm, and the bosses are beginning to see that capturing a convention and capturing the masses of their party are quite different things.

WHEN the leaders of a strike fail out among themselves it is bad for the men they profess to lead. Some of the leaders of the strike charge McBride with selling out, while he charges the others with favoring violence and a policy which set public opinion against the miners.

THE people should see that the congressmen and senators they elect this fall pledge themselves to put refined sugar on the free list at the first opportunity. The sooner the sugar trust is broken up the better it will be for the country and there is wealth enough in this country to afford a basis for taxation.

THOSE republicans who are urging "a new deal" in the shape of a primary election to nominate a republican county ticket in place of the one the bosses selected are simply wasting their time. The bosses are going to hold on to the party machinery, but the people will see to it that the slate is smashed at the polls. The time has passed when three or four men can manage a great county like Pettis.

THE Hermann Ledger suggests Col. Lon Luther, of the Lamonte Record, for chief clerk of the next house of representatives of Missouri, and urges the friends of that gentleman to push his candidacy. Col. Luther is in every way worthy of the honor, and the DEMOCRAT would rejoice to see him receive it. He belongs to the class of men who in season and out of season defend democratic principles and guard party interests—the country editors. These men should be honored for their intelligence and patriotism.

ERASTUS WIMAN, the ex-millionaire who was recently convicted of forgery and sentenced to five and a half years imprisonment, says it was the hope of his friends that it "would not be thought necessary to make him associate with criminals in prison for a long time!" And why not? Is he not a convicted criminal himself, just as the other convicts in the penitentiary are? And if he objects to associating with the criminal who picks the

pocket or robs the safe of a stranger, have not the common criminals more reason to object to associating with him? Is not the man who breaks faith with his friends and robs those who trust him a meaner criminal than the bold ruffian who holds up a stranger or robs a store or dwelling, the owner of which is to him a stranger?

THE investigation of the sugar trust in politics, from which the republicans expected so much campaign material, has been to them a disappointment. It has been shown that the trust is guilty of pernicious political activity, but it has also developed that the republican party was the best friend of the trust and that the McKinley bill was much more favorable to the sugar interest than is the senate bill. It leaves certain democratic senators in unenviable positions, to be sure, but shows republicans much deeper in the mire than are the erring democrats in the mud. The investigation, however, has convinced the country that the trusts are dangerous conspiracies—dangerous alike to commerce and to good government.

## A PARTY PLAYING OUT.

The stalwart Globe-Democrat thus bemoans the sad condition of its party:

"At this particular period, for the first time in a third of a century, the republican party finds itself lacking in commanding figures. Apart from Sherman and Allison, who are unavailable for the presidential candidacy on account of advanced age, there remain comparatively few members of the party who can be said to be of national importance. When McKinley, Harrison and Reed are mentioned the list is almost exhausted. Not one of these three is up to the stature of the imposing personages who in earlier years contested for the party's favors, and the roll may have to be further curtailed by the elimination of its first and biggest name. Other men, as Alger, Depew, Lodge and Robert T. Lincoln, have been at one and time another mentioned in connection with the candidacy, but the presidential lightning has no chance to strike in their neighborhood."

A dearth of principles is pretty certain to be followed by an absence of "commanding figures."

The man who rises up amid his associates and enunciates a living principle becomes a commanding figure; there is no other method of commanding public attention and public confidence in these times of peace.

The republican party no longer has a principle upon which it can appeal to the people. It was the creature of an emergency, and, having accomplished its mission, it has been living twenty years without a valid excuse for its existence.

It dare not go before the people proclaiming McKinleyism—the doctrine of increasing taxation in times of peace in excess even of what was required in times of war.

It dare not advocate Shermanism—the single gold standard as a measure of values.

Even in Sherman's own state his own party has broken away from his leadership in financial matters. The Globe-Democrat's lamentation is well founded. There is nothing "commanding" about the republican party.

## MEXICO'S MEETING.

A Fair and Racing Arranged for at Yesterday's Session.

It was settled yesterday that Mexico is to have a fair and race meeting this year.

Hon. C. F. Clark, owner of Robert Rysdyk, 2:14 1/4, and a stable of other extra good horses, made a proposition to the citizens that if they would raise \$1,000 he would guarantee a meeting with \$3,000 or more for speed and liberal premiums for saddle and harness horses.

Ex-Mayor G. L. Ferris raised the required amount and the fair is assured. Moberly's abandoned date, August 22 to 26, will likely be taken.

Mexico has one of the best kite mile tracks in the west, and is the horseman's paradise fair week. All winnings will be paid as soon as the races are finished.

## Woodmen Initiated.

The Modern Woodmen of America initiated Messrs. Lee Hazelwood, Leslie Lay and A. C. Warren at the regular meeting held last night.

Have you the blues? Dillenbeck in the Hoosier Schoolmaster will cure you.

## CALDWELL-WARREN

Marriage of Popular Young Society People.

## A SEDALIAN THE GROOM.

Messrs. Eastey, Hittel and Baer Present at the Wedding and Returned Today.

Frank H. Eastey, Chas. Hittel and Dr. E. W. Baer returned this morning from Springfield, Ill., where they were present yesterday at the marriage of Dr. O. B. Caldwell, of this city, and Miss Lillian Warren, of Springfield, regarding which event the Springfield News of last evening has the following:

At the First Presbyterian church at 11 o'clock this morning in the presence of the intimate friends and relatives of the contracting parties was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Obe Brumfield Caldwell, of Sedalia, Mo., and Miss Lillian Warren, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Phil Warren. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. D. Logan and was very impressive, the beautiful Episcopal service being used.

The maid of honor was Miss Cornelia Warren, sister of the bride. The bridesmaids were Misses Lucille Caldwell, of Danville, Ky., sister of the groom; Margaret and Alice Warren, of New Berlin, cousins of the bride, and Miss Jessie Wilson. The best man was Dr. E. W. Baer, of Sedalia, Mo. The groomsmen were Messrs. P. Barton Warren, brother of the bride; Thomas Booth, of St. Louis, Mo.; Charles Hittel, of Sedalia, Mo.; and George Pasfield, The ushers were Messrs. Robert Allen, of St. Louis, Mo.; Harry Hopper, Will Butler and Wm. Vredenburg. The pages were Messrs. Thomas Butler, Jr., of New Decatur, Ala., nephew of the bride; Willard and George W. Bunn, Jr., and Gowin Lanphier.

As the bridal party entered the church, the peals of Mendelssohn's wedding march pealed forth under the skillful touch of Prof. John D. Lloyd. The groom and the best man entered the church at the side door. The pages held the ribbons in the aisles of the church. The bride entered the church from the front and marched alone, preceded by the ushers and followed by the maid of honor and the bridesmaids. She was met at the altar by the groom. The church was decorated with lilies and palms, and as the bridal party left the church Lohengrin's wedding march was played.

The bride was gowned in white satin trimmed in white tulle and orange blossoms and wore a coronet of orange blossoms with tulle veil. She carried lilies of the valley.

Miss Cornelia Warren, maid of honor, was attired in blue dotted Swiss with ribbon trimmings and blue tulle veil, caught with a bunch of forget-me-nots.

Miss Caldwell wore white dotted Swiss, trimmed in pink satin ribbons, and hat, gloves and slippers to match.

Miss Margaret Warren was attired in white dotted Swiss, with yellow ribbons, and hat, gloves and slippers to match.

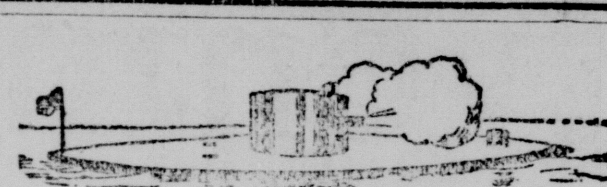
Miss Agnes Warren was gowned in white dotted Swiss, and green ribbon trimmings, and hat, gloves and slippers to match.

Miss Jessie Wilson wore white dotted Swiss, trimmed in manne ribbon, and hat, gloves and slippers to match.

The bridesmaids all carried a bunch of lilies and parasols. The pages wore white middie suits, with wide blue collars, and carried white Tam O'Shanter hats.

The groom is the son of Judge and Mrs. William S. Caldwell, of Danville, Ky., and is a member of the firm of Eastey & Caldwell, wholesale and retail stationery dealers in Sedalia, Mo. The bride is well known in social circles and is the charming daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Phil Warren of South Sixth street. After the ceremony a sumptuous wedding breakfast was served the bridal party in the spacious dining hall of the home of the bride's parents. On the center of the table was a large bunch of lilies and ferns as a center piece and at each end was a large bunch of lilies and maidenhair ferns tied with white satin ribbons and in lover's knots.

A reception was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell by the bride's parents from 12:30 to 2:30. The drawing room was decorated in palms and lilies. The bride and Mrs. Phil Warren received standing under a canopy of white lilies and maiden hair ferns. A mandolin



## SMALL BUT EFFECTIVE.

Was the little Monitor that met the Merrimack at Hampton Roads. So too are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, effective in conquering the enemy—disease. When you take a pill it's an important point to have them small—provided they have equal strength and efficacy. You find what you want in these little liver pills of Dr. Pierce. They're put up in a better way, and they act in a better way, than the huge old-fashioned pills. What you want when you're "all out of sorts"—grumpy, thick-headed and take a gloomy view of life, these Pellets to clear up your system and start your liver into healthful action. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are prevented, relieved, and cured. Put up in sealed glass vials, and always fresh and reliable.

JAMES W. LAROCHE, Esq., of Georgetown, Ky., says: "My wife thinks your little 'Pellets' are the greatest pills out."

orchestra discoursed sweet music. The entire residence was decorated with palms and American Beauty roses. Many valuable and beautiful presents were received. Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell will be given a reception by the groom's, parents Mr. and Mrs. Judge Caldwell at Danville, Ky., and from there will go to Colorado Springs and spend the summer. They will be at home in Sedalia after September.

## Longest Day in the Year.

This is the longest day in the year, and those who had to get around quite lively are willing to make oath that it is one of the warmest.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

**Prosecuting Attorney.**  
WE are authorized to announce JOHN CASHMAN a candidate for prosecuting attorney, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.

**County Judge.**  
WE are authorized to announce W. R. HIGGINS, of Flat Creek township, as a candidate for Judge of the County Court from the Western district, subject to the democratic primary.

**Constable Sedalia Township.**  
WE are authorized to announce W. H. HENDERSON a candidate for the nomination of constable of Sedalia township, subject to the democratic primary.

**Assessor.**  
WE are authorized to announce W. D. WILSON a candidate for county assessor, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Assessor.**  
WE are authorized to announce M. H. HENDERSON a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Clerk.**  
WE are authorized to announce ROBERT H. GRAY a candidate for County Clerk, subject to the democratic primary.

**Circuit Clerk.**  
WE are authorized to announce FINIS S. ARNOLD a candidate for county clerk, subject to the democratic primary.

**Circuit Clerk.**  
WE are authorized to announce R. E. GUTHRIE, of Lathrop township, a candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Recorder.**  
WE are authorized to announce HENRY Y. FIELD, of Longwood township, as a candidate for recorder of Pettis county, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Sheriff.**  
WE are authorized to announce J. H. PHILKINGTON a candidate for recorder of deeds, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Sheriff.**  
WE are authorized to announce W. H. MASON, of Washington township, a candidate for sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Sheriff.**  
WE are authorized to announce THOMAS PRENTICE, a candidate for sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Treasurer.**  
WE are authorized to announce E. F. SCOTT, of Hartsburg township, a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

**County Treasurer.**  
WE are authorized to announce ROBT. E. FERGUSON, of Bowling Green township, a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

**County Treasurer.**  
WE are authorized to announce JAMES G. PERDUE a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Collector.**  
WE are authorized to announce W. Z. BAUM, of Sedalia, Pettis county, as a candidate for county collector, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

**County Collector.**  
WE are authorized to announce W. F. HANSBERGER a candidate for county collector, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Collector.**  
WE are authorized to announce J. M. DEBRIALL, of Washington township, a candidate for county collector, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

**County Collector.**  
WE are authorized to announce JOHN E. RECTOR a candidate for county collector, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Collector.**  
WE are authorized to announce P. H. GRACE as a candidate for County collector, subject to the democratic primary.

**County Collector.**  
WE are authorized to announce SAMUEL J. WEATHERS, of Houstonia township, a candidate for county collector subject to the democratic primary.

No. 1627.

**TREASURY DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 10th, 1894.** WHEREAS, William A. Latimer, a National Bank examiner, duly authorized and directed by me to examine the affairs of "The First National Bank of Sedalia," located in the city of Sedalia, Columbia, this tenth day of May, A. D. 1894, do hereby appoint William A. Latimer Receiver of "The First National Bank of Sedalia," with all the powers, duties and responsibilities of such Receiver imposed upon a Receiver under the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the United States which authorize the appointment of a Receiver.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and caused my seal of office to be affixed to these presents, at the U. S. city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, this tenth day of May, A. D. 1894.

JAMES H. ECKELS,

Comptroller of the Currency.



Before the 4th.

We are selling shoes at a great reduction. Put your toes in trim for the glorious day. Something extra fine at \$4.00. Wing Tip Russets are all the go, and they go at \$3.50. A Grand combination of comfort and style. Long pointed toes, and long wearing, too. No need to become cross from ill-fitting footwear. Ours is celebrated for correct form and ease for the feet. The voice is the organ of the soul. The voice of our soles cries for our comforters. Be fortified with our low priced leather-wears. [Signed]

## HART BROS.

No. 120 Ohio Street.

## SEDALIA GROCER COMPANY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

## Staple &amp; Fancy Groceries.

We are opening up a NEW STOCK in our large building, 106 and 108 West Fifth street, and will make prices to dealers that will save them money. In our Retail Department will be found a Fine Line of Fancy Groceries at prices that will attract cash buyers.

CALL ... AND ... SEE ... US.

## MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY

Capital Paid in.....\$200,000. Surplus.....\$36,000.

THIS company acts as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, Curator, Receiver and Trustee and accepts Trusts of all kinds, whether created by will or under appointment of courts.

Dealer in investment securities. Loans money on real estate. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers.

**Nickle Saving Stamp System**—Stamps can be found at the following places: Chris Hye, C. F. Boatright, Otis Smith and at our office.

**Five Per Cent. Interest Paid on Savings**—The only financial institution in Sedalia authorized by law to receive saving deposits.

Directors—O. A. Crandall, President; F. A. Sampson, Vice President; G. L. Faulhaber, Treasurer; F. E. Hoffman, Secretary; Henry Lamm, Chris Hye, R. H. Moses, J. W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson.

FOURTH & OHIO STREETS, SEDALIA, MO.

## SEDALIA Building &amp; Loan Ass'n OF SEDALIA, MO.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - \$1,000,000

DIRECTORS—C. G. Taylor, President; C. Richardson, Sec'y; S. P. Johns, Treas.; J. B. Gallie.

This Association pays on monthly savings of 80 cents and upward 12 per cent, compounded annually; on paid up stock 8 per cent., payable semi-annually. No forfeiture of dividends. Loans money on real estate security at 7 1/2 per cent. interest. Stock issued monthly in consecutive series and matures definitely in seven years. NO ADMISSION FEE. Call on

C. RICHARDSON, Secretary,  
No. 111 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.

JOHN J. YEATER, Pres't. FRANK B. MEYER, Vice-Pres't. ADAM ITTEL, Cash.

## Bank of Commerce,

OF SEDALIA, MISSOURI.  
Northeast Corner Ohio and Second Streets.  
CAPITAL STOCK, Paid Up, - \$100,000.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. We solicit accounts of Farmers, Merchants, Corporations and Individuals, promising a safe depository for all funds committed to our charge. We are prepared to extend liberal accommodations to the trade, including the Farmers and Live Stock dealers in Pettis county.

DIRECTORS.—John J. Yeater, Frank B. Meyer, W. E. Bard, W. P. Haley, L. H. Durley, A. M. Reed, J. W. Perdue, J. L. Warren, D. H. Orear, J. C. Reedy, Edward Hurley, W. S. Baker, Adam Ittel.

The most Healthful Beverage,  
So pronounced by Eminent Physicians, is  
**THE CELEBRATED LEMP'S BEER.**

It is undoubtedly the Finest Beer brewed for Family use, for the Table, invalids. Mail and city orders will receive prompt attention.

E. G. CASSIDY, Sole Agent. Office and Salesroom, 117 East Main St. Telephone 114.

**Married Ladies!** Use Bell's capsules at proper time. Absolute safeguard positively infallible, perfectly harmless. \$2.00 per box; sample box 50 cents. Special terms to Agents. Address **Minden Mfg. Co., Kansas City, Mo.**

## QUEEN CITY TRUNK FACTORY.

113 East 3d St. Sedalia, Mo

## BRICK!

The Lexington Triumph Press Brick Company  
Keeps on hand a large supply of the very best  
Dry Pressed Brick  
Shipments made to all points on the Mo. Pac. R. R. Prices as low as the lowest.

Address, Lexington Triumph Press Brick Company, Or THOS. M. COBB, SUPT. LEXINGTON, : : MO.

## SPECIAL PRICES

Until July 10th, 1894, I will sell as follows:  
Buggies for \$85.00, former price \$125.00.  
Surreys for \$150, former price \$190.  
Phatons for \$125 to \$150, former price \$150 to \$175.  
Spring Wagons for \$75, former price \$90.  
Buckboards in proportion.

Having bought the entire stock at sheriff sale and must realize on same by the above date. Call and see our work before purchasing elsewhere. This work is all guaranteed.

We will still look after repairing at reasonable rates. The work is all done under the supervision of W. J. and C. T. Kelk.

GEO. E. DUGAN.

**Relief Ladies!** Mrs. Dr. Foster's Kidney Pills, the only reliable, safe, original and genuine. Never fails. Removes all irregularities from any cause. Murders, don't worry—safety assured. Sent secure from observation \$1.00. Pearl Medicine Co., Kansas City, Mo.



# GREAT CLEARING OUT SALE!

ENTIRE STOCK OF

## Spring and Summer Suitings

### GO NOW FOR \$10.00!

DON'T MISS THIS CHANCE TO

## Buy a First-Class Suit for TEN DOLLARS!!

Our Entire Stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods at

### 1-4 OFF!

OUR HAT DEPARTMENT REDUCED

### 33 PER CENT

Children's Clothing and Waists a Discount of 25 Per Cent.

CASH ONLY--NO GOODS CHARGED.

## ST. LOUIS CLOTHING COMPANY.

### RAILROAD RUMBLE.

Pacific and American Express Companies Consolidating.

### CUTTING DOWN EXPENSES

Items of Interest Picked Up From Various Sources for the Benefit of "Democrat" Readers.

Some weeks ago the Nevada Mail announced that a movement was on foot between the Pacific and American express companies to consolidate their offices in towns along the "Katy" line where both companies are doing business. This statement was denied at Moberly, says the Mail of last evening, but the work of consolidation has commenced, and will extend as arrangements are perfected.

Monday the two express offices were consolidated under one management at Hillsboro, Texas.

There is little doubt but that the same order will go into effect in this city, at Moberly, Hannibal and other points on the "Katy" within a short time.

The object of the companies is to save office rent, and expense of office and delivery force. They claim that one force of hands can do the work that is now being transacted by the two forces, and thus the operating expenses of the two companies will be reduced to nearly if not quite the expense of one.

This change will go into effect.

### A Railroad Detective.

The famous robbery of the St. Louis and San Francisco express by Wittrock was recalled yesterday in Chicago when Frank Joy, the ex-detective, was placed on trial for forgery. Assistant District Attorney Hand brought out the fact that Joy served a term in the Missouri penitentiary and another in the state prison of Nebraska. Joy said his term in the Missouri prison ought not to be used against him, because it was not for any real crime.

"I was arrested, tried and convicted," said he, "for the purpose

of doing detective work in the prison. Wittrock, the express messenger who robbed the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad, was confined there, and I entered the prison for the purpose of working at his side. It was a prearranged plan, which was understood by the railroad company and the attorneys in the case. I was in the prison with the express messenger for eighteen months, and received a salary for every day I was there. I succeeded in recovering a portion of the lost money."

Coach, Cab and Caboose.

Conductor Ben F. Blythe left last night for St. Louis.

There is another cut in round-trip rates to Denver.

"Jimmie" has resigned as receiver of the S. W. & S.

C. P. Leland, late auditor of the Lake Shore road, is dead.

The Missouri Pacific-Alton rate-cutting controversy has been postponed until July 10.

General Manager Purdy, of the M., K. & T., passed through from Parsons to St. Louis last night.

The Western Passenger association lines have announced they will meet the Atchison cut on Denver rates.

The Interstate Commerce commission is after the various railroads of the country, requiring them to file contracts, agreements, etc.

I. A. Cole, the popular M., K. & T. passenger brakeman, is laying off a couple of trips and left last night for Hannibal to visit his family.

The Western Passenger association is investigating reports that the Canadian Pacific is not observing the immigration clearing-house agreement.

Joe Lomasney, claim agent for the M., K. & T., came in last night from Denison for a short visit with his wife and daughter, who are sojourning here.

The M., K. & T. R'y Co. is doing some building at Boonville and it is rumored that the blacksmith, Mr. John Cross, and his helper will, in the near future, be sent to Boonville to reside.—Hannibal Journal.

Engineer Melville left Parsons Sunday evening for Holden. It is understood that the "Katy" will begin soon on the construction of a line from Green Ridge to Holden, which will give the "Katy" a Kansas City outlet.—Nevada Mail.

Engineer John Carlyle, of the M., K. & T., yesterday shipped his household goods to Boonville and himself and family will leave this morning for that place to reside, the company having transferred Mr. Carlyle to that place.—Hannibal Journal.

Frank Staples, the west end brakeman, came home yesterday from the Kansas City hospital, where he has been since he was knocked from a box car. Mrs. Staples accompanied him. He is getting along nicely, but it will be several weeks before he can resume work.

Owing to hard times, four instead of five passenger crews will temporarily run between St. Louis and Sedalia, and under this arrangement J. J. Bertch will be extra passenger conductor. On the Hannibal division, Conductor D. J. Hogan is pulled off as passenger man and will run a freight train. Four freight crews are also pulled off between Hannibal, St. Louis and Parsons.

You can enjoy the Hoosier Schoolmaster tonight for 25c.

### BRIDGE BURNERS.

They are Held to Appear on the 28th of This Month.

J. R. Poor and Robert Johnson were arrested at Bevier yesterday, charged with burning the Hannibal and St. Joseph bridge over the Chariton river on the night of June 11. They were taken to Macon, this afternoon by Sheriff J. W. White, but were released on \$1,500 bond to appear for preliminary examination on the 28th of this month.

Neither of the men are miners. Poor owns a number of tenement houses. The men were arrested on the evidence of J. W. Thomas, who stated that on the night of the 11th Poor and Johnson came by his home and endeavored to persuade him to accompany them to the bridge. He refused. On their way back, he says, they again stopped and stated that they had burned the bridge.

### Fined for Drunkenness.

A Lexington coal miner was fined \$5 in the police court this morning for intoxication and is working it out on the rock pile.

Hear Dillenbeck in the Hoosier Schoolmaster at the Christian church tonight.

### A SHAMEFUL STORY.

Brutal Treatment of Miners in the Territory.

### CRUEL BEYOND BELIEF.

Women Fearfully Maltreated and Driven From Their Homes by the Soldiers.

FORT SMITH, Ark., June 21.—Details of the horrible state of affairs existing in the mining region of the Indian territory have been brought to this city by evicted miners, a number of whom arrived yesterday. The stories they tell of oppression, hardship and cruelty to themselves, their wives and children by the deputy marshals and federal troops are similar to those which sometimes come from Siberia.

The men say that when it became apparent that they could not earn a living at the reduced rate of wages and starvation was staring them and their families in the face, power was given the deputy marshals to eject them from the company houses and the work of eviction began. Many of the men were thrown bodily from their homes, their wives and children beaten and bruised and their furniture and personal effects destroyed, after which they were loaded into box cars like cattle and shipped out of the territory.

The stories of brutality told by the men from the Hartshorne district are revolting in the extreme. August Smith, one of the Hartshorne miners, says that troops came to his house and arrested him. They would not allow him to put on his shoes and coat, and refused to let the family eat breakfast. The soldiers threw his furniture into a wagon and then asked Smith's wife if she wanted to go.

"No," she said: "I have worked for this home and if I leave you will have to shoot me."

"The house was built by me and belonged to me," said Smith, "though I had no legal title to it. The commander ordered the privates to put my wife and five children out. They jumped at her, one of

them pulling a knife, and took the babe from her breast. Then four or five dragged her out and threw her head first into the wagon. We were then carted to the station and put in the box car with dozens of others. Most of the miners' families were thrown out early into the morning into a driving rain, and no time was given them to dress or eat breakfast. In one instance a family of four were evicted near Anderson. The wife of the miner was struck over the head with a Winchester and severely maltreated by the soldiers. The woman was in a delicate state of health at the time and while being carted to the railroad station gave premature birth to a child. She is in a critical condition and may die."

Dillenbeck in the Hoosier schoolmaster at the Christian church tonight.

### Jim Denies the Charge.

Jim Churchill denies that he took May Music out riding Tuesday afternoon, as charged by Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Bradford in yesterday's DEMOCRAT.

Jim says the girl is not a sister of Mrs. Bradford, as the latter claims—in fact, bears no blood relationship whatever. He further claims that May has been mistreated by the Bradfords, and because she appealed to him as an orphan and a friend is the reason, he says, that the Bradford's had him written up.

### What Jeff. City Whisky Did.

A snake about 2 feet 6 inches long was killed in the state auditor's office at the capitol in Jefferson City, yesterday afternoon. It was in the act of crawling up Captain Albert O. Allen's (the chief clerk) leg when it was observed by Alex Sherwood. How it got into the building is a mystery. The serpent belonged to a variety unknown here.

### Charlie Streit's Case.

C. H. Streit, who is charged with the forgery of a note, was arraigned in the criminal court at St. Joseph yesterday and his case was set for trial next Monday.

### An Invitation Declined.

B. H. Ingram has been invited to deliver the Fourth of July address at Lincoln, but is short on eagles, he says, and hence had to decline.

Dillenbeck keeps his audience in a roar of laughter in his character sketches.

### WILL PLAY SUNDAY.

The Washington Base Ball Club Will be Here That Day.

Secretary Randolph, of the Sedalia ball club, received a telegram last night from the manager of the club at Washington, Mo., accepting Sedalia's proposition for a game to be played here on Sunday afternoon next.

The Washington team is one of the strongest in the state and recently "laid it all over" the Jefferson City club. The nine is said to include a semi-professional battery, and if the Sedalia's expect to win they must put up a gilt edged order or ball.

The game will be called promptly at 4 o'clock p. m.

### Two Picnics Today.

The M., K. & T. ran a special train of four coaches to Clinton today, carrying the Episcopal church Sunday school scholars to the artesian lake at that point. The train was in charge of Conductor Charlie Hall.

The M. E. church, South, Sunday school went to Brown's Springs this morning, on the narrow gauge, and are spending the day in the woods there.

### Defendant Discharged.

W. M. Joslin was acquitted in Justice Blair's court today of the charge of having hurled a stone and struck a lad named Frankie Fitch.

### Colby Has Turned 'Em Out.

Colby Bloch, of Bloch & Levy, writes from Vinita, I. T., that he has turned his whiskers out and now resembles a full-fledged cow boy.

Dillenbeck represents seventeen characters in the Hoosier Schoolmaster.

**MODERN'S FACIAL SOAP**

For The Skin, Scalp, And Complexion.

The result of 20 years' practical experience treating the skin.

For Sale Everywhere; 3 Cakes, \$1.00.



## Sedalia Democrat.

## WEATHER REPORT

For the 24 Hours, Ending at 2 O'Clock This Afternoon by C. G. Taylor.

Cloudiness	Temperature	Precipitation
Wind in to the	Max.	Min.
SE	5	71
	94	71
		0.00

Barometer, 29.58.

## PERSONAL.

Wilson & Ittel, fashionable tailors. John R. Barrett is in St. Louis today.

A. C. Baldwin came home from St. Louis this morning.

Frank Newton returned yesterday from San Angelo, Texas.

H. A. Wood, of Aurora, Mo., was in town this morning.

Mayor P. D. Hastain came home from Pertle Springs last night.

Judge and Mrs. C. G. Taylor are home from Excelsior Springs.

J. E. Clark, of Tipton, was in town this morning, at Sicher's.

Mrs. T. J. Mackey is home from a visit of three weeks at Ottawa, Kas.

Mrs. Harry Servant is expected to return tonight from a visit at Pleasant Hill.

J. M. Yeater and E. F. Myers, of Nevada, are at Sicher's, as is also J. H. Wilson, of Sweet Springs.

Mrs. Ernest Weise accompanied her parents, Conductor and Mrs. W. T. Bulkley, to Boston last night.

Dick Dean and family, after a pleasant visit here, departed for their home in Chicago at noon today.

Mrs. F. H. Kruse and daughter, Lela, left last night for Deepwater on a visit to her friend, Mrs. W. H. Osborne.

B. H. Ingram leaves tomorrow for Henrietta, Johnson county, where he will deliver an address at a picnic Saturday.

Prof. G. C. Broadhead, of Columbia, en route to Pertle Springs, stopped over here last night as the guest of R. A. Blair.

Miss Mabel Blocher returned at noon today from Lincoln, Neb., where she has been attending school for the past six months.

Mrs. W. J. Satterwhite, Mrs. J. E. Rector and Mrs. J. W. Marsh are visiting relatives and friends in Lamonte and Dresden this week.

Miss Stella Meredith, a handsome young lady from Blackwater, attended the Major-Dickman wedding yesterday and will leave for her home this afternoon.

Mrs. Nannie C. Steele and little daughters, and Mrs. Leroy Farmer and son leave today for a visit to Mrs. G. A. Sturges and Mrs. W. E. Bard, jr., of Sedalia.—Lexington News.

J. C. Brown, who passed through Vinita, I. T., yesterday, says that town was decidedly in the swim, there being seven merry-go-round and four circuses in full blast, besides numerous gambling games and fakir layouts.

Miss Sallie Couey, of Dresden, who has been attending school in Denver the past winter and summer, will return home tomorrow night, and will be accompanied by the two little sons of Chas. W. Walters, Wood and Porter, who will spend the summer here.

Geo. W. Barnett, a prominent attorney of Sedalia, is attending circuit court in this city. He represents the defendant in the case of A. P. Bryant vs. The German Insurance Company of Freeport, Illinois. Prof. R. E. Wadell and Wm. Shockey Sundayed in Sedalia and visited friends among the gentler sex.—Warrensburg Standard-Herald.

## OUR STORE

## AIN'T A TEN-ACRE LOT!

No! no!! It is nothing more or less than the biggest thing in Sedalia or Central Missouri in the music line—and, well! yes!! we say it—we are selling more goods, getting in more cash, more goods sold on monthly payments, and much more all round solid business than all the other music houses in Sedalia combined or separate. Freight bills talk—drafts and remittances are mighty good evidence and we are not running any *Ananias racket* or *Bluffing*. We simply do the business, and we do it right on the square. Our expenses are simply awful, so the other fellows say. Well, they are awful. Awful small for the amount of our business—and the fun of it is our expenses are paid in cash. We have no time for funny business—life is too short, so we put in our time, our best licks, and all we weigh or measure in height, length, breadth or muchness, attending to business at

**Sharp's**

CENTRAL MISSOURI MUSIC HOUSE.  
No. 406 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.

## The Excitement

Created by the Great, Grand and Gigantic

## Sacrifice Sale

THAT we inaugurate this week and continue until July 1st, will be intense. 15c Latest Style Wash Fabrics to be closed out at the ridiculously low price of 7 1-2c a yard, and hundreds of other bargains in the different departments at prices to harmonize with above. Call early in the sale to secure first choice. Prices not duplicated after lots advertised are sold.

## WASH FABRICS.

The price-cutter got in his work here and as a result we place before our customers a complete assortment of fine Cotton Fabrics at about one-half of actual value.

What do you think of this?  
7 1/2c Printed Mulls in beautiful patterns, satin stripe and fine stripes, 36-inch Penangs and Indian Dimples—worth in each instance from 15c to 20c a yard.

12 1/2c Will buy choice of a line of fine Zephyr Gingham, Duck Suitings, in solid colors or fancy stripes, 36-inch Penangs and Indian Dimples—worth in each instance from 15c to 20c a yard.

5c About twenty pieces Twilled Serges, in solid colors or fancy stripes, worth 10c to 12 1/2c—we sacrifice the entire line at 5c a yard.

3 1/2c Beautiful patterns in printed Cotton Challies, light grounds, others sell at 5c—our reduced price 3 1/2c a yard.

15c At this price we are showing a line of Back Organies with lace stripe worth 25c a yard.

## ROSIERY AND WOVEN UNDERWEAR

At the lowest prices ever known.  
5c Ladies' good quality Ribbed Vests, worth 8c, to be given away at 5c each.

25c Ladies' Egyptian Cotton Vests, in solid and white, price early in the season 35c—marked down to 25c.

10c Ladies' fast black Hose for 10c a pair—better grade Hosiery at 15c, 25c, 35c and upwards.

7 1/2c Children's Black Ribbed Hose for 7 1/2c a pair—worth double.

75c Beautiful silk hand-painted Fans with embossed sticks, worth \$1.25—reduced to 75c.

A large assortment of Japanese Fans at 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c and upwards.

Large size Palm Fans given away at 1c each.

## WOOL DRESS GOODS.

Values and prices that will show you where the bargains are.

18c A line of handsome wool-filling Challies, the prettiest of all light wool dress materials, in light shades only, former price 25c, reduced price, just 18c a yard.

49c A beautiful variety of all wool imported 5c Challies, to be given away at 49c a yard.

SPECIAL VALUES IN WHITE GOODS.

5c About twenty pieces Nainsooks, worth from 10c to 12 1/2c a yard, June sale price just 5c a yard.

10c A large assortment of Sheer India Linens, former price 15c a yard, to be sacrificed at 10c a yard.

12 1/2c Dotted Swisses, worth 20c a yard, a grand bargain at 12 1/2c a yard.

25c A line of 40c Imported Mulls, marked down to 25c a yard.

BARGAINS IN MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

25c A line of Corset Covers and Drawers, worth 35c to 50c, to be sacrificed at 25c.

48c Good quality Muslin Skirts trimmed with Cambric ruffle and cluster of tucks, worth 75c, reduced price 48c.

70c Fine Muslin Night Gowns, yoke Laces and insertions, ranging in price 8c, 12c, 15c up to \$1.00 a yard. Hamburg, Swiss and Colored Embroideries in a large variety of patterns and at greatly reduced prices.

Low Prices in Laces and Embroideries.

We carry a full line of Net, Top Bourbon, Point d'Ireland and Venice Laces and insertions, ranging in price 8c, 12c, 15c up to \$1.00 a yard. Hamburg, Swiss and Colored Embroideries in a large variety of patterns and at greatly reduced prices.

## GENTS' FURNISHINGS

At greatly reduced prices.

25c Men's Balbriggan Shirts, worth 40c—A big bargain at 25c.

50c Men's Fine French Balbriggan Shirts, all sizes, worth 50c, reduced to 50c.

48c Men's Unlaundried Linen Bosom Shirts, splendid value at 48c.

15c Men's Fast Black or Colored Half-Hose, worth 25c, your choice for 15c a pair.

## MONEY-SAVERS IN LACE CURTAINS

67c Nottingham Lace Curtains, sold early in the season for \$1.00—we give you choice for 67c a pair.

\$1.45 Brussels effect Curtains, worth \$2.25—reduced price \$1.45 a pair.

\$2.25 Beautiful Imported design Curtains, extra length and width, former price \$3.50—reduced price \$2.25 a pair.

Poles and Fixtures free with each pair of Curtains at \$1.00 and upwards.

## SPLENDID VALUES IN PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS

90c Ladies' fine Satine Parasols, worth \$1.00, marked down to 90c.

\$1.35 Some natural wood or oxidized handles, worth \$1.75—special price \$1.35.

\$3.00 Silk Parasols in black, brown and navy, natural wood or Dresden ball handles, reduced from \$4.50 to \$3.00.

## SPECIAL IN CORSETS

48c—Just opened up a case of Warner Bros' Summer Corsets and marked them down to 48c each.

## EYE POWER.

An Oculist Believes That It Is Deteriorating.

"I think the eye power of the present generation of civilized men must have deteriorated a good deal," said an oculist to me the other day. "I am called upon to examine so many young persons nowadays whose eyes show no symptoms of disease or strabismus, but are simply unable to do the ordinary amount of work required of school girls, college students or moderate readers without showing symptoms of overwork."

"This weakness seems to be constitutional and glasses are required which lessen the muscular strain on the eyes only. In spite of the invention of the typewriter, which has relieved the eye of so much work, the state of things is almost equally as prevalent in business circles as among students."

"That this is a deterioration from the men of old is evidenced, I think, by the vast amount of work some of them are known to have done without any trouble from their eyes. Take Dickens' voluminous works, for instance. He wrote them all with his own hand, volume after volume, and composing is a far greater strain on the eyes than mere copying or reading, since composing or studying involves mental effort as well as physical."

"Dickens wrote a great deal of the time with blue ink upon blue paper, and his erasures and interlineations were done in so fine a hand that it used to be the despair of the printers."

"Scott wrote all his numerous works and poems without the aid of an amanuensis; Johnson did the vast amount of work involved in his dictionary in the same way, and Thackeray, who wrote his long, drawn-out stories in an almost microscopic hand, used to say laughingly but truthfully that if he failed to make a living as a novelist he could earn money by exhibiting his abilities to write the Lord's Prayer on his thumb nail."

## SUBDUED BY LIGHTNING.

A Thunder Storm Brings a Ferocious Bull Into Subjection.

"Fear will often subdue the most vicious and ferocious animal, and if treated kindly while under such excitement they are apt to show their appreciation ever afterward," remarked George S. Turrell of Farmington, Conn., to a reporter. "I once owned a bull who seemed to have a particular antipathy toward everyone that approached him. I had to keep him constantly chained in a shed with a ring in his nose. Every time any one would approach him he would act in a most violent manner, pawing the ground, shaking his chain and bellowing furiously. One day there occurred a terrible thunder storm. It hailed violently and the thunder and lightning were incessant. The bull which was somewhat exposed in the open shed, could be heard bellowing with terror. On going out to see what I could do to quiet him, I found the poor brute trembling with fright, and he did not seem to be at all irritated at my approach as theretofore. The gristle of his nose had nearly been torn through by his struggles to get free. When I approached him he became quiet and actually allowed me to untie him and lead him into the barn without making the least hostile demonstration. From that day his ferocity disappeared and he remained as docile as a lamb."

## Beat Them in Spite of It.

Judge Underwood, of Georgia, once met a friend on a train and said to him: "I want to tell you of a case I had before me at Cedartown, the other day, and see what you think of it." He then stated the case, and his friend expressed a view of it, to which he replied: "That same view you express was very largely, ably and elaborately maintained before me on this hearing by Wright, Branham, Featherstone, and several other lawyers from Rome—old lawyers, experienced lawyers—and there was not a soul on the other side but a bright young lawyer from Cedartown, who had never had any experience, and myself. This, in fact, was his first case, and they out-argued us; but we beat them, sir—we beat 'em!"

## A Fine Dancer.

A Japanese student is now going through a course of study at the United States naval academy. The pride of the mikado's representative is a fine young dog. At Christmas, the young Jap's attentions to a pretty Washington girl were so marked as to call forth comment on the part of his classmates, who made some remarks of a complimentary nature as to her dancing. At this the Jap paused ecstatically for a suitable simile, then electrified his hearers by enthusiastically exclaiming: "Dance! Yes, she dances like a dog."

## Seedless Grapes.

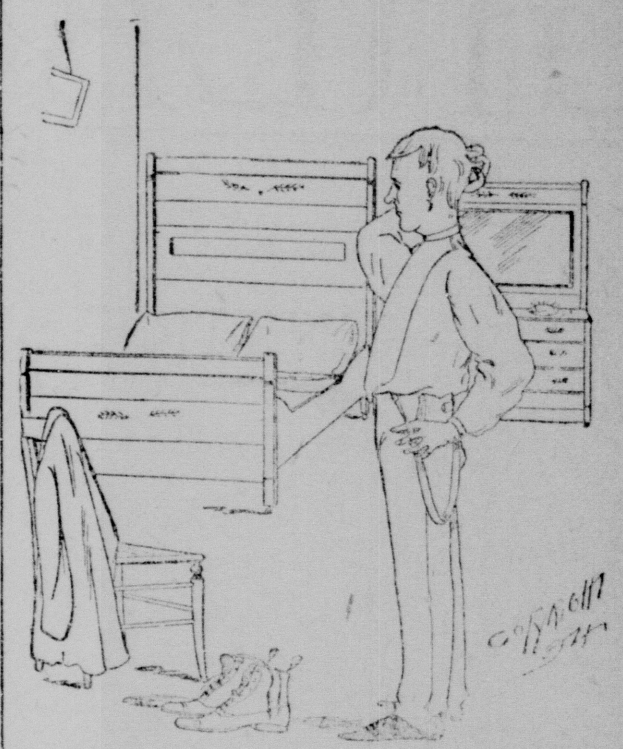
In view of the widespread fear of appendicitis, and its frequent occurrence after the victim has swallowed the seeds of fruit, it is interesting to know that botanists believe that seedless grapes are a possibility. The so-called "currants" of Zante are really small seedless grapes. Coreless apples, stoneless cherries and plums, and even seedless strawberries and raspberries are all possibilities of bud propagation.

## No Time Like the Present.

It may be that "the good old times were the best," but when one sees electricity successfully used to turn great railroad draw-bridges weighing thousands of tons, and is whisked over these bridges on railway cars running a mile a minute, one may be forgiven for not longing for the days of slow-going mail coaches and fords instead of bridges.

## McLaughlin Bros

515 Ohio Street.



## "To Be Easy Or Not

To be? That is the question. Whether on that bed to lie and toss, or walk forth to McLaughlin Bros. and buy a new outfit for this room, my weary frame to rest." You'll not hesitate to purchase our Furniture, Springs, Mattresses, etc. Full line of rest giving qualities. The appearance of the room will even rest your eyes. Like a giant refreshed, you'll arise from your slumbers on such comfortable fixtures.

Furniture of solid merit. In style, superior; in price pleasing. We write our character on the goods we sell. See it shine.

New Iron Beds. New Folding Beds.

Undertakers: This department is the most complete in the west. Night clerk at store.

Telephone No. 8.

**McLaughlin Bros.,**  
513, 515 and 517 Ohio St.

## A Fugitive in Sedalia.

Paul Whitner, colored, who is wanted in this city for unlawful cohabitation, was seen by a Star representative at Sedalia yesterday. Phil says that he is now working in St. Louis and has a good job.

It will be remembered that Phil took a buggy from one of the livery stables of this city last fall and, in company with his white sweetheart, Alice Mitchell, departed for parts unknown. The buggy was sent back, but the couple they never came back, the never came back.—Warrensburg Star.

## Realty Transfers.

The following transfers of realty were filed for record today:

Jerome Hill and wife to Napoleon Hill, lot 3, block 38, Martin & Smith's second addition, \$3,500.

S. G. Crawford and wife to Mary R. Carpenter, part of block 10, Jackson & Montgomery's addition, \$500.

J. W. Trader and wife to Chris Witcher and wife, lot 5, block 2, Stewart & Thompson's addition, \$400.

## Two Events Tonight.

The Sayman Concert Co. will give a concert at the court house tonight for the benefit of the poor of the city; and tomorrow afternoon, at the same place, will repeat the entertainment for the children.

The ladies of Sacred Heart church will give a social at the parsonage tonight.

## Excursion.

Persons expecting to go to Asbury Park, New Jersey, Chautauqua, New York, or other points of interest in the East, about the 1st of July, are requested to meet in Sicher's parlors, at 2 p. m., Friday, June 22d, where information regarding rates, routes, expenses, etc., may be obtained. MARY V. NEET.

## The Mayor to Speak.

Mayor Hastain will go to Lancaster, Schuyler county, on Saturday, the 30th inst., and deliver an address before the republican county nominating convention. If a chairman should be needed, the DEMOCRAT can recommend Mayor Hastain as a "Jim-Dandy."

## A Democratic Boy.

There was born to the wife of Dave M. Overstreet, this morning, a son. Mother and child are doing well, and "Pap" is able to set up the soda water to his friends.

## LOST.

Driver's route book, on Grand avenue, between Tenth street and the Missouri Pacific railroad. Return to ice plant and receive reward.

We will meet any prices on Hardware, Tinware, or anything else in our line. No use monkeying around for goods, but continue to come to the Old Reliable for good goods and low prices. J. M. OFFIELD.

305 Ohio street.

**SANTAL MIDY**

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cures or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

Sold by all druggists.

## WITNESSES WERE AFRAID.

Excitement at the Trial of Foster for Killing Judge Morgan.

WATER VALLEY, Miss., June 21.

At the opening of the court yesterday the stolen witnesses in the Foster case were the first to be put on the stand, having been found by the sheriff in charge of Detective Richardson, who was attempting to get them out of reach of the court. Pippin, the last of these introduced, asked the judge not to compel him to testify, because there was so much hostility manifested that he was completely intimidated. Being assured protection by the court, they testified and contradicted evidence of the state's principal witness. After this the defense closed and argument for the state was opened by I. T. Blount, followed by Buchanan and Mitchell. Col. J. A. Blair opened for the defense. The argument will close today.

Foster's counsel have been advised that if Foster is acquitted he will be killed. Richardson, the detective, has been placed under a \$2,000 bond to await the action of the grand jury.

## The Origin of It.

"It is many years now since the slang expression 'Who struck Billy Patterson?' was heard all over New York and Brooklyn," said Charles R. Judson, of New York, to a Globe-Democrat reporter yesterday. "Few people remember the origin of the expression, which was really the killing of a young man by sheer fright. Hazing at colleges was as rough then as now, and a common plan was to capture a new student, try him for some imaginary offense, condemn him to execution and then hold his head on a block while a blow was struck on the ground with the dull side of a hatchet. A student named William Patterson was caught and tried in this way and was led weeping and shouting to the block. He was then blindfolded and held down, told that his last day had come, and then the bogus blow was struck with a hatchet. His cries ceased instantly and when the students in alarm tore off his eye bandages and felt his pulse they discovered that he was dead. Several investigations were held to ascertain who struck the fatal blow, and it was because it was finally ascertained that no

one ever struck Billy Patterson at all that the aggravating question referred to was shouted at every stranger by street boys, boot blacks and other juvenile nuisances."

## Aimed at the Trusts.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—Representative Crain of Texas has introduced a bill to place on the free list all products controlled by trusts. The bill recites that Paris green is now handled exclusively by a trust, and proposes to remove the duty from it.

## A Lost Pet.

Mrs. Miza Walsh received some time ago from a friend in the east a present of a fine pug dog, which mysteriously disappeared a few days ago. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder.

## Clerk's Office Closed.

The office of Circuit Clerk Fowler was closed this afternoon during the burial service over the remains of his sister, Mrs. Walker, at the Christian church.

## Teachers Going Home.

Quite a large number of teachers passed through Sedalia, en route to their respective homes from the state convention at Pertle Springs, today.

## Dr. Fleischmann Ill.

Dr. Aug T. Fleischmann was taken quite ill at noon today, the result of becoming overheated, but was much better at 3 o'clock p. m.

## Sweet Springs Water.

Seltzer and Ginger Ale in quarts. Plain water in 2 and 5 gallon cans. 112 Osage. Frank Krueger, Agent.

Go and take your friends to the country. Open cars every half hour via the Forest park line.

Keep eyes on McClellan and buy your wall paper of him.

Evidently Boatright sells the lowest. Try him at 1022 East Third.

## All Born in 1809.

A wave of great men (or babies that were destined to become great) seems to have swept over the world in 1809. Why they were precipitated upon the world during that particular year will, perhaps, never be known, but it is a fact that the following named historical personages count it as their birth year: Lincoln, Gladstone, Darwin, Edgar Allan Poe, Cyrus McCormick, Benjamin Pierce, Alfred Tennyson, Mark Lemon, Jules Favre, Raphael Semmes, Albert Pike and Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Miss Ida Stilwell left last evening for Danville, Ill., where she will visit several weeks.

Miss Georgie Haynes, of Boonville, arrived this morning and is the guest of Miss Gusta Cotton.

Mrs. W. B. Lyons, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Campbell and Mr. and Mrs. Letts, of Effingham, Ill., left this morning for Hannibal and from there will go on a steamboat excursion to Canton, Ill.

## DELIBERATE MURDER.

Tragic End of a Quarrel in the State of Mississippi.

GREENVILLE, Miss., June 21.—A terrible tragedy occurred on the McCutcheon plantation, three miles east of Greenville, about 11 o'clock last night. Jake James and Jim Coleman went to the house of Mitchell Scott and raised a row. Scott's brother-in-law, Judge Black, started to assist him, when Coleman covered him with a pistol, while James cut Scott's throat with a dagger made from an old sword. Scott died in a few moments. James, the murderer, escaped. Coleman is in jail as an accessory.

## Death of a Colored Girl.

Miss Camilla Shipley, colored, aged 18 years, died at her home on West Pacific street, this forenoon, of consumption. The body will be shipped to Tipton at noon tomorrow for burial.

## For the Harvesting Time.

You will need some liquors. Get double stamped goods from \$2 up to \$5. Single, \$1.50 from one-half gallon up. Special rates by five gallons. Krueger's Liquor House, 112 Osage.

## Will Continue the Strike.

The Vernon county miners will meet tomorrow in conference and it is understood the strike will be ordered continued. The operators believe the strike is virtually over.

## Liberal Reward.

Will be paid for the return of a pet pug dog. Either strayed or stolen from 1222 East Third street.

PAT MCENROE.

## A Sick Child.

The young son of "Dad" Smith, janitor at the court house, is quite ill, and the father was called home this afternoon in consequence.







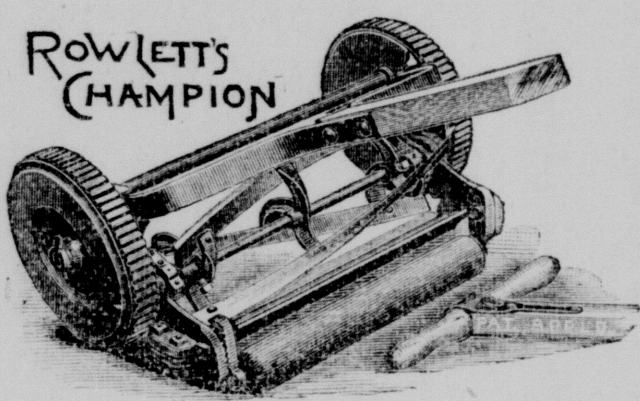
# Announcement Extraordinary Great - Removal - Sale.

Preparatory to occupying our new building we are going to make some prices on Hardware, Tinware, Graniteware and everything in our immense line, that will astonish the natives. Remember this applies to anything and everything in our store. We do this in order to keep from removing the stock to our new store, and the prices we now make will be good only from June 18th to 26th. As a starter we offer

## ROWLETT'S CHAMPION LAWN MOWERS

Reputed to be the best produced in America, as follows:

12 inch	-	-	-	\$2.85.
14 inch	-	-	-	3.35.
16 inch	-	-	-	3.85.



Shepard's Lightning Ice Cream Freezers, 2 qt. at \$1.30, 3 qt. at \$1.55, 4 qt. at \$1.90, 6 qt. at \$2.45, 8 qt. at \$3.15.

White Mount in Ice Cream Freezers, 3 qt. at \$1.80, 4 qt. at \$2.20, 6 qt. at \$2.80, 8 qt. at \$3.60.

Daisy Iron Frame Wringers at \$1.50, Superior Iron Frame Wringers at \$1.60, Rival Wood Frame Wringers at \$1.50, Novelty Wood Frame Wringers at \$1.75.

A reduction of 10 to 15c will be made on every piece of Graniteware in our store. This is a splendid opportunity for every housewife in Sedalia to stock up on Kitchen Utensils.

On Tinware we will almost make your head swim.

2 1 pt. Cups for 5c, 1 qt. 5c, 2 qt. Covered Buckets, 5c, 3 qt., 8c, 4 qt. 10c, 6 qt. 15c. Proportionately low prices will apply to every article in the Tinware line.

On Hay Forks, 4 tine strapped, regular price is 75c. Our price will be 50c. Proportionately low prices on every kind of Forks, Hoes, Scythes, Snaths, Rakes, &c.

On Shovels and Spades, regular 75c goods will go at 50c, 85c and 90c goods will go at 60c, and the same discount to apply on every tool of this kind.

## REMOVAL SALE PRICES

This reduction not only applies to the articles mentioned above, but to any and everything in our store, such as Locks, Butts, Latches, Hinges, Barn-Door Hangers, and all articles in builders' hardware. Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Saws, Adzes, Files, Chisels, Augers, Braces, Planes and everything in tools. Scoops, Shovels, Post-Diggers, Picks, Mattocks, Hoes, Cross-Cut Saws, Post Mauls, Grub Hoes, Bolts, Barb and Plain Wire, Nails, Staples and everything in farm supplies. Table and Pocket Cutlery, Butcher Knives, Kitchen Knives, Bread Knives, Plated Knives and Forks, Carving Sets, Spoons of all kinds, Scissors, Shears, Razors, and all other goods in this line.

Remember this sale lasts but one week, ending Tuesday, June 26th, when we commence removing our stock to our new headquarters, one door east of our present location.

## D. H. SMITH HARDWARE COMPANY, 101-103 East Main Street.

### FORTUNE SWEEP UP.

The Life History of a Former Boonville Negro.

### HE DIED VERY WEALTHY.

Joseph H. Hudlum, an Ex-Slave, Who Died in Chicago Last Lord's Day.

A former Boonville negro is thus referred to in a Chicago dispatch of the 19th inst: Joseph H. Hudlum, who swept up a fortune from the floor of the board of trade, died Sunday night at his home, 115 Fifty-first street. For almost forty years he was janitor of the board of trade. When he began, in 1855, in the first quarters of the board at South Water and Wells streets, there was but one room to take care of, and Hudlum used to sweep it out once a week. In the old chamber of commerce building at LaSalle and Washington streets, he was the head janitor. When the board moved into the present building he remained in charge of the janitor work of the board room proper, and the offices assigned to the officers of the board. He was the autocrat, hiring and discharging his subordinates.

Hudlum received a good salary, but his chief income was derived from the sweepings from the floor. Great quantities of wheat, corn and oats, brought there as samples, are scattered over the floor in the course of a day's trading. All this grain became the property of the head janitor, together with anything else of value that might be dropped in the pit. These sweepings of grain were cleaned and sold at feed stores and feed stables. Hudlum knew how to practice economy, and he leaves property estimated at over \$80,000 to his family, which consists of the widow and two sons.

Hudlum was born as a slave near Richmond, Va., in October, 1829. He took his master's name, and when the latter removed to Boonville, Mo., and took charge of a hotel at Chateau Springs he made Hudlum his steward. Hudlum was afterwards employed as steward of the Mississippi River steamboat Yellowstone. He served in the same

capacity on three trips to Europe. He arrived in Chicago in 1855 and his first situation was as janitor of the board of trade.

During the thirty-nine years that he filled this position in the board of trade he earned the respect of the members. He was careful and trustworthy. He possessed considerable keenness of observation and an excellent memory. Though he saw so many fortunes made and lost in an hour on the board, the spirit of speculation never overcame his steady common sense. He strove only to earn his salary and take advantage of his valuable perquisites and he saved what he made. He was an authority on questions relating to the early history of the board and was often appealed to to settle disputed questions of that kind. He remembered when all the big corners had been attempted, the ones who had attempted them and their fate. Very few who belonged to the board when he entered its service are active these days.

### A PRETTY WEDDING.

The Marriage of Mr. Jas. R. Major and Miss Anna Dickman.

As anticipated by the DEMOCRAT yesterday, Miss Anna Dickman, the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Dickman, and Mr. James R. Major, of the M., K. & T. general offices in St. Louis, were married at the home of the bride's parents, No. 815 West Third street, at 5:30 o'clock last evening, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Wm. Meyer, pastor of the German Evangelical church, in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends.

The cosy home of the family presented a scene of rare beauty, every room in the house having been handsomely decorated with cut and potted flowers, until it resembled a veritable green house. Preliminary to the ceremony Mr. Gus Pehling and Misses Dollie O'Connor and Bertha Dickman sang a wedding march, Dr. A. F. Dresel presiding at the organ. The bride was attired in a handsome gown of gray French serge, trimmed with green braid, to which bride's roses added further charm. The groom was attired in conventional black.

Immediately following the ceremony the guests sat down to a sumptuous wedding supper, that won for Mrs. Dickman and her es-

teemed daughters compliments on every hand.

The wedding presents were numerous, and many of them were both beautiful and valuable.

The feast over, Mr. and Mrs. Major were conveyed to the depot, accompanied by a host of friends, and at 7:20 p. m. left for St. Louis, where they will make their home.

The blessing of the DEMOCRAT is with them.

### Cheap Rates.

Cleveland, Ohio, and return, \$20.65; going July 8th to 11th inclusive.

Asbury Park, N. J., and return, \$31.15; going July 6th and 7th.

Toronto, Ont., and return, \$24.25; going July 16th and 17th; good via Chicago or St. Louis.

For particulars as to routes, limits, etc., call on or address,

A. C. MINER,  
T. P. A. M., K. & T. Ry, Sedalia, Mo.

### A Gauzy Story Exploded.

L. B. Nease, who was charged with having burglarized W. T. Murphy's residence, was discharged in Justice Blair's court last evening, after the evidence had been heard. And thus was another of the Gazette's scare heads sent to join the "dead man lying by the roadside east of town."

### Sedalians On a Visit.

Mayor P. D. Hastain, Misses Floy E. Jackson, Hattie R. Russell, Rebecca E. Nichols and W. M. Graham, of Sedalia, were in our city on a visit last evening.—Warrensburg Star.

### A Sedalia Lady Wedded.

Miss Katie Meyer, of this city, who was married to J. H. Farrah at Kansas City yesterday, is a sister of Mrs. W. H. Newrick, of Sedalia.

Patent Suffering is no virtue if there be a remedy

**Beecham's Pills**

(Tasteless)

positively cure Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache. Why endure continued Martyrdom.

25 cents a box.

Go to Forest park today. Open cars every half hour in the afternoon.

Smoke the National Golden Rod, the best 10c cigar in the city. Manufactured by C. Honkomp, 218 Lamine street.

### For Rent.

A nicely furnished front room, with alcove; young men preferred. Inquire at 217 East Sixth.

Go to Forest park and take your children, they will enjoy it. The cars run every half hour.

Smoke the "Lone Tree" cigar, the best 5 cent cigar in the city. Manufactured by C. Honkomp.

### Fine Pasture

At Brown Springs; living water. Take your stock there. Also good pasture at Forest Park. Apply on premises.

### St. Louis Spring Races.

The M., K. & T. will sell tickets at reduced rates to St. Louis. For rates, dates of sale and limits, call on

H. L. BERRY,  
Ticket Agent.

### Ice Cream Social.

The ladies of the Sacred Heart church will give a lawn social at the residence of Rev. Father Dickman, corner Vermont and Third, next Thursday evening, June 21. Everybody invited.

### Dissolution Notice.

The real estate firm of Morris & West has this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. West will be found at the old stand ready for business.

W. T. MORRIS,  
JOHN J. WEST.

### Wanted.

An active agent in each county in the United States, to solicit subscriptions for the Twice-a-Week Republic. A liberal commission will be paid to hustlers. Address, Superintendent of Circulation, THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo.

### Denver and Return \$17.35.

Tickets will be good going and returning only on the dates given below.

Tickets sold June 23d and 24th good to return only on June 30, July 10th or 27th.

Tickets sold July 21st and 22d good to return only on July 27th, August 2d or 25th.

Tickets sold August 10th and 11th good for return only on August 19th and 25th or September 13th.

H. L. BERRY, Ticket Agent.

## FOR SALE.. Announcement.

I have concluded to make sale of the mill grounds, consisting of two acres, as a whole or in part, dividing north from the Missouri Pacific railway, together with the mill and elevator—this ought to be a valuable manufacturing location—or I would make sale of the buildings to be removed off the grounds. The material consists of 235 perches of stone, 70 M brick, 5 M ft. dimension oak, 10 M ft. dimension pine, and 12 M ft. flooring, siding and board, may be more, at one-half the price of new, or would entertain a bid.

Also one 12-horse P. engine, horizontal, 1-50 in. exhaust fan, one large steam heat fruit evaporator, 16 improved apple pears, and other outfit, all in good order.

Also one-third undivided interest in 3 acres of ground and 8 dwelling houses in the city of Aurora, Mo.

Also will rent or sell my fine brick dwelling on the N. W. corner of Seventh and Washington streets. No incumbrance on any of this property.

Apply to

J. M. BYLER.

LeGrande, Lamine St.

JNO. F. ANTES.



**DR. RODRIGUEZ'S SPANISH TREATMENT.**  
A Positive Written Guarantee for LOST MANHOOD and all attending ailments, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUNG MEN'S DEBILITY, prostrating weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs unfitting one for study, business and marriage is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez' Spanish Nerve Grain. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD PURIFIER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail, \$1.00 per box or 6 for \$5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2399, New York.

For sale by Aug. T. Fleischmann's pharmacy, corner Fourth and Ohio streets, Sedalia, Mo.

We take pleasure in announcing to our friends and patrons that we have leased the large and elegant store room in the Hoffman Building, thus securing the most commodious and most desirable headquarters in the city.

We will move July 1st, and between now and that time will offer to make to order, rather than move, choice of our large assortment of Scotch Cheviot and Worsted Suitings at a great saving to the purchaser.

It will be worth the while of any one contemplating ordering a suit or even trousers, to visit us and get our prices.

Remember we move to Hoffman Building July 1st.

S. R. WOLF,

The Modern Tailor

E. W. GREENE,  
Mgr. Tailoring Dep't.



# Sedalia Weekly Democrat

New Series.

Sedalia, Missouri: Friday, June 22, 1894.

Price Five Cents.

## "JIMMIE" RESIGNED

The Receivership, as Requested  
by His Attorneys.

## SENT IT TO JUDGE FIELD.

John Montgomery, Jr., Receives a Mes-  
sage from the Late Cashier of  
the First National.

## ECKELS AND LATIMER.

They Met in Chicago Wednesday by  
Appointment and Had a Pleas-  
ant Conference.

## MR. LATIMER TO RETURN.

Judge Hoy Renders a Decision Grow-  
ing Out of the Departure of  
Mr. Thompson.

James C. Thompson, the ab-  
sconding cashier of the First Na-  
tional bank, has resigned the re-  
ceivership of the Sedalia, Warsaw  
and Southwestern railway. He did  
so by telegraph Wednesday, the mes-  
sage being sent direct to Judge  
Richard Field at Lexington.

"Jimmie" then wired John Mont-  
gomery, jr., the news of his resi-  
gnation, this being the first telegram  
that has been received in Sedalia  
from the fugitive since he left here  
on the 4th of May.

The telegram asking for Mr.  
Thompson's resignation was sent by  
Jackson & Montgomery on Tues-  
day, so it will be seen that their re-  
quest was promptly complied with.

As to whether or not a successor  
will be named in the near future for  
the vacated position is a question  
that no one appears prepared to  
answer.

Latimer and Eckels Meet.  
Examiner Thorne received a mes-  
sage Wednesday from Receiver Lat-  
imer, dated Chicago, in which he  
stated that he had met Comptroller  
Eckels there during the day, by ap-  
pointment, and had a very satis-  
factory conference with him. Mr.  
Latimer will return to Sedalia on  
Tuesday next to resume his duties  
at the First National, and Examiner  
Thorne will then return to Lincoln,  
Neb., where he has a bad case of  
bank failure to straighten out.

A Chicago dispatch dated yester-  
day says: Comptroller Eckels,  
of the treasury department, is in  
Chicago and today will have a con-  
ference with a number of national  
bank receivers of the west.

"The conference is of a private  
character," said he. "I thought it  
better while I was here to call these  
receivers together to talk over the  
condition of their banks than to  
have them make the journey to  
Washington. The banking business  
of the country was never in a bet-  
ter condition than at the present  
time, so far as money on hand is  
concerned. They have a plethora  
of it now and are as much worried  
to put it out as they were last year  
at this time to keep it in their  
vaults. I look for a resumption of  
general trade as soon as congress  
adjourns and the tariff schedule is  
settled. The stocks of the country  
are pretty well used up and I look  
for a healthier condition of trade  
than we have had for some years."

Not Released as Surety.

In the matter of the complaint of  
J. R. Barrett, one of the securities  
on the bond of J. C. Thompson  
and John R. Gentry, administra-  
tors of the estate of William Gentry,  
deceased, asking that said adminis-  
trators be required to give a new  
bond, because J. C. Thompson has  
left the state with intent to change  
his domicile, Judge Hoy, of the  
probate court, today decided that  
the law required that notice of the  
proceedings should be personally  
served on Thompson, or that a copy  
of the notice should be posted on  
the front door of the court house  
and also mailed to the last known  
postoffice address of Thompson,  
thirty days before the term of court  
at which the hearing is to be had.  
It having been proven to the

court that Thompson had left the  
state with intent to change his do-  
micle, the court also decided that in  
this proceeding that notice to John  
R. Gentry, one of the administra-  
tors, was not a compliance with the  
law requiring the administrators to  
be served with notice. The motion  
to require administrators to give  
new bond was overruled.

## GENUINE DUEL AT CHICAGO.

Two Cattlemen From Montana Meet  
and Fire at Fifteen Paces.

CHICAGO, June 20.—Bailey Nor-  
ris, of Wyoming, and George H.  
Sangers, of Montana, fought a duel  
yesterday at Summit, twenty miles  
out of Chicago.

Sangers was shot through the left  
shoulder, while a bullet from his re-  
volver plowed a furrow through the  
right cheek of Norris.

The men have been enemies for  
some time because of their mutual  
admiration for a woman of Boze-  
man, Mont. They met at the stock  
yards, where they both had arrived  
with cattle, and a fight follow-  
ed in which revolvers were drawn,  
but no shots were fired. Friends  
separated them, however, and it was  
arranged to fight the matter out in  
some quiet place.

Yesterday the two men with two  
friends went out to Summit, on the  
Chicago and Alton road, and find-  
ing a lonely spot near the drainage  
canal, prepared to fight at fifteen  
paces with revolvers. At the word  
"fire," the pistols rang out and  
Norris was shot in the face. At the  
second shot Sangers got it through  
the shoulder, and although both  
men were anxious to continue, the  
fight was stopped, and the quarrel  
patched up. Both men left for St.  
Paul.

## BATTLE WITH BANDITS.

Plot to Capture Cherokee Money Frus-  
trated by Indian Soldiers.

MUSKOGEE, I. T., June 20.—Sun-  
day evening Jim Cook, his brother  
and another person were laying in  
wait at the Half Way House, be-  
tween Tahlequah and Wagoner, to  
capture the Cherokee money in  
transit between Tahlequah and Wa-  
goner, where it was being taken for  
the payment at Vinita, which be-  
gins today. Some one notified the  
treasurer and he sent a squad of the  
national guard ahead of the money.

They surrounded the house, and  
in the fight that ensued one of the  
guard was killed and one of the  
bandits shot. The robbers all es-  
caped, but were followed, and yester-  
day some of the deputies from the  
Muskogee court brought in Tom  
Cook, the one who had been so  
badly shot. He is shot in both  
arms, through the body, through  
the legs and in addition peppered  
all over with buckshot.

He says he and the others had  
been to Tahlequah to draw their  
money, and were attacked before  
they were aware. They belong to  
the famous gang of outlaws who  
have been terrifying the western  
portion of this nation and taking  
horses and cattle by the wholesale.

## DIED ON A TRAIN.

B. B. Brown, of Arrow Rock. Passed  
Peacefully Away.

B. B. Brown, of Arrow Rock, Sa-  
line county, aged 65 years, died in  
a sleeper on Conductor James Mal-  
lory's train, on the M., K. & T.,  
just as it was pulling into Sedalia,  
at 8:15 o'clock Wednesday morning.  
The deceased was sent to the  
asylum last February, his reason  
having been dethroned on account  
of excessive drinking. He wasted  
away until he was a mere skeleton,  
and his son was returning home  
with him in order that his last  
hours might be passed with his  
family.

The body was taken in charge by  
McLaughlin Bros., and was sent  
to Saline county Wednesday even-  
ing for burial. It will be accom-  
panied by the son.

## McKinley Cannot Come.

The republicans of Sedalia have  
been in correspondence with Gov.  
McKinley, of Ohio, with a view of  
having him deliver an address here  
during the campaign, but a letter  
received from him today does not  
afford them much encouragement.  
The governor finds his time well  
occupied, and he does not care to  
come into a state where the demo-  
cratic majority is so overwhelming-  
ly against him and his party.

## "JIMMIE'S" CRIMES.

They Include All That a Banker  
Could Commit.

## SO SAYS JOHN R. WALKER.

He Has Examined the Treaty and Be-  
lieves Thompson Can Be  
Extradited.

While at Boonville, his home,  
Wednesday, Hon. John R. Walker,  
United States district attorney for  
the Western district of Missouri,  
stated in an interview that the ex-  
tradition of J. C. Thompson, now  
in Old Mexico, had been given con-  
sideration by him, but he could not  
divulge all of the information in his  
possession, nor what course that he  
would pursue. Still, in the course  
of conversation, after reviewing the  
case, he stated:

"I thoroughly investigated the  
case, having secured a copy of the  
extradition treaty between Mexico  
and the United States, and endeavor-  
ed to find whether Thompson had  
been guilty of any crime that came  
within the scope of those enumer-  
ated in the treaty. Under this treaty,  
murder, manslaughter, burg-  
lary, robbery, forgery, etc., are ex-  
traditable offenses.

"Forgery, the only crime for  
which one can be extradited, as de-  
fined in the treaty, includes only  
offenses against the federal laws, as  
making false returns to the govern-  
ment and other similar offenses.  
Thompson, therefore, has been  
guilty of no offense for which he

Very Popular  
TAN AND RUSSIA  
SHOES  
—AND—  
OXFORDS  
Wm. Courtney.

could be extradited under the spe-  
cific terms of the treaty, but he has  
been guilty of every crime which a  
man could commit in a bank, and  
is both amenable to and extradita-  
ble under the statutes of Missouri.  
"What steps will be taken by the  
government I do not care to say at  
present."

## An Assessment Soon.

Examiner Thorne had a letter  
from Receiver Latimer Wednesday,  
and it is quite likely the gentleman  
will return to Sedalia the latter part  
of the week, although it is possible  
that his arrival may be delayed  
until the first of next week.

Mr. Thorne says the task of wind-  
ing up the bank's affairs is progress-  
ing favorably. It has been less  
than seven weeks since the suspen-  
sion, but the work is further ad-  
vanced than is generally the case at  
the expiration of three months.  
Nothing has yet been heard from  
the comptroller regarding an as-  
sessment against the stockholders,  
although it is more than probable  
that one will be ordered before the  
end of the month.

The government officials would  
like to see the bank reorganized, as  
is now proposed, but they are not  
counting upon it to any great ex-  
tent. If this could be done it would  
go further than anything else in  
"circling the brows of the officials  
in a halo of glory," as the Gazette  
sarcastically put it the other day.

President Newkirk is still quite  
ill. In regard to the \$3,500 note  
held by the Salmon Falls, N. H.,  
bank, referred to in yesterday's  
DEMOCRAT, Mr. Newkirk admits, it  
is said, that he satisfied the record  
at the recorder's office, but he did so  
on the statement of "Jimmie," who  
informed him that the obligation  
had been liquidated.

## Mr. Walker Here.

John R. Walker, United States  
attorney for the western district of  
Missouri, was in the city Tuesday,

on his way to Springfield, and  
was met at the depot by Judge  
Shirk and County Attorney Hoff-  
man.

The three gentlemen spent the  
time while the train stopped here  
in discussing Mr. Thompson's  
crooked transactions, and the DEM-  
OCRAT has it on excellent authority  
that the preliminary steps have al-  
ready been taken looking to the  
arrest and extradition of the ab-  
sconding cashier.

## Attached a Farm.

The farm known as the Green  
Walker place, consisting of 317  
acres, near Pleasant Green, Cooper  
county, was sold at trustee's sale  
Monday, Sam W. Castle, who  
bought it some time ago, again be-  
coming the purchaser, the consid-  
eration being \$13,000.

Immediately afterwards the prop-  
erty was attached by the sheriff of  
Cooper county, on a writ sent from  
Pettis county, in behalf of the First  
National bank.

Receiver Latimer will endeavor  
to show that the farm in reality be-  
longed to J. C. Thompson instead  
of Mr. Castle, but Lawyer Longan,  
attorney for Mr. Castle, thinks there  
will be no trouble in beating the  
case. James T. Montgomery was  
present at the sale yesterday as at-  
torney for the bank, while J. H.  
Bothwell was on hand as trustee.

## Newkirk and Not Thompson.

J. Q. A. Wentworth was in the city  
in the interest of the Salmon Falls,  
New Hampshire, bank, which has a  
claim of \$3,500 against the First  
National, in the shape of a note  
given by B. S. Rembaugh, of the  
Enterprise mills.

The note in question was placed  
with the Salmon Falls bank at a dis-  
count. Subsequently the note was

Very Popular  
TAN AND RUSSIA  
SHOES  
—AND—  
OXFORDS  
Wm. Courtney.

paid by the maker to the First Na-  
tional, and on May 6, 1886, during  
Recorder Conner's term of office,  
the record was satisfied by Cyrus  
Newkirk as president of the bank,  
instead of by Cashier Thompson, as  
stated by the Gazette this morning.

Instead of the money being re-  
mitted by the First National to the  
Salmon Falls bank it was used by  
the home bank and the interest paid  
on the \$3,500 to the Salmon Falls  
institution.

This is said to be the first ques-  
tionable transaction traced directly  
to the door of President Newkirk,  
and Examiner Thorne stated this  
afternoon that it was possible that  
Mr. Newkirk had been imposed  
upon by Mr. Thompson.

## Dr. Caldwell Married.

A telegram received Wednesday  
stated Dr. O. B. Caldwell of this city  
was married at Springfield, Ill., at  
11:30 o'clock that forenoon, to Miss  
Lillian Warren, one of the most  
highly accomplished young ladies  
of the Capital City.

The bridal trip will include a visit  
to the home of the groom at Dan-  
ville, Ky., after which they will  
make Sedalia their home.

Among the Sedalians who were  
present at the marriage were Chas.  
H. Frank H. Eastey and Dr. E.  
W. Bear.

To the genial Doctor and his fair  
young bride the DEMOCRAT joins a  
host of Sedalia friends in extending  
congratulations.

## Both Gave Bond.

Ike and Sam Redcay, charged  
with feloniously assaulting Jas.  
Stewart with a hoe, gave bond in  
the sum of \$500 each, Wednesday,  
for their appearance before Justice  
Fisher July 10th.

## Death of a Child.

Florence Ray, aged 2 years, died  
at the home of her parents, ten  
miles south of the city, of whooping  
cough, and was buried from Pin  
Oak church Tuesday.

## PRETTY MAY COLVIN

She Stole Horses and Went to  
the Penitentiary.

## WHO THE GIRL REALLY IS.

Her Sweetheart, Who Was Led Astray  
by Her, is Also Behind the  
Prison Walls.

The female department of the  
penitentiary undoubtedly furnishes  
the most depraved types of  
humanity, says a writer in the St.  
Louis Republic. Primarily, the  
partiality of courts and juries for  
women characterizes every judicial  
system of civilization; and so it  
must be a depraved and dangerous  
woman whom a jury of Americans  
will sentence to penal servitude.

There are fifty-seven women in  
the Missouri penitentiary. Seven-  
teen of them are white. Most of  
them are old and haggard, but two  
or three of the whites are young,  
with traces of beauty upon their  
features. The officials say that the  
women are much more difficult to  
handle than the men. They are  
like unruly children, whom no  
amount of punishment can subdue.

They are loud and exclamatory, and  
their profanity and obscenity when  
their ire is aroused would put an  
English fishmonger to the blush.  
Warden Pace has come nearer to  
subduing them than any of his pre-  
decessors by finding employment  
for the majority of them at the shoe  
trade.

Decidedly the most unique per-  
sonality of the female population of  
the prison is May Colvin.

May is only 18 years old, and is  
a rustic beauty. Dress her in the  
gorgeous paraphernalia of Lillian  
Russell and she would be a more  
brilliant beauty than that stage  
celebrity. She has great blue eyes  
and a mass of touseled blond hair  
of Titian tint. Her form is luscious  
—well rounded and plump, and her  
cheeks are red with the vigorous  
life of the Ozarks, whence she  
came.

Her mouth is one that an impres-  
sionable artist would go wild over,  
with its cherry-red lips of sensuous  
curves, the whole forming the most  
perfect Cupid's bow.

And withal, May is a horse thief,  
and doesn't deny it.

Certainly the confinement in the  
penitentiary has brought out her na-  
tive beauty, that must have been  
blurred or obscured by her exposure  
to all sorts of rough weather while  
fleeing over the plains and moun-  
tains of the southwest from the of-  
ficers, or else no jury could have  
ever been induced to give her a  
term in prison, especially for so  
common and plebeian an offense as  
stealing horses.

But May is not only a horse thief,  
but a jail breaker as well, by her  
own confession. Her feat in break-  
ing from the jail at Girard, Kas.,  
where she was confined about two  
years ago for horse stealing, her es-  
cape to Jasper county, Missouri, and  
her subsequent capture there and  
prosecution on an old charge will  
be recalled by the readers of news-  
papers.

"Well, I have no hard-luck story  
to tell," was the way May greeted  
the Republic representative. "They  
made no mistake in my case. Nearly  
everybody else in here is inno-  
cent, according to their own  
statement, but I'm not. I'm here  
for stealing horses."

"When I heard you were here  
and wanted to see me, I thought  
you were an officer from Girard,  
Kas., and wanted to take me back  
there for breaking out of jail. I'm  
glad you are not, but I guess they'll  
come for me as soon as my term is  
out here, which will be in about 14  
months, if I behave myself. I've  
been a pretty good girl since I've  
been here. The reason for it, I  
guess, is that I haven't had a chance  
to be bad. However, I've man-  
aged to so break the rules as to be  
put in the darkroom two or three  
times. But I'm going to behave  
myself from now on, so I can get  
the benefit of the three-fourths rule."

"I don't know why I've turned  
out so bad, unless it is that it was  
just born in me. My mother is a  
good woman, only 35 years old  
now, a member of the Methodist  
church and has been married  
three times. She raised me  
right, and my father, who  
is a dentist, and the only father I

have ever known, was always kind  
and indulgent to me. I went to the  
public schools in Webb City until I  
was 16 and then the devilment be-  
gan to crop out in me. I don't  
know why, either.

"Nobody ever taught me any  
wrong. I'm not like other women,  
either, in blaming my downfall on  
any man. Nobody Breckinridge  
me. But I guess Charlie Creech,  
my sweetheart, who is over on the  
other side of the wall for petit lar-  
ceny, could tell you, if he would,  
that I was the cause of his going  
wrong. We'll get out of this place  
about the same time, and if the of-  
ficers of Kansas don't grab me as  
soon as I get out of the gate I guess  
I'll join him again and we'll enjoy  
life together as we please."

## A PEST IN PETTIS.

By Some Considered a Flower, But a  
Nuisance Just the Same.

A gentleman calls the attention of  
the DEMOCRAT to a matter of which  
our farmers and gardeners ought to  
take notice.

The common white daisy of the  
eastern states has been planted in  
the flower gardens of the city, and,  
under the romantic name of "Mar-  
guerite," is propagated and ad-  
mired by the ladies, who yet look  
upon it as a rare flower. But as a  
pest and a nuisance to the farmer  
it is much worse than Canada thistles  
or cockle burrs.

In New England, in some locali-  
ties, it has taken the meadows and  
pastures until they are practically  
ruined. The cemetery is full of  
them and on the Monsees fruit  
farm, two or three miles north of  
town, it is all along the road sides.

It would be now easy to kill it  
out, but if let alone a few years the  
farmers will be asking the legisla-  
ture for relief, and without avail,  
for if the pest once gets fairly  
rooted in the rich soil of our pas-  
tures and meadows it can never be  
eradicated.

## DELIBERATE MURDER.

Tragic End of a Quarrel in the State of  
Mississippi.

GREENVILLE, Miss., June 21.—A  
terrible tragedy occurred on the  
McCutcheon plantation, three miles  
east of Greenville, about 11 o'clock  
last night. Jake James and Jim  
Coleman went to the house of  
Mitchell Scott and raised a row.  
Scott's brother-in-law, Judge Black,  
started to assist him, when Coleman  
covered him with a pistol, while  
James cut Scott's throat with a dag-  
ger made from an old sword. Scott  
died in a few moments. James, the  
murderer, escaped. Coleman is in  
jail as an accessory.

## A Bull in a Well.

A \$200 Jersey bull owned by  
Farmer Moss, living two miles south  
of town, fell into an unused well  
this Wednesday and had its neck  
broken.

The well was covered with some  
rotten plank, and when the animal  
stepped upon them he broke through  
and pitched head first to the bot-  
tom. He was hauled out with ropes  
and horses, but was dead, of  
course.

## Baptist Missionary Society.

The Missouri Baptist Women's  
Missionary society began their an-  
nual meeting at the Baptist church  
in Warrensburg today and continue  
in session three days. The society  
was organized about twenty-two  
years ago, and represents a church  
membership in this state of about  
135,000. From 100 to 150 dele-  
gates are expected to be in attend-  
ance.

## Election of Directors.

The annual meeting of the stock-  
holders of the Equitable Loan and  
Investment association Tuesday re-  
sulted in the election of the follow-  
ing directors:

E. E. Johnston, C. B. Rodes, J.  
H. Doyle, J. H. Rodes, John Mont-  
gomery, jr., Wm. H. Powell, jr.,  
and W. D. Fellows.

The same directors were chosen  
for Association No. 2.

## Capt. Stevens in Texas.

Capt. E. W. Stevens, of Sedalia,  
Mo., was in the city today en route  
to Sherman, where he makes a com-  
bination sale of blooded horses  
soon. This lot numbers fifty head  
of the superior breed of animals  
from the stock center. Captain  
Stevens' horses are standard bred  
right up in the purple and without  
exception are sound and well.—  
Denison Herald, 19th.



## Sedalia Democrat.

The following named gentlemen are authorized to receive subscriptions for the SEDALIA DEMOCRAT: Wm. Hoffman, Longwood; Thomas G. May, Hughesville; A. H. Nicholas, Houstonia; Harry Agee, Lamonte; James S. Ream, Green Ridge; R. W. Overstreet, Smithton, Mo.; Daniel Botts, Pauline, Mo.; James Vaughn, Green Ridge, Mo.; J. P. Skillman, Dresden, Mo.; Hupp Bros, Otterville, Mo.; H. Keuper, Camp Branch, Mo.; R. T. Quisenberry, Houstonia, Mo.

MANY republicans are "satisfied" that the late convention could not have been more boss-ridden than it was.

THE bosses can afford to smile at the dissatisfaction in the republican ranks if by any accident they should win in the coming campaign.

NAT LOWER must feel lonesome on the republican ticket. He is the only nominee for a county office who does not get his mail at the Sedalia postoffice.

COXEY has accepted the populist nomination for congress in the McKinley district in Ohio, and he may possibly be elected, as from McKinleyism to Coxeism is only one step.

THE Ohio republicans, if they are really in favor of "restoring silver to its rightful place," must get rid of John Sherman and find some other leader than Governor McKinley.

IF Filley and Van Horn can arrive at an understanding and succeed in declaring for silver coinage, the Globe-Democrat will no longer be able to pose as the party organ in Missouri.

THE enthusiasm manifested by the republicans in the late city campaign is in marked contrast with the apathy which now envelopes the g. o. p. The bosses and the "delegate" convention are responsible.

THE republican county committeemen who were argued into believing that a primary election would give Sedalia an unfair advantage can see in the ticket as made up how badly they were deceived.

A CHICAGO dispatch says the Illinois populists have decided to make Secretary Gresham their candidate for United States senator to succeed Cullom. This is the unkindest cut that has yet been made at the cabinet.

THE Kansas democrats propose to make a straight fight this year, instead of fusing with the populists, which implies that they would rather be beaten than to share in another such a victory as was gained when the present state officers were elected.—Globe Democrat.

But the Globe-Democrat looks favorably upon a coalition between the republicans and populists in this state, and seems willing to give Missouri a dose of the medicine Kansas has been taking.

THE statement of State Treasurer Stephens in regard to state finances will be read with pleasure by every patriotic Missourian. Under democratic rule Missouri credit has become as good as that of the United States itself, and everywhere business men and financiers recognize that this state has been characterized of late years by the wisest and best management of public affairs.

### ENFORCE THE LAW.

When the rich, the powerful, the influential escape through the meshes of the law and the poor, the obscure, the weak are punished for lesser crimes, not only is injustice done but the mass of citizens lose respect for and confidence in organized government.

When a man has posed as a leader of men and as a model citizen, and uses the cloak of respectability to hide a career of crime, the duty of bringing him to punishment is all the more imperative, because his example is the more potent for evil and his crime the more inexcusable because of the influences that were at work to keep him within the path of honor and integrity.

Bad as was the failure of the First National bank, it is even more unfortunate and more to be regretted that the cashier can quietly close the doors after the institution has been wrecked and flee the country, and then, surrounded by rich relatives and backed by influential friends, live in luxury in a foreign city and laugh at the law he has violated and mock the public he has betrayed.

Thompson's flight was a confession of guilt. Nothing else can be made of it.

The tale he tells of being hounded out of the country by the newspapers is a deliberate falsehood, as the record shows.

He left Sedalia ostensibly to go to Washington on May 4th. No newspaper criticism appeared until May 8th, when it had become evident that he had fled to parts unknown instead of going to Washington.

If the cashier was no more culpable than others connected with the bank, why did he not remain in Sedalia and face the charges against him.

He knew that he had scores of friends who would believe him innocent until the evidence or his own actions should convict him.

Other officers of the bank remained here and have been treated with marked courtesy and kindness.

There has been an absence of criticism truly remarkable under the circumstances, and which can only be explained on the theory that they should be considered innocent until proven guilty.

Thompson was the most popular man connected with the bank, and he ought to have known that he would be treated with as much kindness and forbearance as any other, so long as his actions gave his friends grounds to doubt his guilt.

But he fled at the first opportunity, thus virtually confessing his guilt, and signalized his arrival at a place of fancied security by a brazen false statement as to the reason for his flight.

Thus he has not even reformation and penitence to plead for him, but still adheres to the policy of falsehood and deception which he practiced so successfully.

This man should be brought to trial, let it cost what it may.

He is charged with violations of both state and federal laws, and every charge that can be substantiated should be brought forward and vigorously prosecuted, and no possible chance to extradite him should be neglected.

This is not persecution—it is justice.

No good citizen wants to convict Thompson if he is innocent, any more than to shield him if guilty.

But the example he has set is so dangerous that the duty of punishing him is imperative.

Public sentiment must not condone his crimes or consent to see him shielded or excused.

Even admitting that his crimes were committed in the hope of keeping the bank from becoming bankrupt, then he must have known that the institution was in a failing condition, and he has another crime to answer for—that of receiving deposits when he knew the bank was in a failing condition.

The whole truth in regard to the failure can never be made public until Thompson is brought to trial. He knows the history of the bank and of every criminal transaction, who is innocent and who is guilty, and his trial would throw a clear light upon many things that the public does not now understand, and would remove or confirm suspicions now in the public mind.

Let justice be done!

Let it be shown that the law can reach the rich as well as the poor, and is no respecter of persons.

Thus, and thus only, can the law be upheld and its operations and mandates be made respected.

### "A QUEER CONDITION."

There is food for thought in the following editorial which the Kansas City Journal publishes under the caption, "A Queer Condition."

"Occasion was taken a few days ago to make personal inquiry among business men as to the state of trade in Kansas City. Some remarkable facts were developed by this inquiry. It seems that the business men have fallen into a very bad habit. They have talked about hard times so long that they are like the man who told a remarkable story so often that finally he believed it himself.

Just why merchants should desire to talk hard times is an unsolved problem, but the investigation referred to makes it evident that there is more talk than anything else in it. Wholesale men were seen in all the various lines of trade. Manufacturers were questioned, and large dealers of all kinds put upon the stand.

In the dry goods line it was said that in that business the trade had increased by 15 to 20 per cent over that of the same time last year; groceries showed an increase of 15 per cent; drugs showed an increase of 10 per cent; manufactures showed an increase of 25 per cent; live stock and packing indus-

tries showed large gains. But while the gentlemen interested in the various lines admitted that they were doing better business, they universally said that all other lines were doing worse than last year.

In other words, these gentlemen knew that their lines of trade were showing an increase, but they were so in the habit of talking about bad business that they could not resist the opportunity of saying that general business was poor because those businesses of which they knew nothing were not in good condition.

There is a lesson in this. Stop talking about bad business and talk the other way. Tell those things that you know are good and leave all conjectures about unknown business out of the conversation. Real estate is in demand despite the croaking of certain men who think prices have gone and are going away down. Good property is in demand with no offers. Pieces of real estate that are well located and that have favorable positions can not be bought, although there are many buyers with ready money on hand to take the land. Business is good and improving all the time. Do not talk bad business when such a condition obtains."

The condition described in the above exists in many other places besides Kansas City.

People talk hard times until they convince themselves and their neighbors that general bankruptcy is at hand, when a glance at their own business would convince them that trade might easily be worse.

Then there is another class who talk "hard times" for political purposes.

They believe that by talking business stagnation and universal poverty in season and out of season they can prejudice the minds of the unthinking against the party in power and thus increase the opposition vote.

They do not stop to consider that they thus do themselves and their own business incalculable injury and set an example that will certainly be followed by any other party that happens to be in the minority.

It is much better for the general public to look occasionally, at least, upon the bright side of the picture and not live in eternal gloom in the hope of thus winning a political victory.

### THE SUGAR TRUST SCANDAL.

The Kansas City Journal, which is in some respects and on some occasions fairly representative of western sentiment, but which on the tariff issue is blindly partisan, perpetrates the following:

"Now that the democratic party has been caught red handed in a deal with the sugar trust, democratic organs have suddenly discovered that the sugar trust 'always gets what it wants from either party.' The last republican congress put sugar on the free list. Is that what the trust wanted?"

The statement is false and misleading, and the editor of the Journal is too well informed to be ignorant of the facts.

"The last republican congress" did not "put sugar on the free list."

That congress in enacting the McKinley bill did put raw sugar on the free list, but raw sugar is purchased only by the sugar trust and not by the people, and free raw sugar was what the trust wanted.

The McKinley bill placed a protective duty on the product of the trust, but admitted free of duty the raw sugar that the trust imports from foreign countries.

Thus the Journal is convicted of an attempt to mislead its readers and is trying to make capital out of the sugar scandal when, in truth, the McKinley bill was more friendly to the sugar trust than is the pending measure, because it taxed the people on the refined sugar for the benefit of the trust and refused to tax the trust upon its imports.

The new bill will afford \$50,000,000 revenue for the government. The McKinley bill put more than that amount into the pockets of the owners of the sugar trust.

Neither has the democratic party "been caught red-handed in a deal with the sugar trust."

The evidence before the committee shows the absolute falsity of the charge that the trust had contributed to the national democratic campaign fund.

On the other hand the evidence is positive that the trust gave money to the democratic state committees in democratic states and to republican state committees in republican states.

The sugar trust is like the other trusts, always for itself.

The DEMOCRAT—and democrats generally—is opposed to all trusts and anxious to abolish the system of laws under which these trusts have been built up and business

centralized in the hands of a few great corporations.

But the Journal, and republicans generally, however loudly they abuse trusts, are in favor of perpetuating a system which enables these pernicious trade conspiracies to monopolize the home markets and levy tribute on the American people.

### THE COMING CAMPAIGN.

In the course of an interview with a St. Louis Republic reporter Gov. Stone says:

"Shall I take part in the campaign? Certainly. Almost every mail brings me invitations to speak, and I intend to respond to as many as I can spare time from my office to accept. Rest assured that those of us who made the Kansas City platform and the constituencies we represented will do our full duty. The very necessities of the case compel us to fight for victory, whatever others may do. I think we can win, and we will win if we avoid mistakes and all pull together."

Of course Governor Stone will take part in the campaign! He will deal powerful blows in defense of democratic principles.

So will ex-Governor Francis, Hon. R. Graham Frost and all of the leaders whom the party has honored in the past and whom it proposes to honor again in the future.

There is no real diversity of opinion among Missouri democrats on the principle of bimetalism or tariff reform.

Democrats may differ as to the policy of a sweeping change in our coinage laws or tariff duties, but when the party convention has decided what is the wisest policy all real democrats will go to work to make the victory as signal as possible.

All Missouri democrats desire to see silver restored to its rightful place as a money metal, and after it has been decided that a certain policy is the surest and speediest way to reach that end, there are no longer divisions or differences in the party.

The DEMOCRAT expects to see all the democratic leaders in the harness, and the governor and the ex-governor will be foremost in the fight. The only rivalry between them will be as to which can do the best work for the party whose principles he venerates and whose members have conferred the honor of leadership upon him.

Missouri has a record to make this year.

The empire state of the west—destined to be the empire state of the union—is contesting for the honor of writing the national platform and furnishing presidential candidate of the democracy in 1896.

To win this honor all past victories should be surpassed this year.

THE charge is openly made that the row over the sugar schedule in the senate has been worked up by the sugar trust in the hope that the exposures made would induce the house to knock out the senate schedule and thus enable the trust to proceed under the McKinley tariff, which is far more favorable to the trust than even the senate schedule. It is possible that the trust schemers have over-shot the mark. The demand for free refined sugar has grown so strong that congressmen and senators who are wise will listen to it, and while the trust may have gained a little time and prolonged the life of the McKinley law for a short time, it has really dug its own grave.

THE Globe-Democrat says, "The break which has just occurred in the McKinley line in Ohio, has taken the country by surprise." The "break in the McKinley line" is not of recent date. It occurred in 1890, when the people of the country repudiated McKinleyism; it grew wider in 1892, when the verdict against the policy advocated by the Ohio leader was more strongly emphasized. Whenever the people have a chance to think and to record their honest opinions the break will widen. The country is tired of McKinleyism.

MONEY is abundant in the large cities and if, by common consent, the people will quit talking hard times idle capital will begin to seek investment and trade and commerce will revive. Capital is timid. It does not eat. It can lie idle. If everybody he meets talks hard times and predicts continued business depression it is pretty certain that the

capitalist will lock his good money securely in his strong box and wait for the anticipated financial storm to expend its fury.

OUR republican friends are by no means as harmonious as they might be. The bosses who secured and managed the "delegate" convention are highly gratified at their victory over the masses, but they are becoming quite nervous at the prospect of running their favorites against the deep-seated and emphatic disapprobation of the convention's methods; then the free silver republicans are becoming troublesome after the encouragement they have received from Kansas and Ohio, and the well-known leaning of Brother Baldwin, the manager of the local organ, toward populism is creating distrust in the ranks. Altogether the g. o. p. is in an unhappy frame of mind, and no wonder scores of the faithful are demanding a new deal.

It is charged that a gigantic conspiracy to corner the coal market has been unearthed at Cincinnati. The prime movers are Chicago men and it is alleged that they have bribed influential men among the miners to urge them to continue the strike until October. This would greatly enhance the price of the coal the conspirators have on hand and enable them to extort millions from the consumers who are forced to buy coal at any price. Of course the suffering imposed upon the destitute families of the miners cuts no figure with the heartless schemers.

If the season continues favorable Central Missouri will produce the largest yield of corn ever harvested in this section. The growing crop was never in better condition, the fields are clear of grass and weeds and never looked more promising. A big corn crop is always followed by good times locally. Even if the price is low every farmer has corn to sell and that means money in the pockets of the farmers and everybody else.

NOTHING will come of the effort a number of sincere republicans are making to induce the county committee to ask the resignation of the candidates selected by the "delegate" convention and order a new deal. The bosses are in control and they will never consent to see the work that cost them so much time and trouble undone.

THE savage condemnation which is visited upon the senate sugar clause in the tariff bill, says the Free Press, ought to attract attention afresh to the iniquity of the McKinley tariff. Bad as the sugar schedule is conceded to be it is testified by the trust men that it is only one-half as favorable to them as the existing tariff.

HAVING defeated Mr. Bothwell in the eastern district, where the republican vote is the largest, the democracy will have no trouble in downing him in the county at large. This task is made all the easier by reason of the wire-pulling and bossism which has disgusted so many republicans.

SENATOR QUAY, one of the trusted republican leaders, tells the senate investigating committee that he speculates in sugar trust stock. That "investigation" has covered the republican leaders with confusion instead of paning out the hoped for campaign material.

THE republican organ is fulsome in its praise of Hon. J. H. Bothwell's "record" in the legislature. The fact, however, that the voters rejected Mr. Bothwell at the first opportunity after the record was made out-weighs many columns of praise and flattery.

WE still talk hard times in the United States, and yet it appears that this country stands alone in showing an increase of exports during the first three months of 1894 as compared with same period last year.

CORN is going to be king in Central Missouri this year, and a king, too, that will put money in everybody's pocket and make us all forget hard times, temporarily, at least.

St. Louis Spring Races.  
The M., K. & T. will sell tickets at reduced rates to St. Louis. For rates, dates of sale and limits, call on  
H. L. BERRY,  
Ticket Agent.

## CURE FOR OTHERS

To build up both solid flesh and strength after grip, pneumonia, fevers and other prostrating diseases, there is nothing to equal Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

## PROSTRATION FOLLOWING GRIP.

Mrs. RUBEN GARRETT, King George C. H. Va., writes: "I was taken with grip, which finally resulted in pneumonia. Was prostrated for three months. Had a terrible cough and was emaciated and very weak. Was fast drifting into 'quick consumption.' The doctor gave me medicines all the time. I grew weaker. He advised cod liver oil emulsion. I took two bottles of it without any relief. I had pain in my left shoulder and back."

Mrs. GARRETT. I wrote you, and you prescribed your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I took only one bottle before I felt better. After two bottles I could sit up, and felt I had been saved from the grave. I increased rapidly in flesh and strength."

## WHY NOT YOU?

## RECOVERED HIS DOG.

A Little Local in the "Evening Democrat" Did the Work.

On Sunday night Rev. Father B. Dickman, of Sacred Heart church, had stolen from his premises the large and handsome pedigreed dog that was expressed to him by a Kansas friend recently.

As the reverend gentleman prized the canine highly, he inserted an advertisement in the DEMOCRAT of Monday, offering a reward for the recovery of the animal.

Two hours after paper was out the DEMOCRAT received a dispatch from Lamonte, saying that the dog was there, and two suspicious men who had the brute in charge had been arrested.

Father Dickman was apprised of the contents of the message, and in company with Chas. Keck left this morning for Lamonte, where they recovered the canine and returned home at 10:25 a. m.

The two men who had been arrested were released, as Father Dickman did not care to prosecute them, notwithstanding their act cost him several dollars.

## MR. GENTRY'S HORSES.

The Good Showing They Are Making at Terre Haute.

Pettis county horses are thus referred to in the Terre Haute, Ind., Express of Sunday, the 17th.

J. A. Ramey, with the three pacing brothers by Ashland Wilkes, dam Dame Wood, by Wedgewood, has three that will do to go to the race with. The 5-year-old John R. Gentry worked an easy half in 1:06, quarter in 32½ seconds, and was not extended at any part of the trip. Gentry is a remarkable horse. As a 3-year-old he made thirteen starts and never lost a heat, going into winter quarters with a record of 2:13½. Last year he was not campaigned and can this season be looked on as a very promising candidate for high honors. If he should fail there will still be honors plenty in his family, as his 2-year-old brother, Theodore Shelton, needs only to stay right to do the world's record trick.

Friday Mr. Ramey let him go what seemed to be a dead easy quarter in 32 seconds. What made it seem easy was that about 100 yards from the wire Mr. Ramey shook the little fellow up and from there out his flight was like a shot out of a gun. If there ever was a 2-minute clip shown by a pacer the little fellow did it right there. When congratulated upon the time made, Mr. Ramey remarked, "While it may sound like wild talk, I am confident that I can drive the little fellow a quarter in 29 seconds." The colt is well developed and is strong enough to carry his clip.

The chestnut mare Dame Wood, by Wedgewood, bids fair to rank as a top notcher in the throwing of extreme speed, when the records of the year are made up. She has already to her credit John R. Gentry, 2:13½ pacing as a 3-year-old, Myron McHenry, 2:19¼ trotting. Her other colts, Theodore Shelton, with pacing record of 1:11 for half mile as a yearling, will come near going into winter quarters with the 2-year-old pacing record.

He is about the fastest piece of horseflesh that is brushing out these June days. Right now he can go a quarter in 30 seconds, and how much faster it is hard to say. He has a 4-year-old brother that will secure a record of 2:20 about the first time he is started up. One of the curious things about the old mare's colts is that all those that follow her in color are trotters, while all the bays are pacers.

## Kicked by a Horse.

Mary May, the little daughter of J. D. May, who resides ten miles north of the city, was kicked by a horse on Sunday and was severely injured. She was unconscious and unable to move for twenty-four hours. The little girl was a little better today, but her recovery is still in doubt.



## AN INFAMOUS PLOT.

## Great Anarchist Conspiracy in Washington.

## TO BLOW UP THE CAPITOL.

The Plot Also Included the Treasury—The Deadly Compound to be Used.

The startling intelligence of an infamous plot to blow up the national capital and treasury building at Washington is given in the following dispatch to the Kansas City Times of Monday and will cause the American people to experience a thrill of horror at contemplating the fiendish cruelty of those engaged in the awful conspiracy:

"An anarchist plot to blow up the public buildings in Washington has been discovered by the district police.

The leader of the anarchists is H. J. Jaxon, a half-breed French Canadian who has for years been closely identified with the Chicago anarchists, and whose office has been located in the Times building in that city.

For weeks past a house at 1921 Vermont avenue in this city, where the secret meetings of the anarchists have been held, has been watched by the police, and a man named De Masters, known both as doctor and professor, and an ex-Episcopalian minister, has attended the meetings and is the informant.

The formula from which the explosives were to be made has been obtained, and the compound made and tested. It is the latest hellish device of the anarchists and explodes from the heat of the sun, throwing out a deadly poisonous vapor. No arrests have yet been made and the police refuse to reveal the full information and have sought to keep the story from the papers. Knowledge of the plot became, however, too generally known to prevent a leak.

Sergeant-at-Arms-Bright of the senate was the first to receive any information. The vice president was then informed; also the night watch at the capitol, and the speaker of the house. Secretary Carlisle was told of a plot against the treasury department, and the president was also informed of the situation. With the police working steadily on the case for weeks past, not enough information has been obtained upon which certainty of conviction could be assured, and for this reason the arrests have been postponed day after day.

Jaxon's presence in the city was hinted at in the telegraphic dispatches before the arrival of Coxey. He came here before the commonwealth army, and rode over the route which Coxey would follow.

The information which De Masters brought was that Jaxon had expected to find no difficulty in organizing a strong association of anarchists here, and that it was also expected that anarchists would flock in here from all directions with the commonwealthers. Jaxon was disappointed in finding the local anarchists, but on the day of the commonwealth parade rode from New York, Philadelphia and Chicago, and a meeting was held. A hint of this message was given the police at the time, but the suspects departed and the fear temporarily subsided.

Shortly after this Sergeant-at-Arms Bright received a letter which was of such an earnest nature warning him of a plot to blow up the capitol and other public buildings that he decided to investigate. It was one of hundreds of letters that he had received, but the earnestness manifested by the writer caused him to make an investigation. He consulted with Major Moore, superintendent of the district police, and the author of the letter was met per agreement, and proved to be the ex-preacher, De Masters, who had been taken in by the Anarchists. De Masters was put under pay, and instructed to attend all the meetings. He did so, and made daily reports to the chief of police.

Word was finally brought that with the arrival of Frye's army, now in the Cumberland valley, there would be an influx of anarchists and that the time for putting the plans into execution would then be ripe. It was decided to wait until then before making any arrests, and in the meantime Jaxon and his follow-

ers have obtained information that they were being watched.

Even with the knowledge that the facts were to be published, the police tonight refused to give out the information in their possession as to the extent of the plot or the names of the men who were associated with Jaxon. It is settled that eight men met regularly at 1821 Vermont avenue, but whether this comprised all those in the plot could not be learned. Jaxon will be remembered as chief lieutenant to Louis Reil in the half-breed Canadian rebellion. Tonight it is believed all the anarchists have fled."

## BLUE, INDEED.

This Is the Way Gen. Odon Guitar Sees It Politically.

Gen. Odon Guitar, the republican war horse of Boone county, was in Rocheport for a few hours last Friday, says the Commercial.

The general, as usual, was full of politics and anxious to let off steam. He stated that, in his opinion, it was useless to place a candidate in the field against the Hon. John T. Heard, as our worthy congressman would receive the fullest support of the democratic party of his district, and besides would capture fully one-third of the republican votes.

Guitar is right in his assertion that Heard can poll a larger vote than any other congressman in the state. When asked if there would be a republican ticket placed in the field, the general winked knowingly and replied: "You democrats nominate Kneisley and see."

## WON BY THE COMPANY.

A Decision in the Pettis County Investment Company Case.

The Pettis County Investment company won its suit in the state supreme court Monday.

Some months ago Attorney General Walker instituted quo warranto proceedings against the company to forfeit its charter, to which the defendant, through its attorneys, Jackson & Montgomery, filed a demurrer.

Monday the court in banc sustained the demurrer, but President Corkins informs the DEMOCRAT that no effort will not be made to resume business until a legal decision can be obtained as to whether or not defendant is guilty of a violation of the anti-lottery law by carrying on its business through the United States mails.

## AN ALLEGED RAPE.

The Authorities Take Very Little Stock in the Story, Though.

A countryman named Goodrich Monday applied to Justice Fisher for a warrant for the arrest of a young man on the charge of having attempted to criminally assault a 12-year-old girl in the country, but after thorough investigation the paper was refused.

The authorities say there is no foundation for the charge, as the child was not molested in the least, but was merely asked to take a buggy ride and offered a quarter if she would do so by the individual for whom the warrant was wanted.

## A SUIT FOR \$8,428.

It Is Brought Against J. C. Thompson By Attachment.

W. A. Latimer, receiver for the First National bank, today instituted suit by attachment in the Pettis county circuit court against J. C. Thompson to recover \$8,428 alleged to be due the bank by the defendant.

The papers were sent to Cooper county, where it is hoped to find property belonging to Thompson that can be levied upon in behalf of the bank.

## Daltons in Saline.

The citizens of Herndon and vicinity, says the Marshall Democrat-News, will remember Charles and Lyttleton Dalton who in 1878-9 lived upon the farm that was soon afterwards purchased by F. M. Christy. It then belonged to an uncle of theirs named Robert Noel, who traded for it the year before. He sent his two nephews, Lyt. and Charlie Dalton, from California to crop it one year. They did so, but failed as farmers and skipped out, leaving numerous debts behind. They were brothers of the late Bill Dalton, the bank robber and all around thief, and were known as tough citizens, but not dangerous men.

## KILLED AT MOBERLY

A Bad Man from Kentucky Runs Amuck.

## HE SHOT A POLICEMAN.

In Turn He Was Shot Dead in His Tracks—Nothing Known Regarding Him.

A stranger from Barbersville, Ky., arrived in Moberly Sunday evening, partially intoxicated, and was creating so much disturbance that Officer Penn started to arrest him.

Quick as a flash the Kentuckian drew his revolver and fired, wounding the officer in the shoulder.

The stranger then started to run when the wounded officer and Policeman Reynolds opened fire upon him and he fell dead in his tracks.

There was nothing on the person of the deceased to lead to his identity, but papers found show that he was from Barbersville, Ky.

## HE IS DISGUSTED.

A Late Candidate Who Wants no More Conventions.

A. W. Winzenburg, who was a candidate for the nomination for treasurer before the late republican county convention, has a very large case of disgust, and not without cause, either.

As a candidate, he solicited the support of nearly the entire Sedalia delegation, as well as many of the country delegates, and had the word of more than sixty of them that he should receive their votes. When a ballot was taken, however, two-thirds of the votes promised failed to materialize, and for this reason he inclines to the belief that there isn't as much honor abroad in republican circles in Sedalia as there ought to be.

The experience of Mr. Winzenburg was also the experience of T. B. Anderson, candidate for the nomination for circuit clerk, who says he has positively made up his mind never to again vote for any candidate nominated by a delegate convention.

The discontent that exists in Sedalia extends throughout the county also, and republican success this fall is not anticipated by those who have carefully scanned the political horizon.

## NOTICE

To East Sedalians.

From this day on until the 20th of June, the entire stock of goods, comprising boots, shoes, furnishing goods and clothing, owned and run by Hart Bros., 909 East Third, will be sold regardless of cost, for cash, preparatory to removing to our Ohio street store, No. 120. This is a rare chance to secure bargains. As the stock must be reduced.

J. K. HART'S OLD STAND, 909 East Third. Parties desiring a good stand and a first-class stock of goods and fixtures can purchase the entire stock. Apply at 120 OHIO.

## An Unwarranted Publication.

"I would like to know who authorized the Gazette to state that the Flambeau club would give a drill and pyrotechnical display on the night of July 4, for the Chattanooga assembly," said H. W. Meuschke to a DEMOCRAT reporter yesterday.

"You can say for me," he added, "that there is no truth in the statement. The matter has not even been considered, and I wish the DEMOCRAT would inform its readers of the fact, so that no one may be misled."

## Denver and Return \$17.35.

Tickets will be good going and returning only on the dates given below.

Tickets sold June 23d and 24th good to return only on June 30, July 10th or 27th.

Tickets sold July 21st and 22d good to return only on July 27th, August 2d or 25th.

Tickets sold August 10th and 11th good to return only on August 10th and 25th or September 13th.

H. L. BERRY, Ticket Agent.

## Chinch Bug Ravages.

Chinch bugs are doing considerable damage to crops in Vernon county. They are thick in many of the fields, and the farmers are resorting to the use of diseased bugs. A chinch bug station has been opened, where farmers are supplied with infected bugs free of charge.

## A Haystack Burned.

A haystack on the farm of Mr. Porter, four miles northeast of Sedalia, was struck by lightning and destroyed by fire during the storm Friday evening.

## Wanted.

An active agent in each county in the United States, to solicit subscriptions for the Twice-a-Week Republic. A liberal commission will be paid to hustlers. Address, Superintendent of Circulation,

THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo.

## Bargains in Vehicles.

Road wagons, \$35; former price \$45; farm wagons, \$50 to \$75; buggies, from \$65 up; spring wagons, from \$50 up. All kind of wagons made to order. Horse shoeing and repair work a specialty, at E. J. Kiesling's, 314 West Second street.

## Moberly Fair Declared Off.

At a meeting of the directors of the Moberly Fair association, Friday, the dates of the fair, August 22, 23, 24 and 25, were declared off, and there will be no fair this season. This state of affairs was brought about by the sale of the fair grounds to Julius Miller, who will make a park and general pleasure resort of it. Miller paid \$9,000 for the grounds.

## Whitsett &amp; Hammer, Lawyers,

Have their main office at room 26, Ilgenfritz building, Sedalia, Mo., with Albert S. Hammer, managing attorney; and also have a branch office at Higginsville, Mo., with I. W. Whitsett in charge. They do a general law practice and have special facilities for collecting claims and attending to legal business in every city and town in the United States.

## FOR SALE.

Short Horn bull ready for service. N. H. GENTRY, Sedalia.

## Trustee's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that whereas C. P. Brown and Ella L. Brown, his wife, by their deed of trust dated March 31st, 1891, and recorded in Book T. D. Record 79, page 157 in the office of the recorder of deeds of Pettis county, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate situate in said county, to-wit: The north half of lots one (1), two (2), three (3) and eleven (11), in block three (3) of the City of Sedalia. In trust, however, to secure the payment of a promissory note in said deed of trust fully described, and, whereas said note remains past due and unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and by virtue of the power and authority upon me conferred by the term of said trust deed, I will on

Monday the 9th day of July, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the west front door of the court house in said City of Sedalia, county and state aforesaid, offer and sell the said above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said note and the costs of said sale.

WILLIAM S. SHIER, Trustee.

## GON-O

Is the only absolutely reliable remedy for all the ills of the male sex. Safe, sure and clean. Guaranteed cure \$1.00. All druggists or by mail. Midland Remedy Co., Lincoln, Neb.

## QUEEN CITY TRUNK FACTORY.

113 East 5th St. Sedalia, Mo.

Relief Ladies! Mrs. Dr. Foster's Kidney Pills, the only reliable, safe, original and genuine. Never fails. Removes all irregularities from any cause. Married ladies, don't worry—safety assured. Sent secure from observation \$1.00. Pearl Medicine Co., Kansas City, Mo.

## BRICK! . .

The Lexington Triumph Press Brick Company

Keeps on hand a large supply of the very best

## Dry Pressed Brick

Shipments made to all points on the Mo. Pac. R. R. Prices as low as the lowest.

Address,

Lexington Triumph Press Brick Company,

Or THOS. M. COBB, Supt.

LEXINGTON, : : MO.



DR. RODRIGUEZ'S SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guarantee. Cures LOST MANHOOD and all attending ailments. Both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YACHTING, BROTHERS, producing weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs. Unfitting one for study, business and marriage is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez's Spanish Nerve Grain. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD PURIFIER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail, \$1.00 per box or 6 for \$5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send free Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2299, New York.

For sale by Aug. T. Fleischmann's pharmacy, corner Fourth and Ohio streets, Sedalia, Mo.

## Shoot Luke, or Give Up the Gun!

Here is the middle of May, and 10,000 Suits unsold.

## What Does It Mean?

Why, that Blair Bros. are going to cut loose and get the money.

So to begin we shave off \$4.00 on \$20.00 Suits.  
So to begin we shave off 3.00 on 18.00 Suits.  
So to begin we shave off 2.00 on 14.00 Suits.

## 6,275 Shirts Unsold.

It means a reduction of 25c on all Shirts over 75c  
It means a reduction of 15c on all Shirts under 50c

No limit to reduction on Hats. Everybody knows that we have ten times the stock that any house in Sedalia carries, and we want the money out of them. The fact is that Blair Bros. were born in Arkansas for a specific purpose. It was Blair Bros. that brought down the Glaciers; it was Blair Bros. that brought down Clothing, Hats, Shirts and Drawers. Our missionary work is not complete; we are here to do business on top of the table.

## No Misrepresentation

## No Monkeying

## No Credit

Your money talks, and all you have to do with Blair Bros. is to indicate. Our skulls are not more than 2, 2½ or 3 inches thick. Go to

Blair Bros. for Clothing.



## Showy Shoes

Please the ladies. That is not all. They want something that wears well and always looks well. Our \$3.00 shoes for instance. Can't say they will remain at that low figure. Now is your opportunity, ladies. Character writes its name on your face in indelible ink. We write ours on the shoes we sell. We can so artfully adorn an ill-formed foot that it will appear beautiful. Bring your husbands and sons, ladies. We've good temptations for them.

[Signed]

## HART BROS.

No. 120 Ohio Street.

## MISSOURI TRUST COMPANY

Capital Paid in.....\$200,000. Surplus.....\$36,000.

THIS company acts as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, Curator, Receiver and Trustee and accepts Trusts of all kinds, whether created by will or under appointment of courts.

Dealer in investment securities. Loans money on real estate. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent. Custodian of wills and other valuable papers.

Nickle Saving Stamp System—Stamps can be found at the following places: Chris Hye, C. F. Boatright, Otis Smith and at our office.

Five Per Cent. Interest Paid on Savings—The only financial institution in Sedalia authorized by law to receive saving deposits.

Directors—O. A. Crandall, President; F. A. Sampson, Vice President; G. L. Faulhaber, Treasurer; F. E. Hoffman, Secretary; Henry Lamm, Chris Hye, R. H. Moses, J. W. Murphy, W. T. Hutchinson.

FOURTH & OHIO STREETS, SEDALIA, MO.

LARGE, WELL-VENTILATED ROOMS. TABLE UNSURPASSED.

BEST \$2.00-A-DAY HOTEL IN CENTRAL MISSOURI.

## SICHER'S HOTEL

The Largest and Best Appointed Hotel in the City.

SICHER & CONRAD, Proprietors  
COR. THIRD AND OHIO STREETS.



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Established 1868. Inaugurated 1891.

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W. N. GRAHAM. P. B. STRATTON.  
Pres. and Manager. Sec'y and Editor.

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## DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Supreme Judge,  
FRANCIS M. BLACK.

For State School Superintendent,  
WM. T. CARRINGTON.

For Railroad Commissioner,  
JOSEPH H. FINKS.

For Congress—7th District,  
JOHN T. HEARD.

CENTRAL MISSOURI is going to boom this fall and Sedalia will be in the midst of it.

In spite of an unfortunate bank failure Sedalia is the most enterprising and prosperous town in Missouri, even now.

THE nominees of the late delegate convention will never resign, but they will wish they had before the middle of November.

MR. CLARK, of Mexico, is going to give that town a fair. Is there not some enterprising man in Sedalia who will take hold of a similar enterprise here?

THE narrow gauge may yet be the starter of a grand north and south railroad. Such a line is needed, and when capitalists understand the situation the need will be supplied.

THIS is not the year for Missouri to take a backward step. After having fought for years for the supremacy of western ideas it would be foolish to despair just when victory is in sight.

THE people of this country are in favor of free sugar, free lumber, free coal and free raw materials generally, and the lowest possible tax on the necessities of life that we are compelled to import.

PETTIS county democrats heartily endorse their state ticket and platform and have arranged to select their local candidates by a primary election. This means enthusiasm in the ranks and a glorious victory.

THE nomination of the republican county ticket has been followed by not even the slightest ripple of enthusiasm, and the bosses are beginning to see that capturing a convention and capturing the masses of their party are quite different things.

WHEN the leaders of a strike fail out among themselves it is bad for the men they profess to lead. Some of the leaders of the strike charge McBride with selling out, while he charges the others with favoring violence and a policy which set public opinion against the miners.

THE people should see that the congressmen and senators they elect this fall pledge themselves to put refined sugar on the free list at the first opportunity. The sooner the sugar trust is broken up the better it will be for the country and there is wealth enough in this country to afford a basis for taxation.

THE investigation of the sugar trust in politics, from which the republicans expected so much campaign material, has been to them a disappointment. It has been shown that the trust is guilty of pernicious political activity, but it has also developed that the republican party was the best friend of the trust and that the McKinley bill was much more favorable to the sugar interest than is the senate bill. It leaves certain democratic senators in unenviable positions, to be sure, but shows republicans much deeper in the mire than are the erring demo-

crats in the mud. The investigation, however, has convinced the country that the trusts are dangerous conspiracies—dangerous alike to commerce and to good government.

THE Globe-Democrat says that the leading republican papers are "opposing any concessions to silver." This may or may not be true. It is not always possible to tell which are the leading papers. But certainly the republican state convention in Ohio made "concessions to silver" sufficient to put both Sherman and McKinley to thinking.

THOSE republicans who are urging "a new deal" in the shape of a primary election to nominate a republican county ticket in place of the one the bosses selected are simply wasting their time. The bosses are going to hold on to the party machinery, but the people will see to it that the slate is smashed at the polls. The time has passed when three or four men can manage a great county like Pettis.

THE Hermann Ledger suggests Col. Lon Luther, of the Lamonte Record, for chief clerk of the next house of representatives of Missouri, and urges the friends of that gentleman to push his candidacy. Col. Luther is in every way worthy of the honor, and the DEMOCRAT would rejoice to see him receive it. He belongs to the class of men who in season and out of season defend democratic principles and guard party interests—the country editors. These men should be honored for their intelligence and patriotism.

ABOUT the most infamous fraud ever unearthed in this country is the rottenness that characterized the Carnegie company's armor plates that have been put upon the United States warships. Swindling is bad enough under any circumstances, but when a great industrial firm that has been built up and made rich by government favoritism deliberately puts defective armor upon war vessels, thus sacrificing the lives of officers and men employed in the navy, the crime partakes of the nature of both theft and murder.

AFTER referring to the cost of the coal miners' strike the Kansas City Star truthfully says: "The teaching of the whole affair is that strikes are disastrous to all who engage in them, and, what is even more serious, they inflict loss and discomfort and suffering upon many persons who have nothing to do with them. In the end the differences which cause them are almost always harmonized by the exercise of a reasonable and temperate policy which ought to be as potential in forestalling strikes as in bringing them to a close."

ERASTUS WIMAN, the ex-millionaire who was recently convicted of forgery and sentenced to five and a half years imprisonment, says it was the hope of his friends that it "would not be thought necessary to make him associate with criminals in prison for a long time?" And why not? Is he not a convicted criminal himself, just as the other convicts in the penitentiary are? And if he objects to associating with the criminal who picks the pocket or robs the safe of a stranger, have not the common criminals more reason to object to associating with him? Is not the man who breaks faith with his friends and robs those who trust him a meaner criminal than the bold ruffian who holds up a stranger or robs a store or dwelling, the owner of which is to him a stranger?

A LESSON in figures from American Industries in regard to the pretense of protectionists that a tariff is for the benefit of the laboring man in equalizing the rate of wages with those paid abroad, is based upon the "uniform tax on imported coal." The question is asked, says the Springfield Leader, does this insure the miners equal wages? Let the census bulletin speak for itself. The Michigan miner gets \$483 a year; the Pennsylvania, \$258. Does it insure even an equal division of the resulting find? The value at the pit's mouth of 1,560,234 tons of coal raised in Pennsylvania was \$3,073,554. The amount paid for labor was \$1,141,-

239. All the balance went to the capitalist—a pretty fair share considering that labor is nearly all the capital required in mining. In the third place does protection equalize profits? Again let the census returns speak. The profit on a ton ranges from 13 cents, in poorly-paid Alabama, to \$3.61 in Montana and Idaho. Only one thing it does show, and that is that capital, under its baneful influence, takes the lion's share.

## A PARTY PLAYING OUT.

The stalwart Globe-Democrat thus bemoans the sad condition of its party:

"At this particular period, for the first time in a third of a century, the republican party finds itself lacking in commanding figures. Apart from Sherman and Allison, who are unavailable for the presidential candidacy on account of advanced age, there remain comparatively few members of the party who can be said to be of national importance. When McKinley, Harrison and Reed are mentioned the list is almost exhausted. Not one of these three is up to the stature of the imposing personages who in earlier years contested for the party's favors, and the roll may have to be further curtailed by the elimination of its first and biggest name. Other men, as Alger, Depew, Lodge and Robert T. Lincoln, have been at one and time another mentioned in connection with the candidacy, but the presidential lightning has no chance to strike in their neighborhood."

A dearth of principles is pretty certain to be followed by an absence of "commanding figures."

The man who rises up amid his associates and enunciates a living principle becomes a commanding figure; there is no other method of commanding public attention and public confidence in these times of peace.

The republican party no longer has a principle upon which it can appeal to the people. It was the creature of an emergency, and, having accomplished its mission, it has been living twenty years without a valid excuse for its existence.

It dare not go before the people proclaiming McKinleyism—the doctrine of increasing taxation in times of peace in excess even of what was required in times of war.

It dare not advocate Shermanism—the single gold standard as a measure of values.

Even in Sherman's own state his own party has broken away from his leadership in financial matters.

The Globe-Democrat's lamentation is well founded. There is nothing "commanding" about the republican party.

## MEXICO'S MEETING.

A Fair and Racing Arranged for at Wednesday's Session.

It was settled Wednesday that Mexico is to have a fair and race meeting this year.

Hon. C. F. Clark, owner of Robert Rysdyke, 2:14 1/4, and a stable of other extra good horses, made a proposition to the citizens, that if they would raise \$1,000 he would guarantee a meeting with \$3,000 or more for speed and liberal premiums for saddle and harness horses.

Ex-Mayor G. L. Ferris raised the required amount and the fair is assured. Moberly's abandoned date, August 22 to 26, will likely be taken.

Mexico has one of the best kite mile tracks in the west, and is the horseman's paradise fair week. All winnings will be paid as soon as the races are finished.

## Would Support McDowell.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 21.—James B. Clay, a distinguished ex-confederate and a democrat, a grandson of Henry Clay, in an authorized interview yesterday, spoke against the position of General Basil Duke, saying: "So much is said about General Duke's offer of support to Major McDowell should he make the race for congress against Colonel Breckinridge that some persons seem to think he stands alone among confederate soldiers in that respect. This is not so, for several weeks ago I called upon Major McDowell and asked him to make the race in case of Colonel Breckinridge's nomination, and I told him I was one of several confederate soldiers within my personal knowledge who would not only vote for him, but work for him should he run."

## For the Harvesting Time.

You will need some liquors. Get double stamped goods from \$2 up to \$5. Single, \$1.50 from one-half gallon up. Special rates by five gallons. Krueger's Liquor House, 112 Osage.

## NOT AS THEY ARE SPELLED.

Some Names That Are Queerly Pronounced by the English People.

The absurd and sometimes extraordinary difference between the spelling and pronunciation of English names has been often commented upon. Several lists have been published, but they are by no means complete. The following, it is believed, are, for the most part, new: Woodnesborough, Winsbro; Woodmancoote, Woodmucklet; Wymondham, Windam; Yaddletrope, Yalthrup; Gainsborough, Gainsber; Glencoin, Lenkerrin; Grassinton, Girstun; Haddiscoe, Hadsker; Gunthwaite, Gtntt; Eskdale, Ashdale; Brampton Barn, Brawn; Borthelmstone, Bartun; Hallahon, Horn; Meddlethorpe, Threlthorpe; Marylebone, Marrowbone; Ulrome, Ooram; Uttoket, Tuxiter; Rampisham, Ransom; Pevensey, Pinsky; Coxwold, Cookwood; Crosthwait, Corsit; Holdsworth, Holder; Skiddaw, Skiddy; Kirkeudbright, Kircocobry; Ilkley, Ethclla; Hawarden, Hard'n; Alford, Artfold.

Strachan should be pronounced Strawn; Colcheoun is Koohoon, the accent being on the last syllable; Beauchamp is Beacham; Bethune should be pronounced Beeton, and in Abergavenny the "av" is not sounded. Menzies is pronounced Mynges, Knollys as Knowls, Sandys as Sands, Gower as Gorr, and Milnes as Mills. Dalziel should be pronounced "Deeal," with the accent on the last syllable. Glamis is Glarms; Geoghegan should be pronounced Gaygan, and Ruthven is Riven.

## QUITE A FAD.

The Appendicitis Habit the Latest in Surgery.

"Somebody in authority," said a woman one day last week, "will have to interfere with this growing notion that an operation for the removal of the vermiform appendix is desirable in all cases. I was much shocked not long ago to find that my son, a young man of 22, had joined with three of his friends in an agreement to undergo the operation. The other three young fellows actually did submit to it, although not one had ever had any symptom of appendicitis, nor had any member of his family ever suffered."

"Of course, when my boy's turn came he had to let us know, and his father and I interfered to some purpose. All the young men got through safely, though it was serious for each, and in one case proved a dangerous shock."

"Physicians recognize what is known as the 'appendicitis habit,' that is, some persons have slight attacks after eating, the effect soon passing away, however. Such persons are liable constantly to the danger that these slight attacks will take on a more serious form, making the surgeon's knife a necessity, and it is probably safer that these persons should submit to an operation for the removal of the cause of the trouble, while free from inflammation and pain. It will be wise for persons not so disposed to weigh the matter well under most conservative opinion before acting."

## A BIG SEWER.

Philadelphia Proposes to Erect a \$1,500,000 Conduit Upon Piles.

"Philadelphia is going to give the world an excellent object lesson in sewer building," said Francis Heslop, of Pittsburgh, to a reporter. "They are building a large sewer on piles, and if they succeed in their undertaking, which is to cost \$1,500,000, they will have done a great deal toward solving a very difficult problem. This new sewer runs along the bed of the Aramingo canal, which is too soft to hold the great weight. To get over this difficulty piles of yellow pine twelve inches square are to be driven down to rock bottom about three feet apart. At the top of them a heavy plank floor will be placed, and on this a nine-foot sewer will be built."

"The undertaking has been discussed by engineers throughout the state, and opinions differ very much as to the result of the undertaking, which in several features appears to be daring in the extreme. In this age of engineering advancement it is absurd to say anything is impossible, and the men in charge of this singular work are likely to be able to convince the world that after all there is something new under the sun."

## Like Father, Like Son.

Colonel Breckinridge has two sons—one a lawyer, the other named for his grandfather, Robert J. Breckinridge, is of a wild disposition. Just before the breaking out of the Breckinridge-Pollard scandal, Bob got on a spree and had several fights. Colonel Breckinridge telegraphed from Washington to put him in jail and keep him there until he returned, which instructions were followed. It was decided to send Bob on a sea voyage, and just as he was boarding a vessel, he read an account of his father's doings with Miss Pollard, and wired his brother: "Put the old man in jail, and keep him until I return, three years hence."

## Never Mention His Proper Name.

The emperor of China's proper name is never mentioned; to pronounce it is a criminal offense. On ascending the throne the ruler of the "Middle Kingdom" takes a name by which he becomes known to his people and to history. The present emperor's real, or personal name is Tsai-tien; but, on being placed on the throne in 1875, he was given the title of Kuang Hsu, which in English signifies "illustrious succession."

## Literal Obedience to Orders.

A mistress told her maid Betje that she must not always do things on her own responsibility, but first ask permission. The next day Betje walked into the parlor and said politely: "Mevrouw, the cat is busy eating up the duck. Must I send her away or not?"

## WHEELS.

They Are Never Heard in a Wealthy City of Mexico.

"In the city of Catorce, in Mexico, the sound of carriage wheels never has been heard," said a traveler, lately. "The city is located in the mountains eight miles from the railroad station. In order to reach it an extremely perilous ride up the mountains must be made. For that reason but few foreign people have ever visited the town. As a result, at Catorce is found the Mexican people in all their primitive purity. They know but little of the outside world. Its inhabitants are engaged in silver mining. Thousands of dollars of bullion is secured yearly. Miles of tunnels extend in all directions, and thousands of dollars have been expended on the mines."

"The streets of Catorce run up and down the mountains often at an angle of forty-five degrees, making the use of wheeled vehicles impossible. All transportation is done by the borros or by the Cargadores, who are able to carry great weights on their backs suspended by bands from around their foreheads. With 300 pounds on their backs these men will move along on a trot. The only level spot of ground in Catorce is its plaza, which is very beautiful, as also is its cathedral, which is richly decorated with silver and precious stones. Catorce, which is the Spanish word meaning fountain, got its name, so the legend runs, from fourteen bandits who discovered the rich deposits of silver in 1780, and at once made it their headquarters. It is indeed a wonderful town, fabulously rich, grand in scenery, and interesting by reason of the life and habits of its people."

## AN ENGLISH PARTY WHIP.

One of the Queer Salaried Positions in the House of Commons.

Reverting to the duties of a whip and patronage secretary, in English politics, it is an astonishing fact that gentlemen of birth and social position can be found to fill the post. The junior whip's duties are not only onerous, but irksome. They sit or stand in the outer lobby of the house from 3:30 to 12:30 at night and they ask every member who passes where he is going, whether he is paired, and when he will be back. If he is not paired they have either to find a pair for him or to prevent him from passing out by coaxing or threats, the former for preference. When their party is in these gentlemen have to attend to their office from 12 to 3. Their hours of duty are therefore from 11 a. m. to 12 p. m., or thirteen hours, with intervals for lunch and dinner, and this they do for \$1,000 a year. When their party is out they do it, minus their office work, for nothing.

In addition to keeping an eye on his juniors, the chief whip, who has \$2,000 a year, deals with the members on their more touchy side. It is he who practically distributes ribbons and titles and sees that cards of invitation are sent to this man and that—that no one is given undue preference—a delicate duty which requires much tact and skill.

## EMPLOYED STRATEGY.

Didn't Dare to Discharge Mary Ann, But Laid a Deep Plot.

The young husband was somewhat surprised when his wife came into the office. She opened the conversation at once.

"I want enough money to go out of town for a few days," she said, "and you will have to take your meals down town for a few days."

"Why, what does this mean?" "It means just this. I got a messenger boy to come to the house for Mary Ann to tell her that she was wanted at her aunt's, and as soon as she got around the corner I shut up the house and locked it and ran away. When she comes back she won't find any one there. We don't owe her anything, so it's all right, and I wanted to discharge her, but you know I never would dare to tell her to go, and I knew you wouldn't dare, and don't you think your little wife knows pretty well how to manage? Say yes, now, or I'll break down and cry right here in the office."

## Boston's Cure for Truancy.

School principals in Boston are not much troubled by truancy in their schools. Every morning, directly after the opening of the school, every principal makes out a list of the names and addresses of the pupils who are absent without known cause and hands it to the policeman on the beat. It then becomes the business of this functionary to call at the addresses given and ascertain the cause of absence. By this system unexcused absences are very few. No youngster is going to dodge his arithmetic and geography when he knows perfectly well that before dinner time a big policeman will call at his father's house to know why he is not at school.

## The Fabulous Cockatrice.

The cockatrice, like the basilisk was one of the fabled monsters of antiquity. Its very look was fatal to life. It breathed fire, and on that account could only live in desert regions, where there was no danger of its fiery exhalations consuming vegetation. Travelers who were forced to cross a desert formerly took with them a cock, whose crowing, it was believed, would kill all the cockatrices in hearing.

## Precautions Against Anarchists.

Because of the recent bomb outrage extraordinary precautions are taken before admitting strangers to the galleries of legislative chambers of Europe. In Rome only forty-eight men are admitted at any one time, and in England no stranger with a bag or parcel is ever allowed to enter the

## POSSIBLY A CLUE

As to the Parties Who Abandoned the Babe Left at Knaus'.

There is a strong suspicion that the baby boy left at the residence of J. M. Knaus, on East Broadway, Tuesday night, was abandoned by parties who do not reside in Sedalia.

It is said that the actions of a couple who came in on train No. 4 from the west, at 11:55 o'clock p. m., were suspicious in the extreme, and parties at work on the case hope to clear up the mystery that now surrounds it at an early hour.

Exactly 128 people called at the Knaus residence yesterday to see the child.

## FREE LIGHTNING RODS.

Swindlers Getting in Their Work in the Vicinity of Liberty.

LIBERTY, Mo., June 21.—Lightning rod swindlers have been getting in their work recently in Clay county. Edward Hessel of Kearney vicinity was induced by two of the rascals to have rods put on his house by their offering to give him 150 feet "free" in order to show his neighbors what a good job they could do. Hessel thought that he would only have to pay \$5, but when two men came along the next day and put up the rods they asked for \$100 more and produced the contract, which was so worded as to call for about 150 feet more than he thought he had contracted for. Threatened with a law suit, he decided to pay \$5 cash and give his note for the \$100. One of the men gave his name as Pollinger and another that of J. L. Barnes.

## The Great Contest Today.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 12.—Very rapid progress was made on the tariff bill yesterday. The income tax had been reached when the senate adjourned. Only sixty-one pages of the bill, the income tax and internal revenue features, remain undisposed of, and the end of the long debate seems close at hand. The remaining features of the free list were completed yesterday without friction, both sugar and wool, the great controversial items, contrary to expectation, not giving rise to debate.

## A Fugitive in Sedalia.

Phil Whitner, colored, who is wanted in this city for unlawful cohabitation, was seen by a Star representative at Sedalia yesterday. Phil says that he is now working in St. Louis and has a good job.

It will be remembered that Phil took a buggy from one of the livery stables of this city last fall and, in company with his white sweetheart, Alice Mitchell, departed for parts unknown. The buggy was sent back, but the couple they never came back, the never came back.—Warrensburg Star.

## Realty Transfers.

The following transfers of realty were filed for record today:

Jerome Hill and wife to Napoleon Hill, lot 3, block 38, Martin & Smith's second addition, \$3,500.

S. G. Crawford and wife to Mary R. Carpenter, part of block 10, Jackson & Montgomery's addition, \$500.

J. W. Trader and wife to Chris Witcher and wife, lot 5, block 2, Stewart & Thompson's addition, \$400.

## Money to Lend.

We will have about July 1st a large sum of money to lend on farms and central city property. Call on or address A. P. Morey, 410 Ohio street, Sedalia, Mo.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Patient Suffering  
is no virtue if there  
be a remedy  
**Beecham's**  
Pills  
(Tasteless)  
positively cure Indi-  
gestion, Bilioousness,  
Sick Headache. Why  
endure continued  
Martyrdom.  
25 cents  
a box.  
\*\*\*\*\*

\$100 Reward, \$100.  
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.  
Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Sold by Druggists, 75c. Toledo, O.



## HIS LUCKY UNCLE.

Made Money by Paying 82 a Bushel for Corn.

## PANNED OUT VERY WELL.

The Story of a Man Who Was Exceedingly Slow About Paying His Obligations.

"My uncle over in the town of Wayne I s'pose was the luckiest man that ever lived," said Packy Griswold to the Fairchild Home Circle. "Everything he touched brought money to his till, but the luckiest strike he ever made was when John Rogers' barn burned down with a hundred bushels of corn in it that my uncle had just paid Rogers \$2 a bushel for, although the biggest and hardest kind of yaller corn was only worth 40 cents, the best any one could do."

"John Rogers had owed my uncle a couple hundred dollars for five years and more, but that didn't bother John any, as he was one of these chaps who believe thoroughly in letting the other fellow walk. One day my uncle drove over to John's to see if he couldn't squeeze a little something out of him."

"How're you fixed, John?" said my uncle.

"Expected to have \$50 today, sure," said John, with a twinkle in his eye, "but when I went over to Bill Mason's to borrow it Bill would not let me have it. Beats the horses how much some people don't seem to have confidence nowadays."

"But after my uncle and John had talked a while John said:

"Tell you what I'll do, Abner," said John. "I've got a hundred bushels of corn, in the barn yonder. S'pos'n you take the corn and I'll be willin' to call me and you square."

"My uncle figured up that with corn at 40 cents, \$2 a bushel was a tolerable high figure to pay for it, but he thought he might better pay \$2 a bushel for corn and get \$40 than to never get anything, so he said he'd take the corn and call it square. He went to the barn after a while. There was the corn. But he came back to John feeling ugly."

"Here, John," said he, "that's nothing but little runty popcorn."

"Yes," said John, grinning, "it's popcorn. I didn't think to say popcorn."

"Why," said my uncle, "popcorn ain't worth nothin' at all in the market!"

"Yes," said John. "That's about the figure for popcorn."

"My uncle was pretty mad, I tell you, and John Rezen was pretty near tickled to death, and so he said to my uncle:

"There's going to be a circus in town tomorrow. Better stay all night with us, and I'll take you to the show."

"My uncle thought he'd get that much out of John anyhow, so he stayed. The circus was expected along by John's house early in the morning on its way to town, and when John's boys got up to see it go by they woke their father and my uncle with their yells."

"Jumpin' jacksnipe, pop!" they hollered. "The back yard's got twenty foot o' snow on it!"

"John and my uncle piled out, for it was early in September and there hadn't been any sight of snow. But there was the back yard with a white drift clear across it and banked twenty feet high. Then it struck everybody all of a sudden that the barn was gone. You bet, it was gone! It had burned down some time during the night and stuffed my uncle jammed full of luck. Every blame kernel of that runty little popcorn had popped out like a snapdragon, and there it was, banked up where the barn had been, like a staring big snow drift! Pop out a bushel of popcorn and it will swell to five bushels; so here my uncle had 500 bushels of the choicest kind of popcorn on his hands. While they were all gawping at this curious transformation along came the circus. The proprietor was in his wagon at the head of the procession."

"Thunder!" said he, stopping to take a look at the big heap of popcorn. "That'll sell like hot cakes with my show. How much do you want for it?"

"Two dollars a bushel," said my uncle.

"Cheap enough!" said the circus man, and he bought the whole five hundred bushels and planked down in my uncle's hands ten nice fat \$100 bills."

"Lucky? I should say he was. But, do you know, John Rogers never spoke to him from that time until his dying day."

## ONE OF MR. RILEY'S STORIES

An Anecdote by the Hoosier Poet to Show the Power of Music.

The Hoosier poet Riley, has a new story regarding the influence of music. He said recently to a reporter in his genial manner: "Strange what an influence music has upon a man. Especially the kind that steals upon his ear in accents sweet and low. Now, there's Bill Peasley, for instance. He wasn't much of a singer, yet he caused quite a disturbance by singing an old gospel hymn. Right across from my house is a grocery store. One day last July a man placed a ladder against the grocery store and tried to put up a sign nearly twenty feet long over the window. There was an element of intense interest in this proceeding to thirty men who gathered around the ladder and watched the man as he stood upon his precarious perch. Pretty soon Bill Peasley came along. He joined the group, putting his hands behind his back in a lazy manner, and began softly whistling the 'Sweet By and By.' The air was so soft and persuasive that the man next to Bill took it up and began whistling tenor. Then another joined in and still another until the whole group were whistling. By this time the man on the ladder had become interested. He began to pucker, but no sound came from his lips. His attention was so taken up by the sign that he couldn't form his lips aright. It is a difficult job to whistle and put up a sign at the same time. He had been struggling with the sign and tune for several minutes, and was standing on one foot on the ladder trying to hang one end of the sign on a nail. The situation was further complicated by his effort to come in with his bass whistle at the proper time, when his foot slipped and down he came, with the ladder and sign over him. That was the effect of one of the sweetest hymns in modern music."

## FEARED HIS WIFE THE MOST.

The Juror Knew His Spouse and Therefore Disobeyed the Court.

On one occasion Judge Andrew Ellison was trying an important case at Macon City and desired to rush it through in order to make way for another case coming up next morning. The court instructed the jury and court officials to return after supper that night, as it was intended to hold a night session. At 7 o'clock all the officers, numerous witnesses and the jury, with one exception, were promptly on hand. Of course, nothing could be done without the absent jurymen. The minutes ran into hours and still the prodigal didn't return. At a late hour court adjourned without having accomplished anything. Next morning sharp at 9 o'clock the twelve jurymen were in the box. His honor scanned the crowd and asked for the truant. He was pointed out and the court ordered him to stand up.

"Mr. —," said the judge, addressing the delinquent, "didn't you understand the order of the court last night requiring the jury to be on hand after supper?"

"Yes, your honor," said the jurymen, explaining, "but you see I live quite a ways out of town and my wife gave me an order prior to the court's order, and her order was that I shouldn't stay in town over night. I considered the matter and concluded it was safer to risk your honor's displeasure than her'n, because," he added earnestly, "I know her!"

The court looked solemn a moment, as if weighing some mighty problem, then a smile started across his face, and the bar, court officers and spectators, broke out in tumultuous laughter. The jurymen were forgiven; there were many there who could, perhaps, appreciate his position.

## NOT THE BEST.

The Old Man Stalk to the Colors Even in the Face of Beauty.

The adage concerning the folly of disputing about questions of personal taste is well supported by an anecdote related by Colonel T. A. Dodge. He says:

"Many years ago, in Richmond, while I was standing with a friend in his doorway, while he gave some instructions to a colored servant, there happened to pass one of the beauties of the city. We both took off our hats, courtesy in our attitudes, admiration in our hearts."

"Isn't she a beauty?" said I.

"Isn't she a beauty?" he echoed.

"Just isn't she, Uncle Ned?" he added, turning to the old servant.

"Miss Ellen's a mighty fine leddy," responded Uncle Ned in a deferential, but somewhat hesitating tone.

"Why, what do you mean, Uncle Ned?" insisted my friend, rather nettled and curious withal at the old dorky's manner.

"Well, Mars' Tom, said the ole man, 'to tell de honest' truth, we niggers doan' tink de white leddies is so handsome as de brack ones.'"

Salt in the United States.

There were 11,455,487 barrels of salt produced in the United States in the year 1893, as against 11,785,754 barrels in 1892—a falling off of 350,267 barrels. Each barrel weighed 280 pounds, making a total of 3,207,336,360 pounds. In addition to this there were importations of 391,966,537 pounds, so that this country counteracted the effects of the enormous quantities of sugar used by making way with 3,599,302,897 pounds or about 1,706,951 tons of salt.

## An Effective Sermon.

Somebody complimented Sidney Smith on a charity sermon he had preached, to which the divine replied: "I believe it was effective, for old Lady Cork borrowed a sovereign of a stranger in the pew to put in the plate."

## A TIP TO THE THIEF.

He Would Not Have Robbed Her Had She Not Helped Him.

There is a lady in Chicago who has material for one of the most peculiar stories ever written. She was sitting with her husband late one night a few weeks ago, and as they were preparing to retire she reminded him that the catch on the window was broken and that he had better see to it before he retired. He was reading at the time, and although he murmured assent, he forgot all about the instruction a moment later. Not so, however, a tramp who was sitting on the porch within earshot, and who half an hour later quietly pushed up the window sash, jumped in and commenced to ransack the house. He had very little success, because on opening a closet which looked something like a plate depository he upset a pair of dumbbells and Indian clubs which the lady's sons used for training purposes.

The lady heard the noise, rushed out on the roof of the kitchen, which was in a line with her bedroom window, and screamed murder for five minutes. Then a policeman came leisurely up, and the matter was investigated. The burglar was caught the next day and was brought to the house by two detectives. The lady, who thought the burglar the most respectable looking of the three, declined to admit the party, and talked to them through the very window which had been used by the burglar. That worthy, who was doing the penitent act and evidently working for a short sentence, reminded her of her conversation with her husband, and told her that he had no tools with him at all, and but for the hint which she unconsciously gave him he should not have dreamed of making any attempt. The lady's disgust can easily be imagined.

## ALWAYS SHORT OF MONEY.

Many Congressmen Find It Difficult to Make Both Ends Meet.

Although a congressman gets about \$13.50 a day in the way of salary, there are a great many men in the lower branch of congress who are always short of money. Quite a number spend their income recklessly, but a great many have legitimate domestic expenses that run so close to the amount of their salary that they have hard picking at times to get along. A considerable number of members discount their salaries at the banks. They are charged something like eight and a half per cent and if the total of this account were made public it would make a remarkable showing. It is by no means the new or younger members who are oftentimes short before salary day comes around. Many of the older members, who have sat in the house for years, are in this predicament quite frequently. Many of them are men of irreproachable habits, but with large and expensive families to support, and with heavy political obligations at home forming a constant drain on their exchequer which they cannot get rid of. I learn that there is quite a little unexpended balance remaining unclaimed of the appropriation to pay mileage for the extra session. This is due to the fact that there are members so conscientious that they think they have no moral right to touch that money and have never claimed it.

## The Ghostly Father.

The house at Morristown occupied by Frank Stockton once had the reputation of being haunted. The owner was about completing the sale of the house to a lawyer when a word was dropped as to the uncanny legend touching the place, and the would-be purchaser immediately declined to proceed further with the negotiations. Mr. Stockton, however, cheerfully took the house, ghost and all, and perhaps he was a little disappointed when the trimming of some trees about the eaves put to flight the legend of the place. It was discovered that the squirrels were accustomed to leap from the trees to the roof and use the water trough as a runway. The sound of their scampering had been mistaken for that of ghostly feet.

## American Meat in England.

It will startle some people to learn that if no American meat is imported into the London market for two days the price of all kinds of meat goes up. Moreover, it is also a fact that if the American supply was entirely cut off they would have famine prices in force, so large is the quantity consumed. One reason why English butchers buy American cattle is because they are sent over in such good condition. English cattle come to town in such a bruised state that the farmers lose by the loss of appearance and the butchers by the damage done to the meat. The American palace cars, on the other hand, are so well appointed that the beasts actually improve by traveling, and arrive there without a spot on them.

## Parlor Football.

Society has a new diversion known as parlor football. It is played on a large table, the football being an egg-shell from which the contents have been removed through a small hole in one end. The goals are at the opposite ends of the table, and the egg is propelled by blowing instead of kicking. In a game of this kind the person who has previously eaten an onion invariably wins.

## A Mammoth Object Glass.

The flint glass disk used by the Clarks in making the great objective for the Lick telescope was cast in Europe by M. Feil. Its original diameter was 28.19 inches, its thickness 21.65 inches and its weight 375 pounds. It was twenty-nine days from the date of the casting before Professor Feil considered that it had cooled sufficiently to allow of safe removal from the mold.

## FIFTY YEARS A MILL "GIRL."

A Massachusetts Woman's Lengthy Experience as a Weaver.

A few days ago Miss Matilda Davis, of Lawrence, Mass., began her fifty-first year as a weaver. When 13 years of age she began to earn her own living in a mill at Woodstock, Maine, where she was born, and from that day to this has worked in various New England mills as a weaver. As is well known, a mill workers' life to-day is not "all beer and skittles," but in times long past it was infinitely worse. When Miss Davis first went to work in Dedham half a century ago, she and her fellow weavers were only paid once in three months, counting themselves lucky if they averaged \$2.50 a week. The girls did not pay their own board, pay for which was deducted from their earnings by the boarding mistress in the mill counting room. The boarding-houses were owned by the corporations and the food was poor in quality and scarce in quantity. The same bill of fare was presented the year round—fried potatoes, doughnuts and biscuits for breakfast, with coffee sweetened with molasses; tough meat and potatoes for dinner, and a repetition of breakfast for the evening meal. One day in each week bread and milk was all they had for dinner. No such thing as a chair was ever seen in a corporation boarding-house, benches doing duty instead; carpets were also unheard of there. At 10 o'clock at night all lights were supposed to be out and everybody in bed. A warning bell rang nightly at 9:45, and fifteen minutes later the "master of the house," as he was then known, made a tour to see that all lights were out. Of recreation these white slaves had little or none; indeed, after working fourteen hours a day they were not exactly in the humor for anything of the kind. Singing-school was about the only amusement they knew, except once a year when "the circus" came to town. This was an event to which neither the millowners nor the tradesmen looked forward with any marked degree of satisfaction. The circus took too much money out of town.

## HE WAS COMFORTABLE.

Negro Did Not Object to Having the Hair Shaved From His Head.

No one who visits the Louisville custom house during the terms of the federal court will deny that the mountaineers are peculiar people. They are hardy, healthy, and used to all sorts of hardships. In passing through the custom house last winter I came across a negro mountaineer. Whether he was born in the mountains I did not learn, but he had lived in that part of Kentucky for so long that he was one of them truly. It was in the afternoon of one of the cold days during the first part of the week. I saw him in a peculiar position when I was him and I tried to help him. He had become cold, probably from wandering around the streets, and had gone into the custom house and lain down by one of the heaters. His hat was off and his pillow was the hot pipes of the heater.

I would not have noticed him particularly had not the air been charged with an odor that smelled very much like burning hair. I looked at the negro closely. His bushy head was resting against the hot pipes and his hair was scorching. He was sleeping profoundly, unconscious, I suppose, even that he was in a big city. The perspiration was streaming down his face and trickled off his nose and lips as he moved them with loud guttural snores. I touched my gloved hand to the heater. It was so hot I jerked it away quickly. I shook the man until he was fairly awake and told him his head was almost on fire.

"Oh! oh, dat ain't hot! it's jis comfortable," and his head rested back against the pipes, and he was sleeping again.

The Bridal Toll.

A curious but rather inconvenient custom of exacting toll from newly married couples appears to survive at Wisden, in England. The other day a marriage took place in the Congregational chapel, and on the happy pair emerging from the building they found their way to their waiting cab barred by a number of women, who had tied their aprons together and stretched them across the gateway. When these were satisfied with a doubt, and the cab was gained, progress was again barred by a couple of carters, who had drawn their teams across the road, and who also exacted toll. Sometimes, it appears, several cords are drawn across the road at intervals on the line of route, and the inroads on the bridegroom's purse are thus considerable.

Tricks of Desert Coyotes.

Coyotes show a strength of understanding that is sometimes alarming. Desert prospectors, like Mr. Riley, who have been often on the verge of death, tell me that when parties are lost in the wilds the coyotes persistently follow, and only when they are leading for water will these miserable creatures relinquish pursuit. The Indians of Palm Springs have a strong belief in the cleverness of coyotes, and have informed me in all seriousness that coyotes are known to steal large watermelons and roll them miles away from where the theft was committed. It is certain that coyotes, when grape hunting, only select the largest and ripest bunches, and they display this sagacity when choosing melons.

A "Blowing Cave" in Pennsylvania.

In Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, on a hilltop a short distance from York Furnace bridge, is located the famous natural "blow hole." It is not a cave, but a series of fissures in the rocks, from which a cold draft of air continually issues.

## ELLISTON NO. 5387.

RECORD 2:35.

(The Handsome and Stylish Son of Electioneer.)

ROTHER TO

HELENA, 2:21.

ELLINEER 2:21 1-2.

ELLA 2:20.

NELLIE MAY, trial 2:28, dam of Rosita (2) 2:27.

EUGINEER, sire of Genevieve (2) 2:30.

Elliston's dam Lady Ellen 2:20 1/2, two-mile record in third heat of race, 5:00, by Car's Mambrino 248 son of Mambrino Patchen 58 and out of a mare by Ma. brino Chie' 11; 2d dam by Owen Dale, son of California Belmont, sire of V nature, the sire of Steward, dam of Directum; 3d dam by California Belmont, as above. Marvin, in his work, says a pedigree can have no better foundation than California Belmont.

Lady Ellen, dam of Elliston, was every inch a race mare, starting 6 times in her five-year old form, all between September 14 and October 6, winning 3 races and getting money in all, one of her wins being a two-mile heat race, after which she was put to breeding. Lady Ellen was probably as good a mare as Electioneer ever was mated with and Elliston on dam's side is bred like Directum. You want an Electioneer; where can you do better than patronize Elliston, at J. R. Barrett's barn, adjoining the city of Sedalia, (electric cars running to the door). Fee \$40, cash or approved note, due January 1st, by the season with return privilege. For further particulars address,

J. R. BARRETT, Sedalia, Mo.

## FORTUNE SWEEPED UP.

The Life History of a Former Boonville Negro.

Joseph H. Hudlum, an Ex-Slave, Who Died in Chicago Last Lord's Day.

HE DIED VERY WEALTHY.

Joseph H. Hudlum, an Ex-Slave, Who Died in Chicago Last Lord's Day.

A former Boonville negro is thus referred to in a Chicago dispatch of the 19th inst: Joseph H. Hudlum, who swept up a fortune from the floor of the board of trade, died Sunday night at his home, 115 Fifty-first street. For almost forty years he was janitor of the board of trade. When he began, in 1855, in the first quarters of the board at South Water and Wells streets, there was but one room to take care of, and Hudlum used to sweep it out once a week. In the old chamber of commerce building at LaSalle and Washington streets, he was the head janitor. When the board moved into the present building he remained in charge of the janitor work of the board room proper, and the offices assigned to the officers of the board. He was the autocrat, hiring and discharging his subordinates.

Hudlum received a good salary, but his chief income was derived from the sweepings from the floor. Great quantities of wheat, corn and oats, brought there as samples, are scattered over the floor in the course of a day's trading. All this grain became the property of the head janitor, together with anything else of value that might be dropped in the pit. These sweepings of grain were cleaned and sold at feed stores and feed stables. Hudlum knew how to practice economy, and he leaves property estimated at over \$80,000 to his family, which consists of the widow and two sons.

Hudlum was born as a slave near Richmond, Va., in October, 1829. He took his master's name, and when the latter removed to Boonville, Mo., and took charge of a hotel at Choteau Springs he made Hudlum his steward. Hudlum was afterwards employed as steward of the Mississippi River steamboat Yellowstone. He served in the same capacity on three trips to Europe. He arrived in Chicago in 1855 and his first situation was as janitor of the board of trade.

During the thirty-nine years that he filled this position in the board of trade he earned the respect of the members. He was careful and trustworthy. He possessed considerable keenness of observation and an excellent memory. Though he saw so many fortunes made and lost in an hour on the board, the spirit of speculation never overcame his steady common sense. He strove only to earn his salary and take advantage of his valuable perquisites and he saved what he made. He was an authority on questions relating to the early history of the board and was often appealed to to settle disputed questions of that kind. He remembered when all the big corners had been attempted, the ones who had attempted them and their fate. Very few who belonged to the board when he entered its service are active these days.

Another amendment exempts fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations operating upon the lodge system, and which provide for the payment of life, sick, accident and other benefits to the members of such societies and their dependents from the operations of the law.

An exemption is also made in the case of such saving banks, saving institutions or societies as have no stockholders or members, except depositors; those that shall not receive deposits to an aggregate amount in one year of more than \$1,000, from the same depositor; those that shall not allow an ac-deposits to an aggregate amount in any one depositor exceeding \$10,000; those that shall actually divide and distribute to their depositors, ratably to deposit all the earnings over the necessary and proper expenses of such bank, institution or society, except such as shall be applied to surplus, and also those that shall not possess in any form a surplus fund exceeding 10 per cent of the aggregate deposits.

ALLEGED WRECKERS.

The "Kids" Who Laid for a Missouri Pacific Train.

Simmie Simpson, Earl Mitton and Chas. Baker, the youthful train wreckers who came so near demolishing a freight train at Holden last Saturday night, were placed on trial yesterday in Justice Hewes' court, at Holden, says the Warrensburg Star.

John Johnson, who receives credit for being ring leader of the business, has not yet been arrested. Detective Pat Lally, of the Missouri Pacific secret service, was present, and succeeded in unearthing a large portion of the evidence. Prosecuting Attorney Hornbuckle represented the state, and W. R. Frost the defense. The boys were bound over to the criminal court in \$500 bonds each.

The Missouri Pacific company is determined to push the prosecution, and it is thought that the boys will be convicted.

THE INCOME TAX.

Various Amendments Presented by Senator Vest.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—Senator Vest yesterday introduced



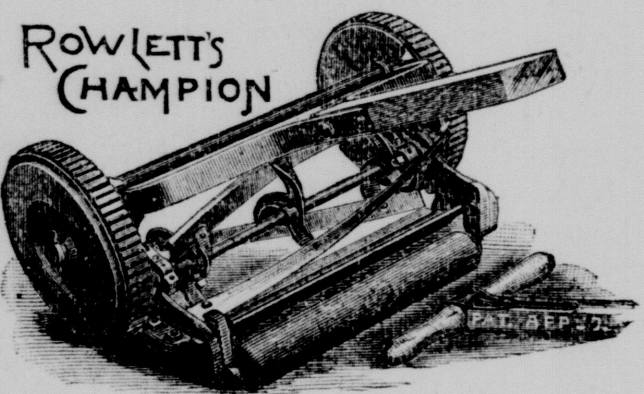
# Announcement Extraordinary Great - Removal - Sale.

Preparatory to occupying our new building we are going to make some prices on Hardware, Tinware, Graniteware and everything in our immense line, that will astonish the natives. Remember this applies to anything and everything in our store. We do this in order to keep from removing the stock to our new store, and the prices we now make will be good only from June 18th to 26th. As a starter we offer

## ROWLETT'S CHAMPION LAWN MOWERS

Reputed to be the best produced in America, as follows:

12 inch	-	-	-	\$2.85.
14 inch	-	-	-	3.35.
16 inch	-	-	-	3.85.



Shepard's Lightning Ice Cream Freezers, 2 qt. at \$1.30, 3 qt. at \$1.55, 4 qt. at \$1.90, 6 qt. at \$2.45, 8 qt. at \$3.15.

White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers, 3 qt. at \$1.80, 4 qt. at \$2.20, 6 qt. at \$2.80, 8 qt. at \$3.60.

Daisy Iron Frame Wringers at \$1.50, Superior Iron Frame Wringers at \$1.60, Rival Wood Frame Wringers at \$1.50, Novelty Wood Frame Wringers at \$1.75.

A reduction of 10 to 15c will be made on every piece of Graniteware in our store. This is a splendid opportunity for every housewife in Sedalia to stock up on Kitchen Utensils.

On Tinware we will almost make your head swim.

2 1 pt. Cups for 5c, 1 qt. 5c, 2 qt. Covered Buckets, 5c, 3 qt., 8c, 4 qt. 10c, 6 qt. 15c. Proportionately low prices will apply to every article in the Tinware line.

On Hay Forks, 4 tine strapped, regular price is 75c. Our price will be 50c. Proportionately low prices on every kind of Forks, Hoes, Scythes, Snaths, Rakes, &c.

On Shovels and Spades, regular 75c goods will go at 50c, 85c and 90c goods will go at 60c, and the same discount to apply on every tool of this kind.

## REMOVAL SALE PRICES

This reduction not only applies to the articles mentioned above, but to any and everything in our store, such as Locks, Butts, Latches, Hinges, Barn-Door Hangers, and all articles in builders' hardware. Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Saws, Adzes, Files, Chisels, Augers, Braces, Planes and everything in tools. Scoops, Shovels, Post-Diggers, Picks, Mattocks, Hoes, Cross-Cut Saws, Post Mauls, Grub Hoes, Bolts, Barb and Plain Wire, Nails, Staples and everything in farm supplies. Table and Pocket Cutlery, Butcher Knives, Kitchen Knives, Bread Knives, Plated Knives and Forks, Carving Sets, Spoons of all kinds, Scissors, Shears, Razors, and all other goods in this line.

Remember this sale lasts but one week, ending Tuesday, June 26th, when we commence removing our stock to our new headquarters, one door east of our present location.

## D. H. SMITH HARDWARE COMPANY, 101-103 East Main Street.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

#### Prosecuting Attorney.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN CASHMAN a candidate for prosecuting attorney, subject to the decision of the democratic primary election.

#### Assessor.

WE are authorized to announce W. D. WILSON a candidate for county assessor, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce M. H. HENNING a candidate for County Assessor, subject to the democratic primary.

#### County Clerk.

WE are authorized to announce ROBERT H. GRAY a candidate for County Clerk, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce FRANK S. ARNOLD a candidate for county clerk, subject to the democratic primary.

#### Circuit Clerk.

WE are authorized to announce R. E. GERRARD of Laclette township, a candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce E. R. MARVIN as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Pettis county.

#### County Recorder.

WE are authorized to announce HENRY Y. FIELD of Laclette township, as a candidate for recorder of Pettis county, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce J. H. PICKINGTON a candidate for recorder of deeds, subject to the democratic primary.

#### County Sheriff.

WE are authorized to announce W. H. JASON of Washington township, a candidate for sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce THOMAS PRENTICE, a candidate for sheriff of Pettis county, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce JOSEPH G. DILLARD, of Bowling Green township, a candidate for sheriff, subject to the democratic primary.

#### County Judge.

WE are authorized to announce W. B. HUGHES of Flat Creek township, as a candidate for Judge of the County Court from the Western district, subject to the democratic primary.

#### County Treasurer.

WE are authorized to announce E. F. SCOTT, of Hughesville township, a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce ROBT. E. FERGUSON, of Bowling Green township, a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES G. PERDUE a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the democratic primary.

#### County Collector.

WE are authorized to announce W. Z. BATH of Sedalia, Pettis county, as a candidate for county collector, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce W. F. HANSBERGER a candidate for county collector, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce J. M. DERRILL of Washington township, a candidate for county collector, subject to the decision of the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce JOHN E. RECTOR a candidate for county collector, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce P. H. GRACE as a candidate for County Collector, subject to the democratic primary.

WE are authorized to announce SAMUEL J. WEATHERS, of Houstonia township, a candidate for county collector subject to the democratic primary.

### WHAT IT COST THE MINERS.

Losses in Wages in the Pittsburg District Aggregate \$1,300,000.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 19.—A well informed authority in the coal business estimates that the coal strike in this district has cost the miners in wages \$1,300,000, taking it for granted that the normal output of the region had been maintained. In proportion to the general output this district mined about one-sixth of the coal dug in the area affected by the strike. With a reasonable proportion between the prices paid in this and other districts, the loss in wages alone, says the same authority, would be over \$10,000,000. Estimating the gain of the miners by the settlement of the strike to be 10 cents a ton over former prices, it will take them about one and a half years to make up by increase of earnings for the time they have lost.

#### He is Not an Anarchist.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Morrison L. Swift, of Fitzgerald's Boston industrial army, appeared before the house committee on labor yesterday. Chairman McGann called his attention to an article in a Washington morning paper which alleged he had been connected with Honore Jackson, of Chicago, in an anarchist plot. When questioned he laughed and said he had never met Jackson but once, and had he known of any such plot he would have tried to prevent it. He said he had always deprecated violence in connection with strikes. He advocates that the government give work to the unemployed.

#### Almost a Horse Whipping.

The two men and three women who created such a sensation a few miles east of the city, last Saturday night, narrowly escaped horse-whipping at the hands of the irate farmers who had followed and overtaken them, being attracted by their unearthly yells. Both the men and women are said to have been grossly intoxicated, and they ought to be exceedingly thankful that they escaped arrest and prosecution.

#### Bank President Goes to the Pen.

HELENA, Mont., June 19.—In the United States court yesterday H. F. Batcheller, the president of the failed Stockgrowers National bank of Miles City, was sent to the

penitentiary for five years. Batcheller was convicted several weeks ago for misapplying the funds of the bank while its president. His application for a new trial was overruled.

#### Wanted—Traveling Solicitors.

None but experienced men need apply.

MISSOURI MERCANTILE ASS'N, Room 306, Hoffman Bld'g

#### Chaining a House.

A Boston man who has a pretty summer residence up near the line of the Grand Trunk in Northern Maine mutely indicates that he "has been there before." Over the roof of this dwelling runs a stout iron rod, both ends coming down over the eaves. To these ends heavy chains are attached and are fastened solidly into the ledge by means of rings. The stable and the summer houses are likewise chained down, and 'tis reasonable to expect that though Eurus or Boreas and all the rest of the winds may rant and blow, that particular summer resident will find his property sticking fast to the rock when he returns with the robins.

#### Negroes and Extreme Heat.

The function of the negro's black skin is now supposed to be the conversion of the sun's light into heat. The heat thus generated remains in the skin, never penetrating to the deeper and more vital tissues. This being the case the African may properly be said to be possessed with a thin and pliable sun-proof armor. This accounts for the curious but well-known physiological fact that the negro is able to stand almost any degree of heat without being in danger from sunstroke.

#### All Born in 1809.

A wave of great men (or babies that were destined to become great) seems to have swept over the world in 1809. Why they were precipitated upon the world during that particular year will, perhaps, never be known, but it is a fact that the following named historical personages count it as their birth year: Lincoln, Gladstone, Darwin, Edgar Allan Poe, Cyrus McCormick, Benjamin Pierce, Alfred Tennyson, Mark Lemon, Jules Favre, Raphael Semmes, Albert Pike and Oliver Wendell Holmes.

W. ZIMMERMAN. JOHN WADDELL.  
**MISSOURI CENTRAL LUMBER COMPANY**  
Cheat Building Material of all kinds  
OFFICE AND YARD, North of Union depot on Kentucky st., Sedalia, Mo.

Married Ladies! Use Bellman capsules positively infallible, perfectly harmless. \$2.00 per box, sample box 25 cents. Special terms to Agents. Address: Minden Mfg. Co., Kansas City, Mo.

### McLaughlin Bros 515 Ohio Street.



#### "To Be Easy Or Not"

To be? That is the question. Whether on that bed to lie and toss, or walk forth to McLaughlin Bros. and buy a new outfit for this room, my weary frame to rest. You'll not hesitate to purchase our Furniture, Springs, Mattresses, etc. Full line of rest giving qualities. The appearance of the room will even rest your eyes. Like a giant refreshed, you'll arise from your slumbers on such comfortable fixtures. Furniture of solid merit. In style, superior; in price pleasing. We write our character on the goods we sell. See it shine. New Iron Beds. New Folding Beds.

Undertakers: This department is the most complete in the west. Night clerk at store.

Telephone No. 8.

**McLaughlin Bros.,**  
513, 515 and 517 Ohio St.

### LUMBER

Complete stock of everything usually carried by lumber yards.

### The Best Yard in Sedalia.

Everything under cover and well seasoned.

CALL AND SEE US.

**Sturges Bros.,**

Cor. 3d & Mass. Sts.

JOHN J. YEATER, Pres't. FRANK B. MEYER, Vice-Pres't. ADAM ITTEL, Cash.

**Bank of Commerce,**  
OF SEDALIA, MISSOURI.  
Northeast Corner Ohio and Second Streets.  
CAPITAL STOCK, Paid Up, \$100,000.

TRANSACTS a general banking business. We solicit accounts of Farmers, Merchants, Corporations and Individuals, promising a safe depository for all funds committed to our charge. We are prepared to extend liberal accommodations to the trade, including the Farmers and Live Stock dealers in Pettis county.  
DIRECTORS.—John J. Yeater, Frank B. Meyer, W. E. Barn, W. P. Haley, L. H. Darley, A. M. Reed, J. W. Perdue, J. L. Warren, D. H. Orear, J. C. Reedy, Edward Hurley, W. S. Baker, Adam Ittel.

### SEDALIA Building & Loan Ass'n OF SEDALIA, MO.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$1,000,000  
DIRECTORS—C. G. Taylor, President; C. Richardson, Sec'y; S. P. Johns, Treas.; J. B. Gallie.

This Association pays on monthly savings of 80 cents and upward 12 per cent, compounded annually; on paid up stock 8 per cent., payable semi-annually. No forfeiture of dividends. Loans money on real estate security at 7 1-5 per cent. interest. Stock issued monthly in consecutive series and matures definitely in seven years. NO ADMISSION FEE. Call on

C. RICHARDSON, Secretary,  
No. 111 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.

1861 Thirty-three years in the Hardware business in Sedalia. 1894

### JOHN W. HOUX.

A FULL line of the Celebrated Charter Oak Stoves and Steel Ranges, Barb and Plain Fence Wire, Chain Pumps, Shovels, Rakes, Hoes, Spades, Nails and a full line of

### HARDWARE & TINWARE.

Screen Doors, Lawn Mowers, Ice Cream Freezers, Refrigerators and Gasoline Stoves. A large stock at bottom prices. When you want anything in the Hardware line call on the old reliable

**JOHN W. HOUX,**  
No. 110 Main Street.



## WITHOUT ANY TRUTH

### Unwarranted Criticism of Receiver Latimer.

### MR. ECKELS IS WITH HIM.

Every Decision Made by the Receiver Has Been Approved by the Comptroller.

### MR. LATIMER DEPARTS.

Examiner G. G. Thorne Summoned From Lincoln to Assume Temporary Charge.

The Gazette on Friday went out of its way to attack Mr. Latimer because as receiver of the First National bank he has done his duty and given the bank's debtors to understand that they would have their indebtedness to pay if they can be made to do so by law.

The organ of "Jimmie" went further, even. It stated that complaints against Mr. Latimer's mode of doing business had been filed with the comptroller of the currency, and then concluded by saying that these complaints had "much more to do with the receiver's indisposition than overwork."

Nothing could be further from the truth. If there have been any complaints filed with the comptroller, as the Gazette states, surely they were not of a serious nature, or otherwise Mr. Latimer would have heard of them. Up to the present time he has received the cordial endorsement of the comptroller in every step that has been taken, and not a single decision made by him has been reversed or even criticised.

The fact of the matter is Mr. Latimer's work has had the cordial endorsement of Mr. Eckels from the very day that he took charge of the bank up to the present, and the Gazette's efforts to have the public believe otherwise is a very small piece of business, to say the least.

In the same article on Friday the Gazette stated that the bank's officials were "working for a record," and then added: "If it can be impressed upon the creditors of the bank that the bank is absolutely rotten, then a halo of glory will encircle the brows of those who pay the bank's debts out of the assets."

"Of course the bank's officials are working for a record," said Judge Shirk to the DEMOCRAT Friday, before he departed for St. Louis, but not in the sense that the Gazette would have the public believe. Mr. Latimer is working hard to secure every dollar that is due the institution, and he will leave nothing undone to attain that end, no matter who may be pinched in so doing.

Mr. Latimer was still confined to his room the greater portion of the time yesterday, but left last night for Abingdon, Ill., where his mother-in-law, Mrs. Dunlap, died yesterday, as he learned by telegraph during the afternoon.

While he has had comparative quiet in his apartment at the hotel, things have constantly come up that he was asked to pass upon, and it will be so as long as he remains here, in consequence of which he will not return to Sedalia for several days, but will stop at Hannibal for a rest after his return from Abingdon.

G. G. Thorne, the examiner, who assisted Mr. Latimer when he first took charge of the bank, is expected to arrive from Lincoln, Neb., to assume charge of affairs during the receiver's absence.

Nothing has yet been heard from Washington in regard to an assessment against the stockholders, nor is it known whether official steps have been taken looking to the arrest and extradition of Mr. Thompson. This latter would of necessity have to be kept quiet, however, as Thompson has friends who would lose no time in appraising him if his early arrest was contemplated, and thus enable him to get from Mexico to Honduras before he could be taken in custody.

The Bank Wreckers. Banker Thompson, of Sedalia, writes from the City of Mexico, where he is secure from the power of the American law, says the Kansas City Star, to say that he is wrongfully accused of embezzlement, that he is not in Mexico as a fugitive from justice and that he is altogether a fearfully misrepresented and abused individual. All

of which would be very pathetic if the postmark on the envelope was from an office this side of the Mexican border, or were preceded by that somewhat formal phrase, "May it please the court." In the meantime the citizens of Sedalia, whose money is gone—somewhere at least beyond their control and ken—are clamoring for the law to satisfy their desire for vengeance.

It is interesting to observe that a popular feeling against embezzlement is springing up in the country. The people are still lenient with murderers, and after the first burst of indignation is over they are willing that the murderer shall take his chances before the law; if convicted, well and good; if released—it's nobody's business. But the attitude toward embezzlers is becoming vastly different; the people follow up the embezzler and cry "stop thief" to the end of the trail. There is no disposition to be merciful and the flame of indignation against the bank wrecker is just as scorching a year from the day the bank closed as it is the day the mob gathered about the front steps. The man who loots a bank or permits its looting, may contemplate the pleasant examples of Mr. Harper of Cincinnati, Mr. Hoye of Indianapolis, and if these do not cheer him up he may read the story of Mr. Crawford who attempted to kill himself the other day at Springfield. Money will not save these men; sharp lawyers find it well nigh impossible to face a jury in their behalf, and before plundering other banks other wouldbe embezzlers will do well to think on these things.

The fact of the business is that in the past decade bank wrecking has become so common that the victims are almost numerous enough to form a majority party in this country. And as they have access to the jury room as well as to the voting booth, they can come pretty nearly doing what they please. It is this kind of condition that by precept and by its horrible examples will do a great deal toward establishing a higher standard of honesty in America.

#### In Need of a Change.

If J. C. Thompson's Mexico lawyer gave him correct information when he told him he couldn't be extradited to this country, then the extradition laws existing between this country and Mexico are sadly in need of a change, says the Kansas City Times, for the Sedalia bank cashier has certainly proved himself one of the most merciless, shameless villains that ever plundered any people.

#### May Be Others, Too.

J. C. Thompson, the fugitive cashier of the defunct First National bank of Sedalia, has turned up in the City of Mexico, says the Jefferson City Tribune, and will doubtless return to Sedalia on his own accord. The bank will never be able to pay out, and the deficit will probably reach \$200,000. Mr. Thompson seems to have been a very reckless bank official. He allowed depositors to overdraw their accounts far beyond a safe business limit and he loaned money to almost every one on indifferent security. In addition to these failings, he evidently helped himself to other people's money without any compunctions of conscience. No doubt he was imposed upon greatly by Sedalia parties, and when the whole truth is known, others may be called upon to bear a part of blame and consequences of the failure.

#### "Jimmie" in Mexico.

Following is the Globe-Democrat's dispatch, dated "Mexico City, Mex., June 14":

Thompson, the defaulting cashier of the Sedalia bank, is in this city. He arrived here May 19, and is living at the Hotel Humboldt, under his own name. Your correspondent waited on him this afternoon to obtain a statement, but was courteously referred to his attorney, Mr. Kuhnert.

The latter gentleman was found at the offices of the Mutual Guarantee Fund, of which he is the vice president. Mr. Kuhnert is an American lawyer, whom Thompson has retained to defend his interests. He stated there was nothing whatever to conceal in Thompson's movements. He left Sedalia immediately after the closing of the doors of his bank to go to Washington and consult the comptroller of the currency, but no sooner had he started on his trip than the newspapers began a hue and cry, making such scandalous statements regarding him that he felt unable to bear the brunt of the responsibility alone. Accordingly, he changed his plans, and switched off the route, taking a train direct for Mexico. He assumed no disguise whatever, purchased his railroad tickets under his own name, and when he arrived here registered at the hotel under his own name. After thinking over the matter for

some days he consulted Mr. Kuhnert as to what he should do and the latter advised him to remain here quietly for a time and get the rest and release from mental strain that he so much needs.

He emphatically repudiated any wrong-doing in his connection with the bank. He says its failure was due solely to the great tidal wave of depression that swept over the land, and that his actions will bear the fullest investigation. If he is indicted by the grand jury his intention now is to return at once to Sedalia and stand his trial unless unforeseen circumstances arise. He will take no step, however, without the advice of Mr. Kuhnert, and the latter is watching every phase in the development of the case closely. If no indictment is brought against him he may remain here for some months until the storm has blown over and he has recovered his health, but he has no intention of permanently locating in Mexico.

#### Can He Be Extradited?

A question that is much discussed at present is, can Thompson be extradited from Mexico?

United States Attorney Walker informed the DEMOCRAT recently that there were no less than six specific charges against Thompson, one of which is a case of forgery.

Judge W. S. Shirk also stated Saturday that there was a case of forgery against the fugitive; and while he had not examined the extradition treaties, he labored under the belief that Thompson could be returned from Mexico if sufficient proof is produced to sustain the charge of forgery.

Embezzlement, misappropriation of funds, misapplication of funds, breach of trust and making false reports to the comptroller of the currency are not extraditable crimes, it is said, and so far as these particular charges are concerned Mr. Thompson need have no fear of the Mexican government surrendering him.

It is not necessary to wait for an indictment to be returned before Thompson is arrested and an effort made to extradite him, and if the government has not already taken steps in this direction its officials have been derelict in their duty.

## STATE FINANCES.

The Debt Being Rapidly Wiped Out and the State Credit First Class.

State Treasurer Lon V. Stephens will forward to the American Exchange National bank, of New York City, the state's fiscal agent, in a few days, his check for \$348,000, to take up \$162,000 6 per cent Hannibal and St. Joe renewal bonds, and \$186,000 of the state's 6 per cent funding bonds, due July 1st, 1894. He will also forward check for about \$130,000 to meet semi-annual interest due July 1st, next, on the state debt.

"On April 1st, last," said Treasurer Stephens, "I forwarded to American Exchange National bank, of New York, my check for \$66,000 to pay off 6 per cent bonds of the state, which matured on that date. This will make \$414,000 of our 6 per cent debt which we have paid off within the last six months. The constitution only requires the extinguishment of \$250,000 of our debt annually. On January 1st, next, \$409,000 more of our 6 per cent bonds mature, and there will be money enough in the sinking fund to pay them off also. When that amount is taken in there will be outstanding but \$521,000 6 per cent state bonds, and just as fast as they mature we will take them up. We understand times are a little hard and money is a little scarce in some portions of the United States, but not so in Missouri. Missouri is all right, and we will have after the July bonds are paid off, a balance in the treasury that will justify a payment to the school children of the state in August of about \$800,000.

"Our fiscal agent wrote me recently in the event that we did not have money enough to take in the 6 per cent bonds due July 1, they would gladly take them in and carry them for us at 3 1/2 per cent interest until such time as we were ready to cancel them. Missouri's reputation as a 'silver state' hasn't hurt her perceptibly in New York, as far as I can observe."

#### Something in the Wind.

Sheriff John C. Porter came out this morning from Sedalia and drove out south of town. There seems to be "something in the wind," but we're not on—Green Ridge Local News.

#### Pettis County is All Right.

M. M. Stevenson purchased a bunch of thirteen '04 lambs last week from Tom Collins, near Hagsheville, that will average 90 pounds. Who can beat them?

## SONS OF VETERANS.

The Encampment to Be Held Here Next Week.

### MANY VISITORS COMING.

A Grand Military Ball—Decorate Your Stores—The Committees Appointed.

All of the arrangements are about completed for the annual encampment of the Missouri division, Sons of Veterans, to be held in Sedalia June 25 and 26. Large delegations are assured from St. Louis, St. Joseph and Kansas City, while every portion of the state will be represented, and hundreds of visitors will be the guests of the city.

The members of the local camp have labored hard to make the meeting a success in every particular, and they would be glad to have the merchants decorate their respective places of business on Tuesday, the 26th, the day of the big parade.

Committees will meet all incoming trains, and on the night of the 26th a grand military ball will be given at Armory hall. The following committees have been appointed:

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Dan. Grow, chairman; W. J. Zimmerman, T. P. Berry, C. S. Dexter, J. E. Hieronymus, Jr., W. A. East, E. J. Smith, J. A. Capen, Dr. T. P. Bronson. COMMITTEE ON ENTERTAINMENT—Dr. Bronson, W. A. East, O. C. Zimmerman, G. L. Yost, John Goetze, J. H. Pilkington, H. H. Bronson, J. N. Evans, J. E. Hieronymus. COMMITTEE ON BALL—O. C. Zimmerman, John Goetze, J. H. Pilkington, Walter Grow, J. N. Evans, Sam. Lobenstein. FLOOR COMMITTEE—C. S. Dexter, W. J. Zimmerman, J. H. Pilkington, John Goetze, Dan. Grow, R. Lobenstein, J. E. Morrison, G. L. Yost. COMMITTEE ON BALL—G. L. Yost, Frank Sweet, J. E. Hieronymus, Ben. Yost, O. C. Zimmerman, J. N. Evans. RECEPTION COMMITTEE—H. H. Bronson, John Goetze, R. M. Ferguson, C. L. Ralston, W. J. Zimmerman, C. S. Dexter, J. E. Hieronymus, F. Sweet, B. Yost, E. Myers, Geo. A. Cook, J. H. Pilkington. DELEGATION COMMITTEE—O. C. Zimmerman, J. A. Capen, Gus Yost, H. H. Bronson, B. Yost, F. Sweet.

#### A Fiendish Crime.

Eighteen-year-old Vannie Throckmorton, living near Mexico, was ravished by an unknown man at 5 o'clock Friday evening. The man approached half dressed, with a sack over his head, and drew the girl from the road into a field and accomplished his purpose under threats of death. The man is supposed to be white. The whole neighborhood is in arms, and bloodhounds have been telegraphed for from Jefferson City and Louisiana. If captured, the villain will be summarily dealt with.

#### STORY IS EXPLODED.

The Sugar Trust Did Not Contribute to the Democratic Campaign Fund.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—The concluding testimony of Mr. Seales in the sugar investigation made public yesterday corroborates all that President Havemeyer said concerning campaign contributions. The testimony of these two men settles for all time the story that \$250,000 or any other sum was contributed to the democratic campaign fund. Both denied any knowledge whatever of such contributions, and the fact was clearly established that whatever contributions were made were for state campaigns, and that the dominant party received them.

Unless something sensational is developed by the proposed cross-examination of senators the issues so far as the senate and the sugar schedule are concerned has been made. It has been a serious disappointment to republicans and strengthened the position of the democrats.

#### Sample Wheat.

There will be a great deal of fine wheat raised in Pettis county this year, and the quality will be first class even if the total yield is not very large. The DEMOCRAT has received some splendid samples, one of bearded wheat grown by Mr. McNutt, who lives ten miles northwest of the city, and the smooth headed wheat grown by Voigt Bros., two miles north of Hughesville. The heads of both are large and well filled, and Mr. McNutt says the chinch bugs which were very numerous in the wheat two or three weeks ago have entirely disappeared and done very little if any damage.

#### All Right in Sedalia.

Sixty thousand dollars worth of real estate changed hands in Sedalia Saturday. That looks like times were all right in the thriving little Prairie city.

#### Written for the DEMOCRAT.

### THE VILLAGE DOCTOR.

As fancy pictures him—a trifle lame—"Twas soon forgot when once acquaintance came. Honest and firm, sincere with Christian grace, Humanity was written on his face. Kind to a fault, forbearing ever and he: He ne'er assumed—whatever he was, would be. Quick to resent a slight or studied wrong. A sharp rebuke, however on his tongue. Compassion ruled him most in later years. And pretty kindnesses moved him to tears. This sympathy was wondrous to behold. Abiding with deserving poor, and old. His bounties, large for him, were freely made. And comfort following, was amply paid. A knowledge had he of most human ills. Of saws and drugs, the art of making pills. A doctor he, and in the broadest way. When called he went, nor questioned as to pay. Among them, whom he moved for forty years, There's naught but love remains for him—and tears. When well they quickly spied him on the street. When sick he was the first they wished to greet. To them a benediction and a prayer. At attention all, nor shifted any care. Gently and good—he diagnosed their case. Disbled by their fears, installed him in their place. With boyish mirth their "blues" he'd chase away. With wholesome jokes and gibes in quick array. Hope, he'd restore in healing common ills. Believing much on it as on his pills. Believing Nature needed but a chance. Administrations made, but to enhance—But when determined on a sterner plan. Herod's summons—there was no braver man. To do what'er he thought to be the best. To bring relief, and give the needed rest. The little children of his favorite town. Are sure they never caught the Doctor's frown. They ever spied him promptly from their play. And stopped to hear what'er he had to say. To him, the greatest boon to man e'er given—Pointing to him on earth the way to heaven. The honest housewives of the neighborhood. Glad that he was so skilled and good. While fathers' round remember with what joy. They hailed his oft announcement—"It's a boy!" His pampered horse at him would nip in play. And, at the well-known footstep, loudly neigh. To birds and flowers, to nature, tuned was he: In rides at night, his light, his company. Rarely was lost, for, conscious of his might. Went by the stars, and knew they'd lead aright. While all who came in contact knew him. His real intrinsic worth few understood. Ambition urged, and knew he well could grace. He ne'er assumed 'till tendered the first place. His modesty oft kept his merits dark. But to the fore he'd gone, and made his mark. Like some bright orb that sweeps the vaulted skies. Lends kindly light, but ever onward flies. He shed his light to guide the feet of men—Lift up the way unto eternity again. Thus day by day his even course had run. For more than three score years and ten and one. When care and anxious doubt oppressed each friend. To see the good man close unto his end. His rule of life to him seemed closer pressed: "Patience was faith, and whispered 'Rest!'" The promise caught, and never seemed to tire. Lulled by the strains of a celestial choir: He least concerned of all around him drawn. Regretted most the being to go on. Trusting the Lord his tired soul to keep. With child-like faith the good man fell asleep. Chastened, he smilingly passed beneath the rod. And stood erect in presence of his God. Sedalia, Mo., June 9, 1894.

### PROMINENT TEXANS.

They Arrived in the City Friday Evening.

Governor James S. Hogg and a party of prominent Texans arrived in Sedalia Friday evening on the M., K. & T. en route east. They traveled in two special cars attached to No. 4, the northbound Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train.

The excursionists will make a tour of the north and east, on which Governor Hogg will make a number of addresses before various commercial bodies, societies and clubs, addressing the Tammany society in New York, July 4. The object of the trip is to benefit Texas by calling the attention of capitalists and investors to her resources. Governor Hogg's party, composed of capitalists and business men rather than politicians, is made up as follows: Mayor R. B. Paddock, of Fort Worth; Colonel R. B. Parrott, E. Rotan and W. D. Lacy, of Waco; George W. Breckinridge, Thomas H. Franklin and W. L. Barker, of San Antonio; F. E. Downs and W. A. Barclay, of Temple; W. B. Wortham and Walter Tips, of Austin; R. J. Kleberg, John Orr and H. H. Rowland, of Tyler; Heber Stone, of Brenham; H. H. Halsell, of Bonham; J. C. Dillard and J. W. Randolph, of Sherman, and Colonel John N. Simpson and W. H. Gaston, of Dallas.

#### Price of Missouri Land.

James Seibert, of the state auditor's office, who was in the city yesterday, reported the sale of a piece of farm property, which indicates that Missouri dirt is held in high esteem by intelligent farmers. A few days ago 240 acres off of a quarter section belonging to the Sterling Price farm, twelve miles south of Keytesville, Chariton county, was sold for \$140 an acre. The purchasers were two German farmers, William and Henry Brandt, who are highly pleased with their bargain.

#### Lamonte Items.

Homer Wade came in from Rowletta the first of the week.

There were three Sunday school picnics near here lately. On Saturday, the 9th, the M. E. church went out to the grove in front of the residence of L. T. Kirk, and on Tuesday the Christian, Baptist and Presbyterian Sunday schools went to the woods with well filled baskets.

#### Money to Lend.

We are again prepared to make loans of from one to five years on good farm securities, and at rates no higher than before the financial troubles. MOREY & CRAWFORD.

## THE "GAZETTE" SOLD.

It Went at Constable's Sale Saturday for \$111.45.

The material of the Gazette Printing Co. was sold at constable's sale at the office of the company at 10 o'clock Saturday morning, under an execution in favor of the Graham Paper Co., of St. Louis, for \$326.

There were less than a dozen persons present and only three bids were made by two persons.

Deputy Constable Barnett read the order of sale, which enumerated the articles to be sold, including press, type, engine, all the printing office paraphernalia, fixtures, safe, books, etc.

Chas. E. Veater, attorney for the plaintiff, then made a statement, setting forth that the sale was for cash and was subject to the following indebtedness: Two joint notes for \$2,268 and \$2,000, respectively, held by the First National bank and Dr. H. W. Wood; a mortgage for \$600 in favor of Marder, Luce & Co., of Chicago, and a mortgage for \$609 in favor of the American Type Foundry Co., of Chicago.

"Now make your bids, gentlemen," exclaimed Mr. Veater, and Dan Kennedy drew forth from his inside pocket \$4, but said not a word.

For a time a graveyard silence prevailed, but it was finally broken by Mr. Veater, who announced that he would bid \$100 for the property in behalf of the Graham Paper Co., his client.

Deputy Constable Barnett, as auctioneer, cried the bid aloud several times, when Justice A. D. Fisher chipped in, raising the bid to \$105.

This brought a second bid forth from Mr. Veater, it being \$111.45, which amount covered the costs in the case.

There were no further bids and the property was knocked down to Mr. Veater for \$111.45, subject to the indebtedness enumerated above, which aggregates \$5,577.

Mr. Veater announced that his bid was in behalf of the Graham Paper Co., and if any person desired to purchase the property it was for sale.

A. C. Baldwin, manager of the Gazette Printing Co., informed a DEMOCRAT reporter that the sale would not make any change in the personnel of the staff, he remaining as manager, with J. L. Thornton as manager of the advertising department.

## TRAILED A THIEF.

A Shot Gun and Some Clothing Quickly Recovered.

Chas. and James Rymer, of this city, returned Sunday from Fairfield, Benton county, where they had been on a hog-buying trip. In this capacity they rented a house and turned their hogs loose in the lot.

Friday night their house was broken into and a breech-loading shot gun, some shells and a coat and vest were taken. Suspicion rested upon Bud Wright, who was visited by the Messrs. Rymer and charged with the crime.

At first he denied it, but subsequently confessed and escorted the Rymer to the place where the stolen articles were concealed. The gun was found in the top of a tree, while half a mile distant the clothing and shells were found covered up with a lot of weeds. The thief was not arrested, notwithstanding he bears a bad reputation in the neighborhood where he lives.

#### The Court House Damaged.

During the wind storm Friday evening the heavy wooden plug that fills the aperture in the court house dome, which will some day be filled by a clock dial, was blown from its position. It fell with great force to the slate roof, tearing a hole five feet in diameter and also shattered a couple of rafters in the criminal court room. Janitor Smith felt certain that the millenium was at hand, and he has been congratulating himself ever since that it wasn't.

## The Celebrated French Cure.

Warranted to cure.

Is sold only by

POSITIVE GUARANTEE

to cure any form

of nervous dis-

ease or any dis-

order of the gen-

erative organs

of either sex

whether arising

from the excess

of use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or

through youthful indiscretion, over indul-

gence, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power,

Weakness, Backing down, Pain in the Back,

Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Pro-

stration, Nocturnal Emissions, Lumbago,

Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and

Empowerment, which if neglected often lead to

premature old age and insanity. Price \$1.00 a

box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Sent by mail on receipt

of price.

A WHITTEN GUARANTEE is given for

every \$5.00 order received, to refund the money

if a Permanent cure is not effected. Where

thousands of testimonials from old and young

of both sexes, who have been permanently

cured by the use of Aphrodite. Circulars

free. Mention paper, Address

THE AFRICAN MEDICINE CO.,

Western Branch, PORTLAND, OREGON.

P. O. Box 27.



## ABANDONED A BABE.

Was Left at J. M. Knaus' Home Tuesday Night.

## THE MOTHER IS NOT KNOWN

Found at Midnight. With a Sugar Teat In Its Mouth—Investigating the Case.

A baby boy, supposed to be about one week old, was left on the porch of James M. Knaus' residence, No. 1423 East Broadway, about midnight Tuesday night.

Mr. Knaus is a carpenter at the M., K. & T. shops, and at the hour stated was awakened by hearing the cries of an infant in close proximity to his sleeping apartment.

He left his bed to investigate, and found the child lying upon the porch. It's only garment was a sleeveless muslin slip, but a sugar teat had fallen from its mouth.

Mr. Knaus carried the child into the house and it was temporarily provided for. He then hastened to the nearest telephone and called Sheriff Porter, who was requested to loan his bloodhound for the purpose of trailing the party or parties who had abandoned the child.

Mr. Knaus was informed that the dog had never been trained, and hence it was decided not to use the animal, and the proposed search was given up.

There is nothing, so far as known, that will furnish a clue to the unnatural mother. This morning the babe was furnished with suitable clothing by Mrs. Henry Finch, but it has not yet been determined what disposition will be made of the infant, who is said to be a healthy, fine-looking child.

## WITNESSES WERE AFRAID.

Excitement at the Trial of Foster for Killing Judge Morgan.

WATER VALLEY, Miss., June 21.—At the opening of the court yesterday the stolen witnesses in the Foster case were the first to be put on the stand, having been found by the sheriff in charge of Detective Richardson, who was attempting to get them out of reach of the court. Pippin, the last of these introduced, asked the judge not to compel him to testify, because there was so much hostility manifested that he was completely intimidated. Being assured protection by the court, they testified and contradicted evidence of the state's principal witness. After this the defense closed and argument for the state was opened by I. T. Blount, followed by Buchanan and Mitchell. Col. J. A. Blair opened for the defense. The argument will close today.

Foster's counsel have been advised that if Foster is acquitted he will be killed. Richardson, the detective, has been placed under a \$2,000 bond to await the action of the grand jury.

### The Origin of It.

"It is many years now since the slang expression 'Who struck Billy Patterson?' was heard all over New York and Brooklyn," said Charles R. Judson, of New York, to a Globe-Democrat reporter yesterday. "Few people remember the origin of the expression, which was really the killing of a young man by sheer fright. Hazing at colleges was as rough then as now, and a common plan was to capture a new student, try him for some imaginary offense, condemn him to execution and then hold his head on a block while a blow was struck on the ground with the dull side of a hatchet. A student named William Patterson was caught and tried in this way and was led weeping and shouting to the block. He was then blindfolded and held down, told that his last day had come, and then the bogus blow was struck with a hatchet. His cries ceased instantly and when the students in alarm tore off his eye bandages and felt his pulse they discovered that he was dead. Several investigations were held to ascertain who struck the fatal blow, and it was because it was finally ascertained that no one ever struck Billy Patterson at all that the aggravating question referred to was shouted at every stranger by street boys, boot blacks and other juvenile nuisances."

## COULDN'T HELP IT.

The Court Agreed That These Girls Were Not to Blame for Dancing.

Carl Marwig, a New York teacher of dancing who was arrested by the Gerry society lately for permitting two of his pupils, Viola Dale and Anna Wilkes, to dance at a benefit performance at the Fifth avenue theater, made a novel defense in special sessions. Franklin J. Bischoff, Marwig's lawyer, said that his client had instructed the girls not to dance, but to pose. When they got on the stage and heard the dance music they could not restrain themselves. Their feet began to move in time to the music, and before they knew it they were dancing. Marwig called to them from the wings:

"Stop dancing! Just pose! You'll be arrested if you dance. Stop! Stop! Stop!"

But they couldn't stop until the music ended. The two little girls were brought to the court as witnesses, and, after they had been waiting nearly an hour for Superintendent Jenkins of the Gerry society to go on with the case, Mr. Bischoff protested to the court. He said it was an outrage for the Gerry society to bring these children to court and keep them waiting there where they would hear stories of crime and the examinations in criminal cases. He declared that such an experience as that was more injury to the girls than any dancing they might do.

Superintendent Jenkins said that his witnesses had not arrived. When the case was called Professor Marwig testified that the girls had danced contrary to his orders. Viola Dale testified that she had been ordered to pose.

"When I heard the dance music," she said, "I couldn't control myself. I had to dance."

Anna Wilkes said that her feet moved in spite of her when the orchestra began to play dance music.

Superintendent Jenkins could say nothing against such testimony. Marwig was acquitted. It would seem that the leader of the orchestra was the guilty man.

## THE VANDERBILT MILLIONS.

The Family Had to Establish a Bank of Its Own.

The care of the Vanderbilt millions is a far greater burden than most people imagine. There are not many citizens in our country who require a great bank of their own in which to transact their business and deposit their securities.

One of the largest banking buildings in the country is the Lincoln national bank, at Fifth avenue and Forty-second street. This belongs to the Vanderbilts. It holds millions of money and many more millions of securities which represent their wealth. After the elder Vanderbilt died, and his property had to be distributed among his children, it was no small task to go over the vast number of stocks and bonds he left and divide them up according to the provisions of the will. Nor was it a small matter to distribute the ready money that was in the bank.

This bank and its operators seem like a romance of our rapid civilization. In sentimental features nothing in Europe can compare with it. In no country on earth except this could such an institution exist under similar conditions. In no other land could a family have had as its financial servant a man who has been a cabinet minister. Yet when Thomas L. James ceased to be postmaster-general he anchored himself in the Lincoln national bank to count the money and sit as a grim figurehead upon the stool of the successful operations of one man.

### The Barber's Parrot.

Parrots are queer birds, and their owners sometimes teach them to say rather appropriate things. A drummer went into a barber shop in Chicago the other day, and as he entered the door a parrot, which hung in a cage by the window, called out in a perfectly natural tone: "Gentleman wants to be shaved." As soon as the barber completed the work, and he was on the point of leaving the chair, the bird again called out shrilly: "Gentleman, pay your money." The barber told him that the bird had got in the habit of saying these things whenever a customer entered the shop, and never got the two speeches mixed.

### An Unexpected Invitation.

"I merely called, madam," said the tramp at the back door, "to again express my thanks for that delicious piece of mince pie that you favored me with just seven weeks ago to-day. I remember it still as the best flavored and the most appetizing piece of pie that I ever ate in all my life. That is all that I wished to say, madam. Pardon me for troubling you. Good day!" And he acted as if he was surprised when she called him back and asked him if he wouldn't wait and try a piece of one of another batch of mince pies that she had just baked that day.

### Evidence All In.

Among some old papers in an Arkansas probate court was found a doctor's account for medical attendance during the last illness of the deceased. On the back the administrator had made the following indorsement: "This claim is not verified by affidavit as the statute requires, but the death of the deceased is satisfactory evidence to my mind that the doctor did the work. W—S—, Adm."

### He Did Not Forget the Season.

On the 24th of December, 1776, Captain Cook "made" Kerguelen Island, a desolate spot in the Antarctic sea. There he found a good harbor, which he explored carefully, and for that he arrived in it on Christmas day he gave it the name of Christmas harbor, which it bears even unto the present time.

## LIKE WEBSTER.

The Colored Barber's Compliment to the Young Congressman.

On his way back from Boston Colonel Hitchcock stopped over a few days in Washington, and while there he heard a good story. It is seldom that the jovial colonel goes anywhere without hearing a good story. This one was one of those old colored barbers so numerous at the capital—ex-slaves who have been there for years and claim to have scraped the faces of every president and statesman from George Washington's time.

One of these old fellows was announcing the smooth countenance of a newly-fledged congressman with creamy lather which he quietly rubbed into the skin with his slow hand. He was talkative, like all the barbers of his race, and anxious to "jolly" the new arrival, seeing in perspective a fresh and regular patron. So he gazed admiringly into the countenance of the budding statesman, grinned approvingly, and said:

"Do you know, sah, you remind me so much of Dan'l Webster?"

Of course the young congressman was greatly pleased at the compliment and he smiled visibly. He would have straightened up promptly did he not have his head in a barbarous chancery, so to speak.

"Indeed," he said, "Shape of my head, I suppose?"

This staggered the aged colored man somewhat. He had not expected a question in reply, and had merely laid the foundation for his complimentary bluff, never thinking that there would be a call for an explanatory substructure.

"No, sah," he stammered in reply. "Not yo' head, sah. It's yo' breff."

## LEFT IT TO THE DOG.

A Quick-Witted Newsboy's Way of Sensing Home a Lost Child.

There was a crowd on Fourth avenue, New York, the other day. It was gathered about a little girl and a dog.

There were a couple of policemen, a half-dozen women and a dozen men. The little girl was lost. The policeman knew it, the women knew it, the crowd knew it, and the little girl herself knew it. Now the problem everyone was trying to solve was where the little girl belonged. Neither the policeman, the women, the crowd nor the little girl knew.

"Where do you live?" asked a policeman.

The little girl looked up in a frightened way and shook her head.

"Poor little dear—where does your mother live?" asked one of the women, thinking to get at the problem in a round-about way. Still the little girl shook her head. Finally a newsboy appeared on the scene. He eyed the assemblage contemptuously.

"Here," he said to the dog, "go home, sir." Off started the dog, the little girl hanging on to his shaggy coat and the crowd following behind. Down Fourth avenue a few blocks, around the corner straight into the arms of an anxious woman who looked half frightened to death, and who took the little girl in her arms and hugged and kissed her. The dog went quietly into the house, the newsboy disappeared, the policeman and crowd went away, and it was all over.

TOO ARTISTIC TO HAGGLE.

Worth's Haughty Reply to a Patron Who Questioned His Prices.

Every man has his price, though it is, in the case of renowned persons, occasionally high. No one understands this better than Worth, the man milliner, as any person who wears his creations can vouch for. A good story is told of how one misguided woman ventured to remonstrate with him because he charged her \$500 for a dress, which at first sight seems to ordinary people an expensive gown.

"The goods," said the lady, "could be bought for \$100, and surely the work of making up would be well paid for with \$25 more."

"Madam," replied the outraged tailor, "go to M. Constant, the painter, and say to him: 'Here is a canvass and colors, value \$1. Paint me a picture on that canvass with these paints and I will pay you thirty-three and a third cents.' What would be the answer? 'Madam, this is no payment for an artist.' No, but I say more. If you think my terms are too high keep the dress and pay me nothing. Art does not descend to the pettiness of haggling."

History does not record the lady's reply.

Truth Spoken in Jest.

Baron Ferdinand Rothschild tells an amusing story about the late Lord Hertford. He lived in Paris during the last twenty years of his life, and as he usually went to bed very late, his valet was under the strictest orders not to disturb him in the morning. "You may call me at 8 if there is a revolution," was the command, "not otherwise." By this his lordship probably meant that he was not to be aroused at all. On the morning of the 24th of February, 1848, however, he was called at 8. "What's wrong?" he grumbled: "Is there a revolution?" "Yes, my lord, there is," the valet replied. This was the fact. It was then that Louis Philippe, the citizen king, fled from Paris and found refuge in England, where he died.

Hadn't Guessed the Right Name.

Kathleen had been put out to service, and Mrs. Berry liked the rosy face of the young Irish girl. One day Kathleen was sent on an errand to town. She was longer than usual, and Mrs. Berry stood on the porch as she came through the field. Kathleen was happy, and Mrs. Berry observed: "Why, Kathleen, what a rosy, happy face. You look as if the dew had kissed you." Kathleen dropped her eyes and murmured: "Indeed, mum, but that wasn't his name."

# The Excitement

Created by the Great, Grand and Gigantic

## Sacrifice Sale

THAT we inaugurate this week and continue until July 1st, will be intense. 15c Latest Style Wash Fabric, to be closed out at the ridiculously low price of 7 1/2-c a yard, and hundreds of other bargains in the different departments at prices to harmonize with above. Call early in the sale to secure first choice. Prices not duplicated after lots advertised are sold.

- WASH FABRICS.**

The price-cutter got in his work here and as a result we place before our customers a complete assortment of fine Cotton Fabrics at about one-half of actual value.

What do you think of this?

7 1/2c Will buy choice of a line of 32-in. Printed Madras in beautiful patterns. Sixth stripe Ondine, Boudins and Figured Batistes, that would be considered good value at 12 1/2 to 15c a yard. Remember our price just 7 1/2c a yard.

12 1/2c Will buy choice of a line of fine Zephyr, Gingham, Duck, Suitings, in dainty patterns, dots or stripes, 36-inch Penns and Indian Omities—worth in each instance from 15c to 20c a yard.

5c About twenty pieces Fancy Stripes, 36-inch Penns and Indian Omities—worth 10c to 12 1/2c—we sacrifice the entire line at 5c a yard.

3 1/2c Beautiful patterns in printed Cotton Challies, light grounds—others sell at 5c—our reduced price 3 1/2c a yard.

15c At this price we are showing a line of Black Organdies with lace stripe worth 25c a yard.
- WOOL DRESS GOODS.**

Values and prices that will show you where the bargains are.

18c A line of handsome Wool-filling Challies, the prettiest of all light wool dress materials, in light shades only. Former price 25c, reduced price, just 18c a yard.

49c A beautiful variety of all wool Imported 5/2 Challies, to be given away at 49c a yard.
- SPECIAL VALUES IN WHITE GOODS.**

About twenty pieces Nainsooks, 5c worth from 10c to 12 1/2c a yard, June sale price just 5c a yard.

10c A line of Linens, former price 15c a yard, to be sacrificed at 10c a yard.

12 1/2c Dotted Swiss, worth 20c a yard, 12 1/2c, a grand bargain at 12 1/2c a yard.

25c A line of 40c Imported Mulls, marked down to 25c a yard.
- BARGAINS IN MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.**

A line of Corset Covers and Drawers, worth 35c to 50c, to be sacrificed at 25c.

48c Trimmed with Cambric ruffle and cluster of tucks, worth 75c, reduced price 48c.

79c Fine Muslin Night Gowns, yoke of embroidery and fine tucks, worth \$1.00, a big bargain at 79c.
- Low Prices in Laces and Embroideries.**

We carry a full line of Net, Top Bourdon, Point d'Ireland and Venice Laces and Insertions ranging in price 5c, 8 1/2c, 12c, 25c up to \$1.00 a yard. Hamburg, Swiss and Colored Embroideries in a large variety of patterns and at greatly reduced prices.
- GENTS' FURNISHINGS**

At greatly reduced prices.

25c Men's Bathing Shirts, worth 40c

50c A big bargain at 25c—Men's Fine French Balbriggan Shirts, all sizes, worth 75c, reduced to 50c.

48c Men's Unlaundered Linen Bosom Shirts, splendid value at 48c.

15c Men's Fast Black or Colored Half-Hose, worth 25c, your choice for 15c a pair.
- MONEY-SAVERS IN LACE CURTAINS**

67c Nottingham Lace Curtains, sold early in the season for \$1.00—we give you choice for 67c a pair.

\$1.45 Brussels effect Curtains, worth \$2.25, reduced price \$1.45 a pair.

\$2.25 Beautiful Imported design Curtains, extra length and width, former price \$3.50—reduced price \$2.25 a pair.

Poles and Picturals free with each pair of Curtains at \$1.00 and upwards.
- SPLendid VALUES IN PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS**

90c Ladies' fine Satine Parasols, worth \$1.00, marked down to 90c.

\$1.35—Gloria Silk Parasols, with hand-handles, worth \$1.75—Special price \$1.35.

\$3.00—Silk Parasols in black, brown and navy, natural wood or Dresden ball handles, reduced from \$4.50 to \$3.00.
- SPECIAL IN CORSETS**

48c Just opened up a case of Warner Bros' Summer Corsets and marked them down to 48c each.

Be on hand early to secure choice of the grandest line of bargains ever offered in Sedalia. You will find just what you need and just as advertised.

FRANK B. MEYER & BRO.,  
Grand Central, 304-306 OHIO STREET.

## A SHAMEFUL STORY.

Brutal Treatment of Miners in the Territory.

## CRUEL BEYOND BELIEF.

Women Fearfully Maltreated and Driven From Their Homes by the Soldiers.

FORT SMITH, Ark., June 21.—Details of the horrible state of affairs existing in the mining region of the Indian territory have been brought to this city by evicted miners, a number of whom arrived yesterday. The stories they tell of oppression, hardship and cruelty to themselves, their wives and children by the deputy marshals and federal troops are similar to those which sometimes come from Siberia.

The men say that when it became apparent that they could not earn a living at the reduced rate of wages and starvation was staring them and their families in the face, power was given the deputy marshals to eject them from the company houses and the work of eviction began. Many of the men were thrown bodily from their homes, their wives and children beaten and bruised and their furniture and personal effects destroyed, after which they were loaded into box cars like cattle and shipped out of the territory.

The stories of brutality told by the men from the Hartshorne district are revolting in the extreme. August Smith, one of the Hartshorne miners, says that troops came to his house and arrested him. They would not allow him to put on his shoes and coat, and refused to let the family eat breakfast. The soldiers threw his furniture into a wagon and then asked Smith's wife if she wanted to go.

"No," she said: "I have worked for this home and if I leave you will have to shoot me."

"The house was built by me and belonged to me," said Smith, "though I had no legal title to it. The commander ordered the privates to put my wife and five children out. They jumped at her, one of

them pulling a knife, and took the babe from her breast. Then four or five dragged her out and threw her head first into the wagon. We were then carted to the station and put in the box car with dozens of others. Most of the miners' families were thrown out early into the morning into a driving rain, and no time was given them to dress or eat breakfast. In one instance a family of four were evicted near Anderson. The wife of the miner was struck over the head with a Winchester and severely maltreated by the soldiers. The woman was in a delicate state of health at the time and while being carted to the railroad station gave premature birth to a child. She is in a critical condition and may die."

## BRIDGE BURNERS.

They are Held to Appear on the 28th of This Month.

J. R. Poor and Robert Johnson were arrested at Bevier Wednesday, charged with burning the Hannibal and St. Joseph bridge over the Chariton river on the night of June 11. They were taken to Macon, this afternoon by Sheriff J. W. White, but were released on \$1,500 bond to appear for preliminary examination on the 28th of this month.

Neither of the men are miners. Poor owns a number of tenement houses. The men were arrested on the evidence of J. W. Thomas, who stated that on the night of the 11th Poor and Johnson came by his home and endeavored to persuade him to accompany them to the bridge. He refused. On their way back, he says, they again stopped and stated that they had burned the bridge.

## WILL PLAY SUNDAY.

The Washington Base Ball Club Will be Here That Day.

Secretary Randolph, of the Sedalia ball club, received a telegram last night from the manager of the club at Washington, Mo., accepting Sedalia's proposition for a game to be played here on Sunday afternoon next.

The Washington team is one of the strongest in the state and recently "laid it all over" the Jefferson City club. The nine is said to include a semi-professional battery,

and if the Sedalia's expect to win they must put up a gilt edged order or ball.

The game will be called promptly at 4 o'clock p. m.

### Jim Denies the Charge.

Jim Churchill denies that he took May Music out riding Tuesday afternoon, as charged by Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Bradford in yesterday's DEMOCRAT.

Jim says the girl is not a sister of Mrs. Bradford, as the latter claims—in fact, bears no blood relationship whatever. He further claims that May has been mistreated by the Bradfords, and because she appealed to him as an orphan and a friend is the reason, he says, that the Bradford's had him written up.

### A Gauzy Story Exploded.

L. B. Nease, who was charged with having burglarized W. T. Murphy's residence, was discharged in Justice Blair's court last evening, after the evidence had been heard. And thus was another of the Gazette's scare heads sent to join the "dead man lying by the roadside east of town."

## OUR STORE

AIN'T A TEN-ACRE LOT!

No! no! It is nothing more or less than the biggest thing in Sedalia or Central Missouri in the music line—and, well! yes! we say it—we are selling more goods, getting in more cash, more goods sold on monthly payments, and much more all round solid business than all the other music houses in Sedalia combined or separate. Freight bills talk—drafts and remittances are mighty good evidence and we are not running any *Ananias racket* or *Bluffing*. We simply do the business, and we do it right on the square. Our expenses are simply awful, so the other fellows say. Well, they are awful. Awful small for the amount of our business—and the fun of it is our expenses are paid in cash. We have no time for tummy business—life is too short, so we put in our time, our best licks, and all we weigh or measure in height, length, breadth or muchness, attending to business at

Sharp's . . .  
CENTRAL-MISSOURI MUSIC HOUSE.  
No. 406 Ohio Street, Sedalia, Mo.